



SELF STUDY REPORT

Volume - I

UNIVERSITY PROFILE & CRITERION I to VII

December - 2014

TAMIL UNIVERSITY

THANJAVUR 613 010

TAMIL NADU

SELF STUDY REPORT

For Assessment and Reaccreditation by NAAC



Tamil University
Thanjavur 613010, TamilNadu

December 2014

NAAC SELF-STUDY REPORT
Volume - I

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PREFACE

I deem it a privilege, as the Vice-Chancellor, to present the *Self Study Report* to NAAC for the Reassessment and Reaccreditation process of this *Unique Place of Research and Learning*, the **Tamil University**. The University is unitary in its kind. It is an honour to project the achievements and special features of Tamil University which is located in Thanjavur, a heritage centre of Tamil Nadu known for its famous 1000 year old World Heritage monument, the Brihadeeswara Temple.

The Tamil University was established at Thanjavur, on 15th September 1981. The very aim of the University is to promote research on the various aspects of Tamil Language, History, Art, Culture and all of science areas.

When the University was started, it was solely meant for the advancement of research on Tamilology. In 1992, research degrees, viz. M.Phil. and Ph.D. were introduced. After 2001, in order to serve the requirements of the students hailing from rural as well as urban areas, the University started PG Degree courses, and also a few specialized diploma and certificate courses. The University also aims to utilize the Tamil Language as an effective medium for offering the courses of Science and Technology.

The thrust areas of research are associated with the fields of arts, culture, music, dance, drama, paintings, sculpture, architecture, literature, grammar, linguistics, history, religion, philosophy, geography, soil sciences, astronomy, navigation and shipping, astrology, Siddha medicine, engineering sciences and handicrafts.

I am pleased to inform that various Departments of this University have completed 175 research projects (**Rs. 465.994 lakhs**) during the assessment period and 38 research projects are in progress, after the first accreditation by NAAC, projecting the potential of this University to excel in research. Most of these research findings are published by the University benefiting the students, scholars and society. After the earlier NAAC's accreditation in 2007, the Publication department of Tamil University has published 99 books of advanced research. Besides, the faculty members have published 186 books, 3 monographs and edited 125 books and journals during the assessment period.

After the historically significant **World Classical Tamil Conference** held in the year 2010, the **Centre for World Classical languages** has been established at Tamil University, under the auspices of UGC grants. The centre has published so far three volumes on the Classical works of Tamil and Sanskrit, Chinese and Greek.

Publication of the entire volumes of **Compendium of Sangam literature** which was long due over two decades, projects on **Historical Atlas of South India**, **Digitization of Modi Manuscripts at Tamil University** and the establishment of **ETD lab at Tamil University Library** are some of the development features in the field of research.

The University has been accredited (Cycle 1: 424, 31/03/2007) by NAAC for its credentials. The University viewed positively and constructively the critical inputs of the NAAC and in this regard, I am to state that the University has implemented most of the recommendations suggested during the earlier accreditation. The Strength, Weakness, Opportunities and Challenges have been identified and appropriate measures are in progress to further strengthen this University to the level of University with the Potential for Excellence.

I place on record my sincere indebtedness to all the academic and administrative staff and student community for their cooperation, support and contribution in preparing this comprehensive self-study report. The efforts of the NAAC Steering Committee have to be appreciated.

Tamil University focuses its attention to achieve all round excellence in the context of global changes and challenges. After due scrutiny of the Self Study Report, the valuable suggestions to be given by NAAC Peer Review committee are to be implemented for the further development and progress of the University.

Thanjavur
01.12.2014

M. THIRUMALAI
Vice-Chancellor

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Tamil University, a unitary type of University, was established at Thanjavur, on 15th September 1981. The very aim of the University is to promote research on the various aspects of Tamil Language, History, Art, Culture and all of science areas.

Initially, when the University was started, it was solely meant for the advancement of research on Tamilology. In 1992, research degrees viz. M.Phil. and Ph.D. were introduced. After 2001, in order to serve the requirements of the students hailing from rural as well as urban areas, the University started PG Degree courses and a few specialized diploma and certificate courses. The University also aims to utilize the Tamil Language as an effective medium for offering the courses of Science and Technology.

The thrust areas of research are associated with the fields of arts, culture, music, dance, drama, paintings, sculpture, architecture, literature, grammar, linguistics, history, epigraphy, archaeology, culture, religion, philosophy, geography, soil sciences, astronomy, navigation and shipping, astrology, Siddha medicine, engineering sciences and handicrafts.

The University has 26 academic departments and four research centres/projects. The University has a Library, and a Museum. The University has a vast campus covering about 824.0 acres and has a Herbal Garden.

I. Faculty of Arts	1	Department of Sculpture
	2	Department of Music
	3	Department of Drama
II. Faculty of Manuscriptology	4	Department of Palm-leaf Manuscripts
	5	Department of Rare-paper Manuscripts
	6	Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology
	7	Department of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology
III. Faculty of Developing Tamil	8	Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries
	9	Department of Translation
	10	Department of Lexicography
	11	Department of Social Science
	12	Department of Scientific Tamil and Tamil Development
	13	Department of Education and Management

IV. Faculty of Languages	14	Department of Literature
	15	Department of Linguistics
	16	Department of Philosophy
	17	Department of Tribal Research
	18	School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature
	19	Department of Folklore
V. Faculty of Sciences	20	Department of Siddha Medicine
	21	Department of Ancient Sciences
	22	Department of Industries and Earth Sciences
	23	Department of Architecture
	24	Department of Computer Science
	25	Department of Environmental and Herbal Science
	26	Department of Library and Information Sciences
VI. Centres, Projects and other Units	a.	Advanced Centre for World Classical Languages
	b.	Greater Tamil Lexicon
	c.	Encyclopaedia Centre
	d.	Pure Tamil Dictionary
	e.	Museum
	f.	Audio Visual Centre
	g.	V.I.Subramoniom Library
	h.	Publication Department
	i.	Siddha Medicine Out-patient Clinic
	j.	Red Ribbon Club
	k.	NSS Programme
	l.	Directorate of Distance Education
	m.	Remedial coaching classes for SC/ST/OBC students
	n.	Coaching Classes for entry into services for SC/ST/OBC students
	o.	Coaching Classes for SLET/NET for SC/ST/OBC students

CRITERION I: CURRICULAR ASPECTS

The Tamil University primarily focuses on research activities, and offers several research programmes and a few PG courses. Currently 24 departments offer Ph.D programmes, 22 departments offer M.Phil, courses and 10 departments offer Masters (PG) courses. However, there has been a decrease in demand for the Masters courses and only two Masters (PG) courses are offered from the year 2013-14. The demand for the M.Phil., and Ph.D. courses is more when compared to the PG courses. The B.Ed. and M.Ed. courses have a higher demand when compared to other courses. During the last four years M.Ed. course and PG Diploma in Coastal Ecosystem and GIS (under the UGC Innovative Scheme) were introduced in the Tamil University.

The curricula at Tamil University are unique and innovative. They are interdisciplinary in nature and in commensurate with the objectives of the concerned department. The curricula of the University are designed in such a manner to suit and reflect the vision and mission of the University, and also to meet the changing needs of the society and to empower the students with necessary practical skills. Most of the curricula of the programmes of Tamil University have incorporated the guidelines of regulatory bodies like UGC and Tamil Nadu State Council for the Higher Education (TANSCHE). Syllabi formation and revision are done with a national level vision. Tamil University interacts with industry, research bodies and the civil society in the curriculum revision process. The Board of Studies of most of the departments include experts from industry/artists/professionals/artisans and seek their expertise in restructuring the curricula.

The students in the arts and language faculty are exposed to seminar events, lectures, field training, and practical activities to acquire necessary skills, and to excel in their specialized areas. With regard to science faculty, the students are trained at the industries at least once in a year.

B.Ed. and M.Ed. courses are the only programmes offered through self-financing mode. All PG programmes follow CBCS system. Once in 3 years, curricula are revised and upgraded for enabling the students to gain up-to-date knowledge in the emerging research area.

CRITERION II: TEACHING-LEARNING AND EVALUATION

The process of admission to Tamil University's programmes is conducted in a transparent manner and according to the guidelines of the government agencies. Applications for

admissions to PG, M.Phil., and Ph.D. courses are invited through advertisements in the leading national newspapers. Selection is made through Entrance Test/Qualifying Marks/Interview/Counseling. The entire admission process in the departments of Tamil University is monitored by the Admission Monitoring Committee constituted by the University, comprising the Dean, Head of the Department, and faculty members of the concerned department.

Since the University focuses on research activities and is equipped with a well-managed library and undertakes research projects and organizes numerous seminars and workshops, the students of the Tamil University get opportunity to receive the latest developments, skills and practical training in their area of studies. Students are trained in computer skills, and special attention is given to slow learners. Teachers use IT-enabled methods as well as conventional methods for imparting academic skills to the students. Field visits and site study programmes are also organized according to the needs.

The evaluation is based on internal assessment and an external examination system. The skills of the students are evaluated through interim tests, practical, seminars and assignments. Slow learners are given special attention, and remedial courses are offered to the PG Students. Systematic guidance is given to the doctoral students and the progress of doctoral students is monitored.

Some of the University Departments have only a few faculty members due to the retirement of senior staff members. The University is in the process of recruiting new faculty members.

CRITERION III: RESEARCH, CONSULTANCY AND EXTENSION

The main thrust area of Tamil University covers high-level research and publications for the benefit of the researchers and the public. The University constantly encourages the individual teachers and departments to undertake research projects. Tamil University administration promotes the timely release of funds, pre-auditing and submission of utilization certificate to the funding agencies for the smooth implementation of research projects. Most of the departments of the Tamil University are unique and multidisciplinary in nature. Multidisciplinary research activities are given due importance.

Various interdisciplinary research projects in collaboration with different national institutions such as Central Institute of Indian Languages (Mysore), Saraswathi Mahal Library (Thanjavur), SASTRA, National Institute of Technology, and funded by ICHR, CSIR,

ICMR, ICSSR, DST and other institutions are being carried out. Department of Industry and Earth Science has been functioning as a Nodal Agency of the Ministry of Earth Sciences for Beach Placer Mineral studies evaluation. Many collaborative research works at the national level have been carried out by the faculty members of various departments including the Department of Siddha Medicine, Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology, Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries. As part of this collaboration, eminent scholars from all over India visited the University departments, providing academic exposure to the PG and doctoral students through seminars, lectures, training programmes in computer applications etc.

The Historical Atlas of South India Project was jointly undertaken with generous funding from the **Ford Foundation of India**. Tamil University jointly undertook this project in collaboration with the French Institute of Pondicherry, MG University (Kottayam), Mangalore University and Central University of Hyderabad. The School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature collaborates with **Volkswagen Foundation**, Germany. The joint project aims to study the Endangered Languages (Kurumba and Chola Nayakkan). The **Government of Maharashtra** sponsored a project for documenting and digitizing the Modi manuscripts through funding (Rs.) 1.33 crore during 2013-14.

The faculty members of the University have carried out 175 research projects during the past seven years, and 38 projects are in progress. In 2013-14, many research projects were completed with the financial support from the Government of Tamil Nadu. Tamil University organized many seminars and workshops. Tamil University coordinated with the research activities of the World Classical Tamil Conference organized by the Government of Tamil Nadu in 2010. In addition, the University organized 136 conferences and seminars. A total of 49 workshops/ training programmes and 6 refresher courses were conducted during the seven year period (2007-2014).

Publication of research works, popular texts, and reference books such as encyclopaedias and dictionaries forms one of the important activities of the Tamil University. During the past seven years, the University has published 99 books. The University publishes two journals one in Tamil, *Tamil Kalai* and, another in English, *Tamil Civilization*. The faculty members have published 425 papers in journals, 691 chapters in books and 276 web articles. The faculty members have edited 125 books, and published 186 books and 3 monographs. They also serve in the editorial boards of National and International Journals.

During the period from 2007 to 2014, 512 scholars were awarded Ph.D. The average number of Ph.D. degrees awarded, per faculty member per year, is 0.88; the range is between 0.58 in the year 2008-09 and 1.22 in the year 2012-13. During the same period, 1926 scholars

were awarded M.Phil. degrees. The average number of M.Phil. degrees awarded per faculty member per year is 3.30; the range is between 1.87 in the year 2010-11 and 4.26 in the year 2007-08.

There is no structured consultancy offered by the University, as its main area of research remains to be the study of humanities and social sciences. However, free consultancy and advisory services are provided by the University in the following areas of research. Assistance for the researchers in analyzing and diagnosing of parameter-related to health and medicine is offered by the Department of Siddha Medicine; geological and hydrological consultancy is offered by the Department of Industries and Earth Sciences; identification of musical rāgas and instruments for the research projects of students is offered by the Department of Indian Music; identification of the period of temples and their sculptures is undertaken by the Departments of Architecture and Sculptures; assistance in writing local history of villages, towns, temples and monuments, and assistance in reading and deciphering inscriptions is offered by the Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology; support in reading and conserving palm leaf and Rare-paper manuscripts is provided by the Departments of Palm-leaf Manuscripts and Rare-paper Manuscripts; consultancy in digital documentation and IT related areas are offered by the Department of Computer Sciences; and video documentation of the traditional pearl fishing has been undertaken by the Department of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology. Expert advice was offered for setting up archaeological museum at School of Social Sciences, M.G. University, Kottayam in Kerala by the faculty members of the University. The School of Indian Languages and Comparative literature is engaged in teaching Tamil to IAS and IPS probationary officers who are non-Tamils.

One faculty member received **Presidential Award** for undertaking research in Classical Tamil, in the year 2010, and another faculty member received **Muttutandavar Award** for the best book on Tamil music in 2013.

In the arena of public outreach, the Tamil University has undertaken several programmes. The faculty members deliver lectures in seminar programmes aimed to sensitize the students and the research scholars in many parts of India. Tamil University organizes Tamil art and culture competitions in the field of music for the school and college students at state level. The Yoga Centre of the University offers training in Yoga practice to the public. This centre has offered special training to the inmates of *Juvenile Home at Thanjavur*. Lectures and exhibitions on Tamil heritage and culture are organized annually by the University departments. Environmental and wildlife conservation programmes are

conducted by the department of Environmental and Herbal Science. As part of social health awareness programme, free daily consultancy service is provided to patients attending Siddha Clinical unit. Health awareness camp and Blood donation and eye donation camps have been organized by the NSS unit. First-aid programmes are organized by Red Ribbon Club. AIDS awareness programmes are organized by Social Sciences Department. Red Ribbon Club and Red Cross Society are organizing health awareness programmes. The University professors act as resources persons for various seminars, conferences and workshops offered in different parts of India.

CRITERION IV: INFRASTRUCTURE AND LEARNING RESOURCES

The University has adequate space for its academic and administrative activities. Each department has separate space for the staff members, classrooms, and research students. The University has one administrative complex and three academic building complexes. Two new complexes are to be opened in 2015, and additionally, two more complexes have been approved by the Tamil Nadu government, and they are expected to be completed shortly.

The University has six seminar halls, viz., “Karikalchozhan Kalai Arangam” with a seating capacity for 1000 persons, a conference Hall in the Language Faculty with a capacity for 160 persons, a Seminar Hall in the library premises with a capacity of 230 persons, and a Senate Hall (200 persons) and a Syndicate Hall (50 persons). The Faculty Guest House has a seminar hall with seating capacity for 60 persons. There are two open air-theaters for the performance of traditional arts and drama.

The University has a main library and each department has its own departmental library with sufficient books and journals. Photocopy facility and generator facilities are available in the University. Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Studies has Athikumanan Library which has a collection of books of Tamil writers from Singapore, Mauritius, Fiji, Sri Lanka, Canada, Germany and Malaysia. This library is highly useful for the research scholars undertaking research on the development of Tamil in foreign countries. The University has adequate drinking water facility, gymnasium, a playground and restroom facilities.

The University has an animal house, a herbal garden, and three laboratories fully equipped with modern scientific equipments to promote research activities. Archaeological research equipment (including Underwater Diving apparatus) is available. The University has a separate museum in the Thanjavur Palace complex (of the Nayaka and Maratha period)

with more than 3500 antiquities. Public visit this museum and researchers also visit the museum for collecting data related to their research work.

The University has four hostels for men and women, provided with safe drinking water, kitchen and dining hall facilities. Bank of India has opened branch office within the Tamil University campus, and 24 hr ATM facility is available and a separate Post-Office is located within the campus. The University has a free facility for the transport of students within the campus, so that they can attend the classes and seminars on time. The University has two mini-buses, which are also used for site visits and study tours. The University is well connected with Thanjavur bus-stand.

New constructions have been undertaken to improve the infrastructure. As mentioned earlier, a new complex in the shape of Tamil letter (alphabet) "DU" has been constructed (area 1593 sq m) and it will be opened for housing the departments under the Developing Tamil faculty in 2015. Another complex in the shape of Tamil letter (alphabet) "Mi" is under construction (area 1938 sq m) for the departments under science faculty. It will also be opened in 2015. The Government of Tamil Nadu has approved Rs. 15 crores for the construction of two complexes (in the shape of Tamil letter "Na" and "Ta"), which would cover an area of about 2788 sq m and 1840 sq m, respectively, for the Faculty of Arts and Faculty of Manuscriptology.

Desktop computers and Internet facility are available in many of the departments for teaching and research activities. Many of the departments have LCD projectors and laptop computers for the purpose of teaching. Separate lap-top computers have been given to all the departments, exclusively for the use of research students. A Herbal Garden (5 acres) is maintained within the Tamil University campus. It is being renovated and expanded as part of enhancing the research resources of the University. A Heritage Museum is proposed on the campus of the Tamil University to improve teaching and research activities, and also for creating heritage awareness among the public. A proposal for Soft-Skill Centre has been sent to the Government under the RUSA scheme. On the campus, local transportation is provided to the students and staff members of the University, since the campus covers a large area.

The University has the following research laboratories and facilities equipped with scientific instruments: Language Lab (School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature), Phonetic Lab (Dept. of Linguistics), Bio-Chemistry Lab (Dept. of Siddha Medicine), Quality Control Lab (Dept. of Siddha Medicine), Microbiology Lab (Dept. of Siddha Medicine), Environmental Research Laboratory (Dept. of Environmental & Herbal

Sciences), Industries and Earth Sciences Laboratory, Survey and Excavation Equipments (Epigraphy & Archaeology), Under water Diving Equipments (Dept. of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology) and Computer Lab (Dept. of Computer Science).

The Computer Science Department has a computer lab with 25 computer terminals and one server, and an ETD lab at the library. WiFi is available in the main complex and the University proposes to extend the WiFi facility to all the departments. Fiber Optic cable has been laid in the University campus for faster data transfer and connectivity through National Knowledge Network (NKN). A technical assistant has been appointed by the University to look into the IT related services of the faculty. The University supplies hardware and software required for the academic activities of the departments. An FM Radio Station (91.2 MHz) functions at Tamil University and this station helps to create awareness among the public on various issues and disseminates information about the activities of the Tamil University.

CRITERION V: STUDENT SUPPORT AND PROGRESSION

The University offers support to the students in undertaking their studies as well as in choosing career options. As the University focuses on higher level research it has more students pursuing doctoral research than the M.A. and M.Sc. courses.

The University has well equipped hostels and green landscapes. Laptop and internet facilities are extended to the students to support their learning activities. Information on various fellowships and scholarships are offered to the students. Seminar and conference announcements and notifications are also supplied to the students and they are encouraged to attend seminars and present papers. Assistance is also offered to the preparation of research papers and abstracts.

Special coaching is being offered for SC, ST, OBC and Minority students for NET exams, IAS and other Competitive exams. Career Guidance and Counseling cell, SC and ST student cell and Student Grievance Redressal Cell of the University offer support to the students. The University teachers offer personal counseling to the students. Spoken English classes are arranged and computer literacy is included as part of the PG and M.Phil. courses. Special coaching is arranged for slow learners. The University has produced many first generation Post-graduates and doctorates.

CRITERION VI: GOVERNANCE, LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENTThe main objective of the Tamil University is to further the advancement of high level learning and research on the various aspects of Tamil language, literature and culture. The focus is on excellence in all fields of knowledge for the benefit of all including the ordinary citizens.

The **Motto** of the Tamil University is "Uḷḷuvattellām Uyarvuḷḷal" meaning "Aim High". The Syndicate, Senate and Planning Board govern the University according to the bylaws and the regulations of the Government of Tamil Nadu and the UGC.

The University seeks to create responsible citizens in the age of globalization. The distinctive character of the University is to aid the society and students in inculcating the traditional values through teaching and research. The public and students are made aware of the needs to keep the traditional knowledge and values in the era of Globalization lest the entire culture would be lost in course of the social dynamics. The researches in the traditional medicine system, history, literature and art forms by the University provide new insights into the cultural system of Tamil Nadu being an integral cultural system of our Sub-continent. The furtherance of such researches in the light of modern knowledge is the vision of the future. The leadership is groomed at all the academic level of the University. The University teachers are also given additional responsibilities in the governance of the University.

Teaching in mother tongue, gender equality, socially inclusive development, higher level research, applied research, management of Traditional Knowledge System, Focus on public outreach are the aspects that are considered in the policies and strategies of the University.

The University seeks to ensure high quality education and also the quality output from its staff and students. The Vice-Chancellor gets the reports of the activities of various departments periodically, and reviews their performance. Based on the analysis of performance, suitable changes are made in the activities, programmes and rules and regulations related to Ph.D. programmes and other research activities besides the various academic courses.

The Grievances Redressal Cell looks into the grievances for better stakeholder-relationship. The University functions to enhance the professional development of teaching and non-teaching staff.

There is a separate Finance Section for effective and efficient use of financial resources. The finance section is headed by the Finance Officer who is generally deputed from the State Local Fund Audit department.

CRITERION VII: INNOVATIONS AND BEST PRACTICES

The University has conducted a Green Audit of the campus. The University celebrates every year the World Environment Day on 5th June. Trees are planted regularly on the campus. The University has a Herbal Garden and it preserves rare medicinal plants. The University has Garden Unit for maintaining the campus green. Several initiatives have been undertaken for energy conservation. The University has created three reservoirs covering about 50 acre area for Water harvesting. The University is surrounded with trees and plants projecting a delightful greenish picture. Through the students of NSS every year tree planting and maintenance are being done to balance the unnatural deforestation like natural decay of trees. The University has a deer park. A few wild animals including fox, black-naped hare and snakes and a variety of birds such as partridges and peacocks are found in the campus. Many people from Thanjavur visit the campus for morning stroll in the green environment.

As the University aim is mainly research-oriented (unitary), it gives primary importance to research activities. In order to encourage publication of books and monographs, short-term research projects (27) were initiated in 2008. In 2013-14, 59 research projects were undertaken with the funding of Rs.130.25 lakhs, from the Tamil Nadu Government. Many of these projects have been completed and they will be published as monographs in future. The review meeting to evaluate the progress of Ph.D. scholars was introduced in 2013-14 in order to streamline the doctoral research activities. This has created a positive impact on the research activities of the students.

Innovative Courses

- PG Diploma in Coastal Ecology and GIS was started with funding from the UGC under Innovative Scheme.
- The University offers training in Tamil Language for the IAS and IFS officers, whose mother tongue is not Tamil. Twenty two courses were conducted during the past seven years.

Communication and Dissemination

- FM radio station functions in the University. It operates from 9 to 10 AM, 1 to 2 PM and 4-5 PM (91.2 FM) everyday. The talks of the University teachers on various subjects and relevant issues are being broadcast.
- Exhibition was organized in 2008 during the Anna Centenary Celebration for popularizing among the public regarding the academic activities of the University. A large number of people from Thanjavur and neighbouring towns attended the programmes.

- The results of research projects of the University and the highlights of the conferences are regularly published in local newspapers and journals.
- People from the neighborhood of Thanjavur attend the seminar programmes of Tamil University.
- In 2010, the University organized a gallery on archaeology and history in the exhibition arranged by the Tamil Nadu Government at Thanjavur on the occasion of 1000th year anniversary of the Brihadheeswara temple Thanjavur, built by the Cōla monarch Rajaraja the Great (CE 985-1014).
- The University regularly participates in the book exhibitions conducted in many parts of Tamil Nadu and its publications are being sold on large scale.
- On the campus, a Passport Camp was organized in collaboration with the Regional Passport office Tiruchirappalli, for the benefit of the students and staff of Tamil University during the year 2009 and 230 passports were issued.
- The Tamil University museum creates awareness on heritage among the public.

Public Awareness

- International Mother Tongue day is being celebrated by the University every year.
- The University participated in the Heritage Awareness programs conducted by the Archaeological Survey of India on the occasion of World Heritage Week and World Heritage Day.

Academic quality Improvement

- University has taken earnest efforts to establish fresh endowments in order to organize lectures that can help students to benefit from the experts' knowledge.
- One-to-one meeting has been conducted with research scholars by the Vice Chancellor of the University for improving the quality of research.

Support for the Local People and Public

- The University is taking efforts to improve the social and environmental conditions of villages. This University organizes awareness programs and NSS camps in the village of Pillayarpathi.
- Writing of village histories, based on the request from local people, has also been initiated.

BEST PRACTICES

Best Practice 1: “Siddha Medical Service to the Public”

The Tamil University has established a Siddha Medical Out-Patient Unit in its Palace Complex in Thanjavur town. In order to serve the public the University has established the Siddha out-patient unit. The purpose of the initiative is to offer free medical service to the public. Through this practice the Tamil University supports the public.

Best Practice 2: “Motivation and Monitoring of Doctoral Research Students”

The progress of the research students who register for Ph.D. needs to be systematically monitored. At Tamil University, it was found that some of the research students took longer duration for completing their research degrees, and hence the Vice Chancellor took the initiative to meet all the research students of Tamil University personally along with their research supervisors and assessed the progress of their research in 2014. The purpose of this practice has been to improve the quality of research activities and to avoid the unnecessary delay in the completion of their research.

Other Best Practices of the University

- a) Book Sales on Discount
- b) Book Sales Counters at the Conferences and Exhibitions
- c) Plantation of Economically Important Trees
- d) Organization of Music Competitions for the Students at the District Level
- e) Teaching Yoga at the Juvenile Home, Thanjavur
- f) Participation in Green Thanjavur Movement

SWOC ANALYSIS

Strengths

- Teaching through Tamil language which attracts the ordinary and average students from the rural areas.
- Departments focusing on interdisciplinary research in Tamil literature, Cultural Studies (Archaeology, Epigraphy, Architecture, Culture and Folklore), Social Sciences and Sciences.
- Publications in mother language (Tamil).
- Research in traditional medicine (Siddha) and indigenous knowledge system (Ancient Sciences).

- Introduction of new courses on indigenous, traditional knowledge in distance mode
- Introduction of job-oriented courses for the school drop-outs through Distance mode.
- Core Science departments such as Earth Science, Environmental Sciences and Siddha Medicine.

Weaknesses

- Human resource (lack of adequate faculty members in some of the departments).
- Lack of adequate financial resources.
- Teaching in Tamil medium which fails to attract the students of middle class, in the employment market of the globalized urban context.
- Finding placement for the students who are poorly skilled in English.
- Limited catchment of the University and location of many universities in the neighbourhood

Opportunities

- Vast campus that can be developed and utilized for various academic activities.
- Huge potential for research in Traditional knowledge system
- Application of traditional knowledge for social welfare and upliftment.
- Location in the rural area, which gives opportunities to work with poorer sections of the society
- Promotion of education in mother tongue (Tamil) in the areas of Science and Technology

Challenges

- Decreasing demand for the academic courses.
- Training the students who are mainly from poor, rural background.
- Decreasing quality of incoming graduates.
- Mobilization of financial resources for the better management of the University.
- Expansion of application oriented research and development

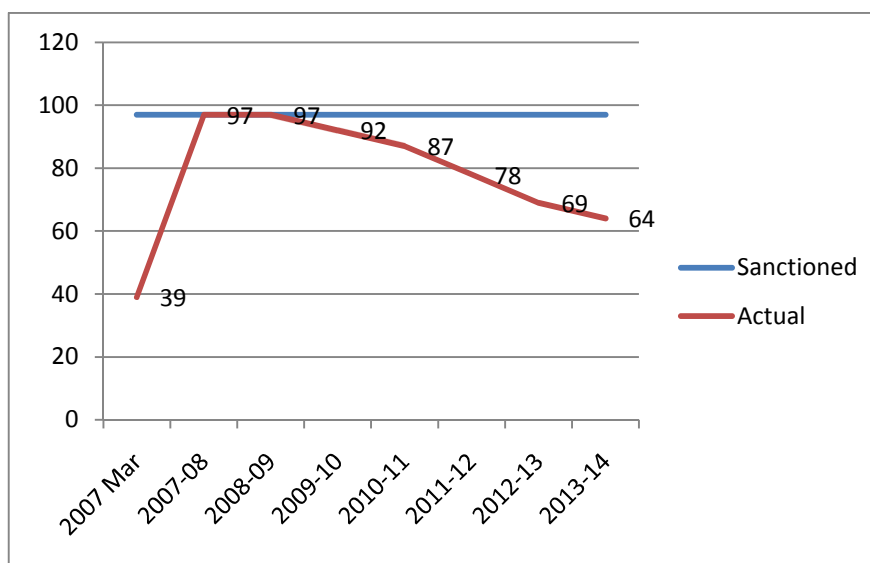
ACTION TAKEN REPORT

Suggestion 1

Steps may be taken to fill up all vacant faculty positions so that each Department has sufficient faculty members to carry on teaching and research programmes.

From the first NAAC accreditation, the University has taken great efforts in filling up the vacant positions. In the year 2007-2008, all the approved positions were filled up; of which most of them were Assistant Professor posts in the substantiated posts of Associate Professors and Professors. Since then some of the faculty positions have become vacant due to the retirement/on lien of the senior teachers. To fill up the vacant posts that came up during the last stage of assessment period action has been taken. Advertisement has been issued in 2013-14. By 2014-15 all the posts will be filled up.

Year	Sanctioned	Actual	Vacant
2007 March (During NAAC visit)	97	39	58
2007-08	97	97	0
2008-09	97	97	0
2009-10	97	92	5
2010-11	97	87	10
2011-12	97	78	19
2012-13	97	69	28
2013-14	97	64	33



Suggestion 2

More faculty exchange programmes and inter-disciplinary interactions are needed.

Actions have been taken to encourage the faculty exchange programmes of the University Departments.

1. The **Historical Atlas of South India Project** was jointly undertaken in the Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology with the funding from Ford Foundation of India. Tamil University jointly undertook this project in collaboration with the French Institute of Pondicherry, MG University, Kottayam, Mangalore University, Karnataka, and Central University of Hyderabad. The project was completed in 2008 which involved eminent scholars of Archaeology, Epigraphy, History and Cartography deriving from various parts of India and abroad. The faculty members of the department participated in the academic activities of the project and visited the above mentioned institutions and participated in academic discussions.
2. The staff members of the Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology took active participation in excavations conducted by Kerala Council for Historical Research at Muziris, the ancient port city of the Tamizhagam now situated in the West coast of India in Kerala State. Every year the staff members and a few research students participate in the excavations and offer their expertise.
3. Dr.N.Athiyaman, Head, Department of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology has participated in the Marine Archaeological Explorations conducted by Kerala Council for Historical Research off Muziris.
4. Dr. A.Thulasendran, Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology has visited Indian Institute of Advanced studies, Shimla as UGC Research Associate.
5. The staff members of the Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries conduct joint training programmes to the teachers and scholars living abroad. Dr. A. Karthikeyan, Professor of the Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries was in the Board of Studies of Mahatma Gandhi Institute of Oriental Studies, Mauritius during 2009-10, 2010-11, 2011-12. He also delivered lectures at the institute. Dr. S.Udayasurian, Head of Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries delivered lectures at the University of Malaya and Sultan Idris Educational University. He also delivered lectures at Mahatma Gandhi Institute of Oriental Studies, Mauritius.
6. Inter-disciplinary interactions are taking place in the Departments of Siddha Medicine, and Environmental and Herbal Sciences.
7. The School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature collaborates with Volkswagen Foundation, Germany.
8. Dr. P.Jayakumar, Assistant Professor of Tamil University, acted as a visiting faculty for the Diploma course in Epigraphy offered by SASTRA University, Thanjavur, for the Engineering students.
9. Dr. N.Athiyaman, Dr. S.Rajavelu and Dr. V.Selvakumar, Faculty members of Tamil University, have conducted a workshop on Archaeology to the students of Kumbakonam Govt. Arts College for women.
10. Dr. J. Rengasamy, Dept. of Philosophy participated in the 2nd International Ayurveda and Yoga Conference at the City Recital Hall Sydney, Australia from 3rd to 5th April 2009. Dharma Heart Yoga & Meditation Centre, Meenian, Australia (dharmahart.com.au)

11. Dr. J. Rengasamy, Dept. of Philosophy delivered Lectures on Kapila *Samkhya*, Patanjali's *Yoga Sutras* and *Bhagavad Gita* from 7th to 18th April 2009. Also Guided and Delivered Lectures on "Body Mind Problems in relation and union with the Personal as well as Universal Consciousness with the Necessary Solutions For the Peaceful Life While Performing the various Yogic Postures".
12. Dr. K.Thilagavathi of Department of Literature, and Dr.R.Kamalathiagarajan, Department of Scientific Tamil and Tamil Development have visited Malaysia for organizing and attending seminars and conferences. They also have delivered lectures in academic institutions in Malaysia.

Suggestion 3

Gender disparity among teaching and non-teaching staff should be minimized.

Since only a few posts were filled up during the last accreditation cycle the gender disparity could not be eliminated fully and action would be taken in future in this regard.

Suggestion 4

Faculty members should take up more research projects and publish the findings in the Refereed Journals.

The faculty members are encouraged to take up more research projects by sending proposals to various national and state level agencies. In addition, the Vice Chancellor has special meetings with the Tamil Nadu Government and grants were received for research projects under the Part II scheme of Tamil Nadu Government. In the last seven years, they have completed 175 research projects and 38 research projects are in progress.

(Please see Annexure VII and Annexure VIII, Page nos. 197 and 202)

During the seven year period, the faculty members have published 425 papers in journals, 691 chapters in books and 276 web articles. The faculty members have edited 125 books, and published 186 books and 3 monographs

(Please refer to the Vol.2 Evaluative Reports)

Suggestion 5

There may be a restriction in the maximum number of Ph.D. student supervision by a Faculty within the norms.

Since the main objective of the University is advanced research rather than teaching, the teachers were allowed to supervise 12 candidates as with the upper time limit enrolments, and admit new students after completion of the upper time limit. In the year 2012, a resolution was passed in the Research Council to allow a maximum of only 12 candidates per faculty member. Only when a student completes his/her Ph.D., another student is allowed to enroll.

Suggestion 6

Steps may be taken to attract more students in different programmes.

Steps were taken to identify new programmes to attract more students. For example, the Bachelors' Degree in Performing Arts was started.

Suggestion 7

Teacher evaluation by students may be introduced in all Departments.

Yes. It has been introduced at the Master Degree level.

Suggestion 8**Efforts may be made to attract foreign students.**

The University has a tie up with the University of Malaya (Malaysia) and has conducted workshops and seminars. The faculty members visited many foreign countries and this contributed to creating awareness about the activities of Tamil University abroad. The list of Foreign Students of Tamil University from 2007-2014 is below.

List of Foreign Students Admitted to Tamil University from 2007 to 2014

Sl.No	Name of Department	Name of Student	Course	Year	Country
1.	Music	C.Suriya Kumar	Ph.D	2007 January	Sri Lanka
2.	Siddha Medicine	Sri Ranjani Sivabalan	Ph.D	2007 July	Sri Lanka
3.	Library	Gananathan Maithili	Ph.D	2008 July	Sri Lanka
4.	Music	Kirushanthi Ravindra	Ph.D	2009 July	Sri Lanka
5.	Philosophy	Ganapathi Pillai Ganesha Rasa	Ph.D	2009 July	Sri Lanka
6.	Music	Krishna Sharmila Rajit Kumar	Ph.D	2010 April	Sri Lanka
7.	Drama	G.Jayaranjani	Ph.D	2010 July	Sri Lanka
8.	Music	Anandhajothi	Ph.D	2010 July	Sri Lanka
9.	Music	Shyamalanki Karaunakaran	Ph.D	2010 October	Sri Lanka
10.	Music	Jayanthini Vignarajan	Ph.D	2011 July	Sri Lanka
11.	Music	Duraisingam Shanthi	Ph.D	2011 July	Sri Lanka
12.	Music	G.Dhakshayani	Ph.D	2012 January	Sri Lanka
13.	Social Science	G.Thillainathan	Ph.D	2012 April	Sri Lanka
14.	Music	Dhakshinamurthi Pradeepan	Ph.D	2012 April	Sri Lanka
15.	School of Indian Languages & Comparative Literature	Padmanathan Kalawally	Ph.D	2012 April	Sri Lanka
16.	Lexicography	S.Sachithananthan	Ph.D	2009 January	France
17.	School of Indian Languages & Comparative Literature	S.Kannathas	Ph.D	2011 April	Sri Lanka
18.	Music	C.Mahendran	Ph.D	2011 October	Sri Lanka
19.	Music	Shankar Kanthaswamy	Ph.D	2012 July	Malaysia
20.	Library and Information Science	Mythili Gananathan	Ph.D.	2012	Sri Lanka
21.	School of Indian Languages & Comparative Literature	Amirthalingam Rasakumaran	Ph.D	2012 October	Sri Lanka

Foreign Students Affiliated

Sl. No.	Name of the Student	Country	Course	Department
1	Gwendolyn Kelly	USA	Ph.D. Registered at Wisconsin University, USA	Epigraphy and Archaeology

Suggestion 9

Emphasis may be given on providing more sports facilities for the students.

- Gymnasium has been set up at an expense of Rs. 5.42 lakhs during this assessment period.
- A Sports ground has been created

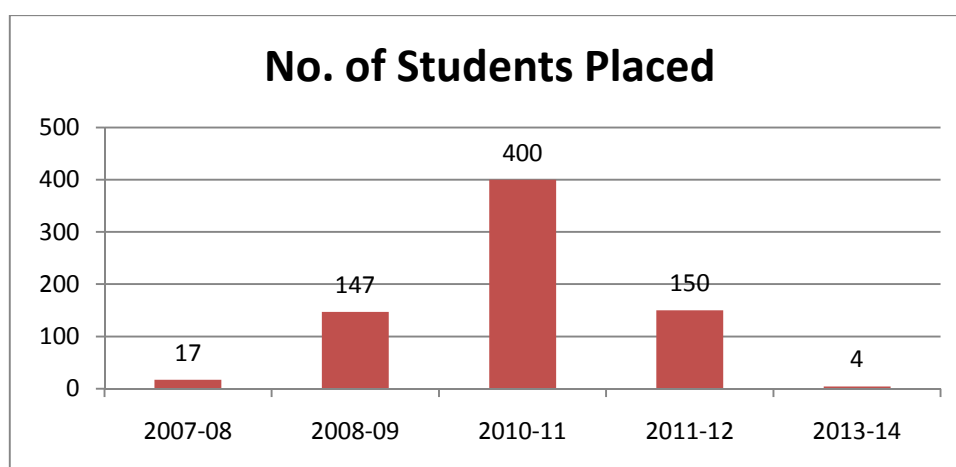
Suggestion 10

Grievance redressal cell and placement services are to be made more proactive.

- Grievance redressal cell has been constituted in the University. It meets regularly.
- A suggestion and complaint boxes, available near the Vice Chancellor's office.
- Placement cell has been functioning in the University.

Details of Students who Found Placement

Sl. No.	Year	No of Students Placed
1	2007-08	B.Ed 17
2	2008-09	147
3	2010-11	400
4	2011-12	150
5	2013-14	4



Student Placement details

Suggestion 11

University needs to strengthen its consultancy work in as many departments as possible.

There is no structured consultancy offered by the University, as its main area of research is humanities and social sciences. However, free consultancy services are provided by the University in the following areas of research.

- Testing and evaluation of Siddha drugs for the students research projects of other institutions.
- Free Siddha medical consultancy is given to patients in the outpatient unit.
- Analysis and diagnosis of parameter-related to health and medicine for researchers.
- Geological and hydrological consultancy.
- Identification of musical ragas and instruments for the research projects of students from other institutions.
- Identification and period for temples and their sculptures as requested by the local people.
- Writing local history of villages, town and monuments.
- In reading and deciphering inscriptions, palm leaf and Rare-paper manuscripts.
- Consultancy is provided in digital documentation of traditional arts preserved in various types of traditional media such as 16 mm films and video cassettes for South Zone Cultural Centre
- Consultancy was provided by the Audio-visual department for making Documentary film for Saraswathi Mahal Library, Thanjavur
- Expertise was provided in video documentation of traditional Pearl fishing funded by CIIL.
- Expert advice was offered for setting up archaeological museum at School of Social Sciences, M.G. University, Kottayam, Kerala.

Suggestion 12

Extracurricular activities as well as academic programmes need to be organized through clubs and associations, such as the debating club, literary society, arts club etc.

The following units function effectively in the Tamil University

NSS

- NSS camp activities are arranged by the NSS unit of the University. Though NSS camps organized annually, students actively take part in enhancing and promoting environmental educational and health awareness in rural areas in and around Tamil University Campus.
- As many as 25 programmes were organized by the NSS which are given in detail in Evaluative Reports.

Red Ribbon Club

- The Red Ribbon Club, which is a unit of Tamil Nadu Aids Control Board, was started in Tamil University in the year 2010. It was started with one unit of 100 students.
- The AIDS awareness programme and other health awareness programmes have been organized regularly by the Red Ribbon Club.

First Aid Training Programme: St John's Ambulance

- Recognizing the first aid training programmes of Tamil University, His Excellency the Governor of Tamilnadu has awarded the Best Services for the programme conducted by St. John Ambulance and Tamil University (2013).

Discussion Forums

- The association of the Teaching faculty organized lectures of the teaching faculty once in a month on various topics from 2010. The Faculty members delivered lectures on various topics. Many faculty members and students participated in the programme.
- An Academic discussion forum has been functioning in the University from 2013. Every second Thursday of every month, the faculty members and students deliver lectures on various topics.
- In the Departments, the faculty members and research students meet and discuss regularly every Wednesday/or Friday on various research topics.

Suggestion 13

Internet facilities to students may be made available in departments itself.

Computer and Internet facilities are available for the students. Laptop computers have been provided to the HODs and students of all the Departments.

Suggestion 14

Popular Diploma/Certificate courses may be started in the town to attract more students.

Several new diploma and certificate courses have been started in the Distance mode.

Introduction of new courses on indigenous, traditional knowledge and job-oriented courses for the school drop-outs through Distance mode is one of the important initiatives during the last three years.

Details of courses offered in Distance Mode

Programme	No. of Courses
PG Diploma	3
Diploma	29
Certificate	14
Online Courses	15
Total	61

Suggestion 15

The Department of Drama may be named as Department of Performing Arts which should provide space for doing extensive research on traditional and modern theatre as well as production.

Efforts are on to rename the department. As the senior members of the department have retired, it would take some more time to change the name of this department.

Suggestion 16

Some of the important publications brought out in Tamil by the University may be translated to English for the benefit of larger group of non-native researchers.

Several steps were taken to bring out publications in languages other than Tamil.

- *Pattupattu*, one of the Classical Sangam Anthologies is translated and published in **Hindi**.
- *Tirukkural* has been translated into **Chinese**, with the support of the Tamil Nadu Government.
- Select poems of the famous Tamil poets **Bharathiyar** and **Bharthidasan** are under translation into **Chinese**, with the support of the Tamil Nadu Government.
- *Ainkurunuru*, a Classical Tamil Literary work is translated into **English** and it is in print now; it comes around 900 pages

Efforts are on to translate the publications of Tamil University into English.

The following English publications have been brought by the Tamil University from 2007.

- *Tamil Civilization* Journal 3 Volumes
- *Tamil Civilization* Special Supplement, 2010
- *Tamil Cultural Connections Across the World*, 2010

SECTION B

1. PROFILE OF THE UNIVERSITY

1. Name and Address of the University:

Name	Tamil University	
Address	Trichy Road, Thanjavur	
City : Thanjavur	Pin: 613 010	State: Tamilnadu
Website : www.tamiluniveristy.ac.in		

2. For communication:

Designation	Name	Telephone/ Mobile/ Fax/ Email
Vice-Chancellor	Dr. M. Thirumalai	Office: +91-4362-227040 Mobile: +91-9442222633 Residence : +91-4362-226366 Fax : +91-4362-226159 Email: tamilunivc@gmail.com
Registrar	Dr. S. Ganeshram	Office: +91-4362-226720 Mobile: +91-94421 17151 Residence : +91-4362-228600 Fax : +91-4362-227413 Email: tamilunivreg@gmail.com
Coordinators, NAAC Steering Committee	1. Dr. M. Jegadeesan (up to 30-06-2014) 2. Dr.N. Athiyaman (From 01-07-2014)	Office: +91-4362-226518 Mobile: +91-98421 46375 Residence : +91-4362-276375 Fax : +91-4362-226159 Email: iqactu1981@gmail.com

NAAC Steering Committee Members

Sl. No.	Name of the Member	Designation
1	Dr.E. Angayarkanni	Professor & Dean, Faculty of Arts
2	Dr.S. Rajavelu	Professor & Dean, Faculty of Manuscriptology
3	Dr. C. Subramanian	Professor & Dean, Faculty of Developing Tamil
4	Dr. J.Rengasamy	Professor & Dean, Faculty of Languages
5	Dr. R.Baskaran	Professor & Dean, Faculty of Sciences
6	Dr. M.K. Kovaimani	Assistant Professor & Head, Department of Palm-leaf Manuscripts
5	Dr.A.Kamalathiagarajan	Assistant Professor & Head, Department of Scientific Tamil
6	Dr. R. Muralidharan	Assistant Professor & Head, School of Indian Languages & Comparative Literature
7	Dr. V. Elango	Assistant Professor, Department of Siddha Medicine
8	Dr. V.Selvakumar	Assistant Professor, Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology
9	Dr.R.S.Murugan	Assistant Professor & Head, Department of Translation
10	Dr.S.Karpagam	Assistant Professor, Department of Music

3. Status of the University*State University*

√

State Private University

Central University

University under Section 3 of UGC (Deemed University)

Institution of National Importance

4. Type of University:**Unitary**

√

Affiliating

5. Source of funding:

Central Government

√

State Government

√

Self-financing

√

Any other (please specify)

6. a. Date of establishment of the University:

15.09.1981

b. Prior to the establishment of the University, was it a/an

i. PG Centre

Yes

No

ii. Affiliated College

Yes

No

iii. Constituent College

Yes

No

iv. Autonomous College

Yes

No

v. Any other (please specify)

Yes

No

7. Date of recognition as a University by UGC or any other national agency:

Under Section	dd	mm	yyyy	Remarks
i. 2f of UGC*	11	June	1985	-
ii. 12 B of UGC*	11	June	1985	-
iii. 3 of UGC#	-	-	-	-
iv. Any other^	-	-	-	-

* Certificate of recognition enclosed

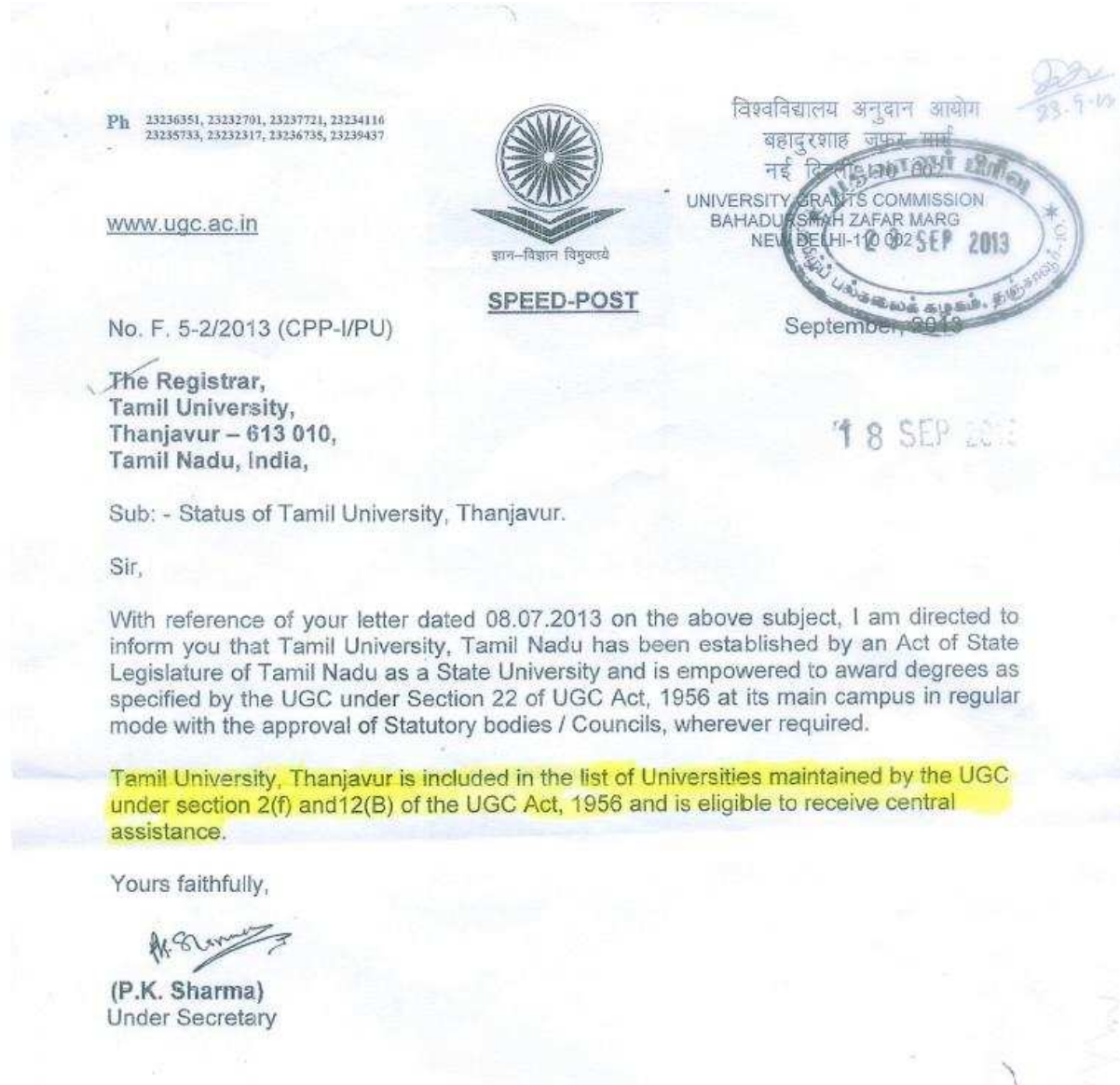
*As per the following UGC web site

<http://www.ugc.ac.in/oldpdf/stateuni2B.pdf>

List of Universities which are included under Section 12(B) of the UGC Act, 1956 and are eligible to receive Central assistance. (As on 30th June, 2012)

TAMILNADU

Sl.No.	Name of the University	Year
137	Alagappa University, Alagappa Nagar, Karaikudi-630 003.	1985
138	Anna University, Guindy, Chennai-600 025	2006
139	Annamalai University, Annamalainagar-608 002	1929
140	Bharathiar University, Coimbatore-641 046	1982
141	Bharathidasan University, Tiruchirappalli-620 024	1982
142	Madras University, Chennai-600 005. 1857	1857
143	Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai-625 021. 1965	1965
144	Manonmaniam Sundaranar University, Thirunelveli-627 012	1992
145	Mother Teresa Women's University, Kodaikanal-624 102	1984
146	Periyar University, Salem-636 011	1998
147	Tamil University, Thanjavur-613 005	1981
148	Tamilnadu Agricultural University, Coimbatore-641 003	1971
149	Tamilnadu Dr. Ambedkar Law University, Chennai-600 028	1998
150	Tamilnadu Dr. M.G.R. Medical University, Anna Salai, Chennai-600 032	1989
151	Tamilnadu Veterinary & Animal Sciences University, Chennai-600 051	1990



8. Has the University been recognized

a. By UGC as a University with Potential for Excellence?

Yes No

9. Does the University have off-campus centres?

Yes No

10. Does the University have off-shore campuses?

Yes No

11. Location of the campus and area

	Location*	Campus area in acres	Built up area in sq. m.
i. Main campus area	Rural	824.93	35,633
ii. Other campuses in the country	-	-	-
iii. Campuses abroad	-	-	-

12. Provide information on the following: In case of multi-campus University, please provide campus-wise information.

- **Auditorium/seminar complex with infrastructural facilities**

- An auditorium named “Karikalchozhan Kalai Arangam” with one floor covering 1454 sq m area, having a capacity of 1000 seats is being used for conducting convocation, National and International conferences, exhibitions and examinations.
- A Senate Hall with a capacity of 200 seats is fully air conditioned and it also serves as a Smart Seminar hall. It has an LCD Projector, screen and audio-visual facilities.
- A seminar hall, named “Avaiyam” with a capacity of 160 seats in the Language Faculty building serves as a smart seminar hall. It has an LCD projector, screen and audio-visual facilities.
- A seminar hall named “Panuval” with a capacity of 230 seats is in the Library complex.
- One seminar hall in the Faculty Guest House has a capacity of 60 seats.
- There are two open-air theatres in the Performing Arts centre “Koothukkalari.”

- **Sports facilities**

- Playground 01
- Basketball ground 01
- Badminton ground 01
- Gymnasium 01

- **Hostel**

- **Boys’ hostel**

- i. Number of hostels 02
 - ii. Number of inmates 156
 - iii. Facilities
 - Safe Drinking Water
 - Common Kitchen and Dining Hall
 - Recreation Hall with TV facility

- **Girls’ hostel**

- i. Number of hostels 02
 - ii. Number of inmates 219
 - iii. Facilities
 - Safe Drinking Water
 - Common Kitchen and Dining Hall
 - Recreation Hall with TV facility

Working women's hostel

- | | | |
|------|-------------------|-----|
| i. | Number of hostels | NIL |
| ii. | Number of inmates | NIL |
| iii. | Facilities | NIL |

➤ **Faculty Guest House**

A Guest House with 10 AC rooms including 3 suites, and 20 Non-AC rooms with a spacious Kitchen and a Dining hall for VVIPs, visiting professors, fellows, researchers and guests. The guest house is equipped with a TV in the drawing room and safe drinking water facilities and a seminar hall.

➤ **Residential facilities for faculty and non-teaching.**

- Separate Quarters are available for Vice-Chancellor, Registrar, Professors, Assistant professors, married research scholars, research scholars from foreign countries, and non-teaching staff.
- Total number of Residential Quarters is : 37
- Cafeteria: A canteen is available. University Canteen is equipped with spacious kitchen and dining halls.
- Residential facilities are also offered for the faculty members in the Housing complex constructed by the Tamil Nadu Housing Board at Thanjavur which is just near the university.

➤ **Facilities like banking, post-office, bookshops, etc**

- Independent Bank of India branch with separate ATM facility
- Post Office with independent Pin-code (613010)
- BSNL tower indicating "Tamil University " is available

➤ **Facilities for person with disabilities**

- Lift facilities in the administrative block.
- Ramp facility is available in all buildings, for physically challenged persons.
- All the building in the Tamil University campus have ramp facility.

➤ **Power House**

- One power house with a capacity of 126 KVA with 250 KVA Transformers (2 Nos.)

➤ **Deer Park**

- Seven deer are nurtured in the deer park. The campus has many pea fowls and wild hare.

13. Number of institutions affiliated to the University

Nil

14. Does the University Act provide for conferment of autonomy (as recognized by the UGC) to its affiliated institutions? If yes, give the number of autonomous colleges under the jurisdiction of the University

Yes

No

Number

15. Furnish the following information: (2013-14)*(See Annexure I List of Courses Offered, Page No. 150)*

Particulars	Number of Departments	Number of Courses	Number of Students
a. University Departments			
i) Undergraduate	2	1	B.Ed. 100
ii) Post-Graduate	26	10*	M.A &M.Sc. 20 M.Ed. 22
iii) Research centers on the campus	26	26	M.Phil. 142 PhD 72
b. Constituent Colleges	Nil	-	Nil
c. Affiliated colleges	Nil	-	Nil
d. Colleges under 2(f)	Nil	-	Nil
e. Colleges under 2(f) and 12 B	Nil	--	Nil
f. NAAC accredited colleges	Nil	-	Nil
g. Colleges with potential for Excellence (UGC)	Nil	-	Nil
h. Autonomous Colleges	Nil	-	Nil
i. Colleges with Post Graduate Departments	Nil		Nil
j. colleges with Research Departments	Nil	-	Nil
k. University recognized research Institutes/Centres	6	-	-

* 2 courses were offered in 2013-14

Table for 15k. University recognized research Institutes/Centres

Sl. No	Name of the Institution	Place	Courses
1	International Institute of Tamil Studies, Government of Tamil Nadu	Chennai	M.A. M.Phil . Ph.D.
2	Pondicherry Institute of Linguistics and Culture, Government of Puduchery	Puduchery	M.Phil., Ph.D.
3	Centre for Research in Education, Kundrakkudi Adheenam Trust	Kundrakkudi	Ph.D.
4	World Community Service Centre, Aliyar	Coimbatore	M.Phil . Ph.D.
5	Saint Kachiyappa College of Tamil Studies	Musiri	M.Phil., Ph.D
6	Sharmila Institute of Medicinal Products Research Academy	Thanjavur	Ph.D.

16. Does the University conform to the specification of Degrees as enlisted by the UGC?

7 Yes No

If the University uses any other nomenclatures, please specify.
NA

17. Academic programmes offered by the University departments at present, under the following categories: (Enclose the list of academic programmes offered)

(See Annexure IA page no. 153)

Programmes	Number
UG	1
PG	9
Integrated Masters	-
M.Phil.	22
Ph.D.	24
Certificate	2
Diploma	2
PG Diploma	2
Any other (please specify)	B.Ed.
	M.Ed.
	1
	1
Total	64

*Data for 2013-14. Some of the courses are existing, but not operational due to lack of student response.

18. Number of working days during the last academic year. 180

19. Number of teaching days during the past four academic years.
(Excluding the Examination Days)

Number of Teaching Days for PG Courses

Year	M.A. Tamil Literature	M.A History and Archaeology
2010-11	180	180
2011-12	180	178
2012-13	180	177
2013-14	180	180
Total Days	720	715

20. Does the University have a Department of Teacher Education?

Yes No

If yes,

a. Year of establishment 28.09.2007

b. NCTE recognition details (if applicable) Notification No.:

- i. For B.Ed. course F.SRO/NCTE/2006-07/12279, dated 28.09.2007
- ii. For M.Ed. course F.No. SRCAPP265/M.Ed./AP/2011/40669, dated 30.04.2012.

c. Is the department opting for assessment and accreditation separately?

Yes No

21. Does the University have a teaching department of Physical Education?

Yes No

22. In the case of Private and Deemed Universities, please indicate whether professional programmes are being offered?

Yes No

23. Has the University been reviewed by any regulatory authority? If so, furnish a copy of the report and action taken there upon.

NIL

24. Number of positions in the University

Positions	Teaching Faculty			Non-Teaching Staff	Technical staff
	Professor	Associate Professor	Assistant Professor		
Sanctioned by the UGC/ University / State Government	30	48	11	222	26
Recruited	1 ^{\$}	10*	44	2	10
Yet to recruit	29	38	-	-	
Number of persons working on contract basis	-	-	-	-	-

^{\$} The University now has 11 professors, including those who were promoted under CAS.

* 4 Associate Professors have become Professors under the CAS.

25. Qualifications of the teaching staff

Highest Qualification	Professor		Associate Professor		Assistant Professor		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Permanent Teachers							
D.Sc./D.litt.	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Ph.D.	9	3	-	-	29	15	56
M.Phil.	-	-	1	-	5	-	6
PG	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Temporary Teachers							
Ph.D.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M.Phil.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PG	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

26. Emeritus, Adjunct and Visiting Professors (Please see Annexure III, page no. 172)**Number of Visiting, Emeritus Professors during the year 2013-14**

	Emeritus	Adjunct	Visiting
Number	1	-	23

27. Chairs instituted by the University:

Sl. No.	Name of The Chair	Donor	Department
1	Tolkappiyar Endowment Chair	Tamil University	Literature
2	Rukmani Endowment Chair for Vaishnavism	Rukmani Krishnasami	Philosophy
3	Saiva, Vaishnava, Veda Hindu Endowment Chair	Ministry of Hindu Religious Endowment, Tamil Nadu	Philosophy
4	Islamic Culture Chair	Mr. V.M.Sayed Gani	Philosophy
5	Telugu Chair	Telugu University, Hyderabad	School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature
6	Sarangapani Chair	Mustafa, Singapore	Tamil Studies in foreign Countries
7	Tolkappiyar Chair	Central Institute for Classical Tamil, Chennai	Literature

28. Students enrolled in the University departments during the current academic year, with the following details (2013-14):

Students	Gender	B.Ed	PG	M.Ed.	M.Phil.	Ph.D.	D.Litt/ D.Sc.	Certificate	Diploma	PG Diploma	Total
From the state where University is located	M	13	18	6	81	43	0	0	1	0	162
	F	87	57	16	59	27	0	0	21	0	267
From other states of India	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRI Students	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Foreign students	M				1	1	0	0	0	0	2
	F				1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Total		100	75	22	142	72	0	0	22	0	433

*M-Male *F-Female (468*+433)

29. 'Unit cost' of education (2013-14)

(Unit cost = total annual recurring expenditure (actual) divided by total number of students enrolled)

(a) including the salary component = Rs. 57531839/901= Rs. 63853/-

(b) excluding the salary component = 1544000/901 = Rs. 1713/-

* includes students who registered for Ph.D. earlier and continuing their studies.

30. Academic Staff College

NIL

- Year of establishment NA
- Number of programmes conducted (with duration) NA
- UGC Orientation NA
- UGC Refresher NA
- University's own programmes NA

31. Does the University offer Distance Education Programmes (DEP)?

Yes No

If yes, indicate the number of programmes offered.

Programme	No. of Courses
Undergraduate	12
Postgraduate	11
PG Diploma	3
Diploma	29
Certificate	14
Pre Degree	4
Online Courses	15
Total	88

Are they recognized by the Distance Education Council?

Yes

No

32. Does the University have a provision for external registration of students?

No

33. Is the University applying for Accreditation or Re-Assessment? If Accreditation, name the cycle.

Accreditation: Cycle 1 Cycle 2 Cycle 3 Cycle 4

Re-Assessment:

34. Date of accreditation* (applicable for Cycle 2, Cycle 3, Cycle 4 and re-assessment only)

Cycle 1: 424 (31/03/2007), Accreditation outcome/Result: B++

Kindly enclose copy of accreditation certificate(s) and peer team report(s)

(Please See Annexure II page no. 155)

35. Does the University provide the list of accredited institutions under its jurisdiction on its website? Provide details of the number of accredited affiliated / constituent / autonomous colleges under the University.

NA

36. Date of establishment of Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) and dates of submission of Annual Quality Assurance Reports (AQAR).

Date of Establishment of IQAC 05/08/2010

Dates of AQAR Submission

(i)	2007-08	(30/07/2014)
(ii)	2008-09	(30/07/2014)
(iii)	2009-10	(30/07/2014)
(iv)	2010-11	(30/07/2014)
(v)	2011-12	(30/07/2014)
(vi)	2012-13	(30/07/2014)
(vii)	2013-14	(30/07/2014)

37. Any other relevant data, the University would like to include (not exceeding one page).

The University was established as a unitary University meant to involve in high-level research in 1981. The University focuses on advanced research and publication in Tamil language and culture in Tamil as well as in English for the benefit of the scholarly world and common people.

Major Publications

The University has been publishing basic reference books such as **Lexicons** and **Compendium of Sangam Literature, Pure Tamil Dictionary, Encyclopaedia of Science and Humanities** (35 volumes), and **Encyclopaedia of Drama**, and they have been well received by the scholars and the public.

Documentation Work

Major documentation work (audio and video) was carried out on traditional arts and crafts of Tamil Nadu and these documentations are preserved in the archives. The seminar proceedings are recorded and preserved in video and audio formats by the Audio Visual Centre.

Collection of Primary Sources

The Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology has carried out archaeological excavations at Vallam, Kodumanal, Periyapattinam, Mayiladumparai, Thandikkudi, Nagapattinam and Pillayarpati, and in addition through surface survey, several archaeological sites have been located. Over 8000 Palm-leaf manuscripts have been collected by the Tamil University. The Department of Rare-paper Manuscript has collected more than 5.0 lakh pages of Modi (Marathi) documents. Digital documentation of inscriptions, palm-leaf manuscripts and Rare-paper manuscripts are also undertaken by the departments of Tamil University. These sources support the research activities.

Sciences

The Department of Siddha Medicine contributes to the field of research and development of herbal and herbo-mineral drugs for their therapeutic efficacy and standardization of traditional Indian medicine through botanical, chemical, biochemical and pharmacological studies.

The Industries and Earth science Department focuses on the investigation of natural resources such as sea, land, water and their utilization for economic development. Department of Ancient Science and the department of architecture focus on traditional architecture and sciences.

The Department of Environmental and Herbal Sciences undertakes research on environmental impact and biodiversity, and documents and conserves rare and endangered medicinal plants.

Languages

The language faculty researches on various languages. School of Indian Languages and Comparative literature offers training in Tamil for IAS, IPS and IFS officers. Translation Department focuses on translation of traditional and Classical Tamil works into English and other language works into Tamil.

Diaspora studies

The Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries studies the Indian and Tamil Diaspora and their literature and culture.

Courses

Offering Degree courses was not main thrust area of the University, initially. However, later on this University started academic courses to suit the social and local needs and also to serve the students from the rural background. Hence only a few departments offer academic courses.

2. CRITERIA-WISE INPUTS

CRITERION I: CURRICULAR ASPECTS

1.1. CURRICULUM DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT

1.1.1. How is the institutional vision and mission reflected in the academic programmes of the University?

Vision

The University serves as a cultural causeway between Tamil Nadu and people of Tamil and Indian origin living abroad. The vision of this University is:

- To function as a high-level research centre for Tamil language, literature and culture;
- To impart training to the people of Indian and Non-Indian origins who desire to study Tamil
- To facilitate and regulate research in fields like art, culture, music, stage-plays, painting, sculpture, architecture, literature, grammar, linguistics, history, archaeology, epigraphy, religion, philosophy, geography, earth sciences, astronomy, ancient sciences, manuscripts, navigation and shipping, astrology, Siddha medicine, engineering sciences and handicrafts that have developed on the basis of the Tamil language and literature;
- To translate books in other languages into Tamil according to the needs in consonance with the objectives of the University and also to translate Tamil books into other languages;
- To preserve and publish palm-leaf manuscripts and Rare-paper manuscripts;
- To document and publish epigraphs relating to Tamil language, culture and history;
- To compile and publish words, expressions, colloquial terms, words peculiar to different segment of the Tamil society;
- To institute studies in Tamil language and literature in relation to other Indian cultures; and
- To organize advanced studies and research programmes based on a deep understanding of the trends in Tamil language and literature.

Mission

The mission of the University is to further the advancement of learning and research in Tamil language, literature and culture.

Ever since its inception Tamil University is striving hard to achieve its vision through the vigorous activities of the various Departments and Goal oriented centres. It has now 26 departments to cater to the needs of the society.

Research Programmes

The University provides multi-disciplinary research courses in all the departments to provide knowledge at higher level in all disciplines of Tamil language and culture. The courses are offered in Tamil medium in line with the objective of promoting education in mother tongue.

The Tamil University initially focused on research activities. Later it started spreading its wings for the cause of the student community. Keeping this in mind, in 1992, the University started conducting academic courses by offering M.Phil., and Ph.D. programmes in various disciplines.

After a decade, the scope was further broadened. In 2002, Post-Graduate courses in arts and humanities were introduced and subsequently, in 2005 PG courses in sciences were included to meet the aspiration of contemporary society. Certificate and Diploma courses are also offered. By this way, research and teaching have become the integral part of the University.

Academic programmes of the University are designed in such a way that they incorporate empowerment of rural students and development of Tamil language and culture. Thus almost all the academic programmes are taught in mother tongue, i.e. Tamil, to enable poor and rural students understand the subjects in their native language. Syllabi of most of the courses meet the objectives of concerned departments.

Higher level research

The faculty members of Tamil University have completed 175 research projects during the past seven years, and 38 projects (for Rs. 432.446 lakhs) are ongoing. Results of many of these research projects have been published as books.

Focused reference Publications in Tamil

The basic reference books such as **Lexicons and Concordance of Sangam Literature, Pure Tamil Dictionary, Encyclopaedia of Science and Humanities** (35 volumes), **Compendium of Sangam literature,** and **Encyclopaedia of Drama,** published by Tamil University have been well received by the scholars and the public.

Publications for the academics and the public

So far, 493 books have been published by the University from 1983. Books numbering 99 (including reprints) have been published after the First Cycle Accreditation by the NAAC, i.e. from 2007-08.

Translation of Works into Tamil

The University has translated important works into Tamil. Its translation of Edger Thurston and Rangachari's work *Castes and Tribes of South India*, has been well received by the researchers and the public.

Translation of Tamil Works into Other Languages

Several steps were taken to bring out publications in languages other than Tamil.

1. *Pattupattu*, one of the Classical Sangam Anthologies is brought out into Hindi.
2. *Tirukkural* has been translated into Chinese, with the support of the Tamil Nadu Government.

3. Select poems of the famous Tamil poets Bharathiyar and Bharthidasan are under translation into Chinese, with the support of the Tamil Nadu Government. Efforts are on to translate the publications of Tamil University into English.
4. *Ainkurunuru*, a Classical Tamil Literary work is translated into English and it is in print now; it comes around 900 pages.

Public Outreach

Tamil University maintains constant contacts and interactions with the public. Mother Tongue Awareness programmes are conducted every year to create awareness about Tamil language and its importance among the public.

Announcement of seminars and conferences and endowment lectures are widely circulated among the institutions and in the local newspapers, and local people also participate in the proceedings. The major research findings and highlights of the seminars are also published in local newspapers.

The faculty members also write popular articles in local newspapers and journals for public awareness.

Partnership with the public and Private

As a language-oriented institution, Tamil University caters to the entire Tamil speaking world and the various linguistic groups of India. Since Tamil University is associated with Tamil language, the public always watch the activities of University and write their suggestions to the University, and have a lot of expectations from the University. They also support the initiatives of the University.

The public have contributed books and palm-leaf Manuscripts to Tamil University. Many endowments have been created in the University with the help of the public. The University also offers counseling to the public and does advisory activities when queries come from the public, regarding language, culture and arts.

Tamil Nadu Archaeological Society, established in the Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology, involves the public in its activities. Inscriptions and archaeological sites are identified with the help of the public through this society and they are published in a journal (*Avanam*) in which public also contribute. This is one best example of cooperation and collaboration between the academicians and the public.

All India Scientific Tamil Association was established in the Department of Scientific Tamil and Tamil Department. All India Tamil Linguistics association is in the Department of Linguistics. All India Tamil Folklore Association was established in the Department of Folklore. These organizations are involving various academic and public outreach activities by conducting seminars and workshops.

Kalam, Folklore Research Association, was founded by the faculty of the Department of Folklore. The association organizes seminars in which teachers, students and the public attend.

The Department of Palm-leaf Manuscripts of Tamil University makes regular collection of Palm-leaf manuscripts from all parts of Tamil Nadu. Kalambur Govindasamy Atikalar Endowment was established in the Department of Palm-leaf Manuscripts of Tamil University. This endowment has organized a conference on Saiva *Thirumurai* (Saivaite canons) in different parts of India. Women's Association of Tamil University organizes seminar and programmes every year.

1.1.2. Does the University follow a systematic process in the design and development of the curriculum? If yes, give details of the process (need assessment, feedback, etc.).

Yes.

At University level, Choice Based Credit System is followed for all the PG courses and students are permitted to choose one or more optional subjects. In addition to that simultaneously diploma and certificate courses are also opted by the students.

The curriculum of each department is designed by the expert committee (Board of Studies) consisting of academicians and industrialists, artists and artisans. Feedback from students on the content of curriculum is sought and if necessary suitable changes or modifications are also incorporated. While designing the courses, current trends in academic advancement and placement opportunities are also considered.

1.1.3. How are the following aspects ensured through curriculum design and development?**Employability**

Curricula are designed to meet the changing needs of the society and to empower the students with necessary skills.

The students in arts and language faculty are exposed to seminar events, lectures, field training, and practical activities to perform well in their specialized areas. With regard to science faculty, the students are trained in industry at least once in a year.

Innovation

The curricula at Tamil University are unique and innovative. They are interdisciplinary in nature and commensurate with the mission of the concerned University department.

Research

Curricula of almost all departments are enriched with elements of research which motivate the students to pursue research after completion of the course.

Periodical assessment is made on the basis of assignments and short-term projects prepared by the students and counseling is provided to improve current research knowledge of the students.

1.1.4. To what extent does the University use the guidelines of the regulatory bodies for developing and/or restructuring the curricula? Has the University been instrumental in leading any curricular reform which has created a national impact?

Most of the curricula of the programmes of Tamil University have been incorporated with the guidelines of regularity bodies like UGC and Tamil Nadu State Council for the Higher Education (TANSCHHE). Syllabi formation and revision is done with a national level vision.

The University focuses on education through mother tongue, i.e. Tamil. Tamil University was the first university to be established in India for the promotion of studies in Tamil medium, and also to undertake research on Tamil language and culture. Telugu, Kannada and Malayalam Universities were started after the success of the activities of the Tamil University.

1.1.5 Does the University interact with industry, research bodies and the civil society in the curriculum revision process? If so, how has the University benefitted through interactions with the stakeholders?

Yes.

Tamil University interacts with industry, research bodies and the civil society in the curriculum revision process. Board of studies of most of the departments include expert from Industry/Artists/Professionals/Artisans and seek their expertise in restructuring the curricula. Local body members also offer their suggestions during the process.

1.1.6 Give details of how the University facilitates the introduction of new programmes of studies in its affiliated colleges.

NA

1.1.7 Does the University encourage its colleges to provide additional skill-oriented programmes relevant to regional needs? Cite instances (NA for unitary universities).

NA

1.2. ACADEMIC FLEXIBILITY

1.2.1 Furnish the inventory for the following:

Programmes taught on campus

- B.Ed.
- M.Ed.
- Certificate
- Diploma
- PG Diploma
- M.A.
- M.Sc.
- M.Phil.
- Ph.D.

Courses Offered in Tamil University (Inventory of Courses) 2013-14							
Faculty of Arts		UG	Certificate	Diploma	MA	M.Phil	Ph.D.
1	Department of Sculpture	-	-	-	History, Art & Culture	History	History
2	Department of Music		Music	Music	Music	Music	Music
3	Department of Drama	B.A. Performing Arts	-	-	-	Drama	Drama
Faculty of Manuscriptology							
4	Department of Palm-leaf Manuscripts	-	-	-	-	Manuscriptology, Tamil & History	Manuscriptology, Tamil & History

5	Department of Rare-paper Manuscripts	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology	-	-	-	History and Archaeology	History, Epigraphy and Archaeology	History, Epigraphy and Archaeology
7	Department of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	-	-	-	-	Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	Maritime History and Marine Archaeology
Faculty of Developing Tamil							
8	Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	-	-	-	-	Tamilology	Tamilology
9	Department of Translation	-	-	PG Diploma Translation	-	Translation	Translation
10	Department of Lexicography	-	-	-	-	Tamilology	Tamilology
11	Department of Social Science	-	-	-	-	Sociology & Social work	Sociology & Social work
12	Department of Scientific Tamil and Tamil Development					Tamil	Tamil
13	Department of Education	B.Ed.	-	-	M.Ed.	Education	Education
Faculty of Language							
14	Department of Literature	-	-	-	M.A. Tamil Literature	Tamil	Tamil
15	Department of Linguistics	-	-	-	M.A. Applied Linguistics	Linguistics	Linguistics
16	Department of Philosophy	-	-	-	M.A. Temple arts, Tourism and Philosophy	Philosophy	Philosophy
17	Department of Tribal Research	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	School of Indian Languages	-	Telugu	Telugu	-	Tamilology & English	Tamilology & English
19	Department of Folklore	-	-	-	-	Tamilology	Tamilology

Faculty of Science							
20	Department of Siddha Medicine	-	-	Siddha Drug Standardization	M.Sc. Biomedical Sciences	Biochemistry, Medicinal Botany, Chemistry	Siddha Medicine, Biochemistry, Pharmacology, Chemistry, Pharmaceutical Sciences
21	Department of Ancient Sciences	-	-	-	-	Biological Sciences	Biological Sciences
22	Department of Industries and Earth Sciences	-	-	PG Diploma Coastal Eco systems and GIS	Earth Sciences (Geology and Geography)	Earth Sciences	Earth Sciences
23	Department of Computer Science	-	-	-	Computer Sciences	Computer Sciences	-
24	Department of Architecture	-	-	-	-	-	Architecture
25	Department of Environmental and Herbal Science	-	-	-	-	Environmental science, Herbal Science	Environmental science, Herbal Science
26	Department of Library and Information Science	-	-	-	-	-	Library and Information Science

Overseas programmes offered on campus

NA

Programmes available for colleges to choose from

NA

1.2.2. Give details on the following provisions with reference to academic flexibility**a. Core / Elective options**

Different programmes at post-graduate level are available in the core subjects and the students can choose the elective papers from various subjects.

b. Enrichment courses

Advanced post-graduate diploma courses are available as additional enriched subjects, e.g. Diploma in Translation and Diploma in Yoga for PG students.

c. Courses offered in modular form

Nil

d. Credit accumulation and transfer facility

No

e. Lateral and vertical mobility within and across programmes, courses and disciplines

Lateral and vertical mobility are allowed within and across programmes for PG programmes. Students from M.A. History and Archaeology course can choose elective papers in Computer Science and Yoga. Students of M.A. Tamil Literature can choose elective course in Archaeology, Indian Languages and Literature, Linguistics and Lexicography.

1.2.3. Does the University have an explicit policy and strategy for attracting international students?

Yes. Tamil University statute itself explicitly envisages the policy for the spread of Tamil language and culture throughout the world.

International students, especially from the Indian Diaspora, join in the research courses, especially in Music, Translation, Lexicography, language and literature.

1.2.4. Have any courses been developed targeting international students? If so, how successful have they been? If 'no', explain the impediments.

Yes.

Some of the courses, for example, Music, Epigraphy, Sociology and Language attract foreign students. Since the courses are offered in Tamil, mainly students from Tamil Diaspora from various countries choose them.

1.2.5. Does the University facilitate dual degree and twinning programmes? If yes, give details.

Yes.

Tamil University offers additional courses like Diploma through distance mode to students in regular stream, i.e., regular students can undertake any one certificate or diploma course. Students are also allowed to undertake one PG Diploma programme along with the regular PG Course. Only one additional course is permitted.

1.2.6. Does the University offer self-financing programmes? If yes, list them and indicate if policies regarding admission, fee structure, teacher qualification and salary are at par with the aided programmes?

B.Ed. and M.Ed. courses are the only programmes offered through self-financing mode. For these courses, the admission procedure, teacher qualification and salary are on par with the aided programmes. Fee structure, though higher than aided programme, is in accordance with state government guidelines.

1.2.7. Does the University provide the flexibility of bringing together the conventional face-to-face mode and the distance mode of education and allow students to choose and combine the courses they are interested in? If 'yes,' give operational details.

Yes.

Students of regular stream can choose an additional diploma course from distance mode, at a time with one diploma or PG degree or Ph.D.

1.2.8. Has the University adopted the Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)? If yes, for how many programmes? What efforts have been made by the University to encourage the introduction of CBCS in its affiliated colleges?

Yes.

Tamil University has been adopting Choice Based Credit System for all PG programmes since 2008-09. Tamil University has no affiliated colleges. However, Choice Based Credit System pattern is followed in all programmes in its recognized centre.

1.2.9. What percentage of programmes offered by the University follow:

Annual System:	1. Diploma and Certificate courses of regular stream 2. All distance education programmes 3. M.Phil. programmes
Semester System:	All PG programmes (100%)
Trimester	Nil

1.2.10. How does the University promote inter-disciplinary programmes? Name a few programmes and comment on their outcome.

The following PG programmes are interdisciplinary in nature.

1. M.Sc. Environmental Science
2. M.Sc. Biomedical Science
3. M.A. Tamil
4. PG Diploma in Coastal Ecosystem and GIS

Students from various science streams can join the above courses and the subjects taught are interdisciplinary in nature. Multidisciplinary and employable skills are imparted.

1.3 CURRICULUM ENRICHMENT

1.3.1 How often is the curriculum of the University reviewed and upgraded for making it socially relevant and/or job oriented / knowledge intensive and meeting the emerging needs of students and other stakeholders?

Once in every 3 years, curricula are revised and upgraded for enabling the students to gain up-to-date knowledge in the emerging research area.

1.3.2. During the last four years, how many new programmes at UG and PG levels were introduced? Give details.

Sl. No.	Year	PG Level Program
1	2009-10	B.A. Performing Arts
2	2012-13	M.Ed.
3	2013-14	PG Diploma in Coastal Ecosystem and GIS

1.3.3 What are the strategies adopted for the revision of the existing programmes? What percentage of courses underwent a syllabus revision?

Revision or revamping of curricula is made to suit the changing scenario in local and global levels and the demand. The Boards of Studies meetings are conducted once in three years to revise the syllabus. The curricula underwent syllabus revision for every three years to keep pace with the current trends.

M.A. & M.Sc.

100 %

1.3.4. What are the value-added courses offered by the University and how does the University ensure that all students have access to them?

Several value added courses are offered at Tamil University both in regular and distance modes. The students can choose add-on course from either regular or distance mode. Twenty percent (20%) concession in tuition fee is offered to Tamil University students and Alumni for courses offered in distance mode.

Value-added Course in Regular mode

- PG Diploma in Translation

1.3.5. Has the University introduced any higher order skill development programmes in consonance with the national requirements as outlined by the National Skills Development Corporation and other agencies?

Yes.

Department of Industries and Earth Sciences offers one year PG Diploma course in Coastal Ecosystem and GIS which is an innovative programme sanctioned by the UGC.

1.4 FEEDBACK SYSTEM

1.4.1 Does the University have a formal mechanism to obtain feedback from students regarding the curriculum and how is it made use of?

Yes.

Faculty members of Departments have discussion with concerned students regarding the suitability of the curriculum, during revision of the curricula.

1.4.2 Does the University elicit feedback on the curriculum from national and international faculty? If yes, specify a few methods such as conducting webinars, workshops, online discussions, etc. and its impact.

Yes. Some of the members of the Board of studies are from National Level. Eminent academicians of National repute, who are members in the Board of Studies, offer their suggestion and expertise during curriculum revamping. But based on the participation of the faculty members in National and International conferences, the curriculum is upgraded.

1.4.3 Specify the mechanism through which affiliated institutions give feedback on curriculum enrichment and the extent to which it is made use of.

NA. Tamil University is unitary in nature.

1.4.4 What are the quality sustenance and quality enhancement measures undertaken by the University in ensuring the effective development of the curricula?

During the process of initiation of new curricula and revamping of existing curricula, brainstorming sessions are held by the faculty members with eminent academicians, experts and the students and a strategy evolved for the development and revamping of the concerned curricula.

CRITERION II: TEACHING-LEARNING AND EVALUATION

2.1. STUDENT ENROLMENT AND PROFILE

2.1.1 How does the University ensure publicity and transparency in the admission process?

Applications for admissions to PG, M.Phil., and Ph.D. courses are invited through advertisements in the leading national newspapers, as well as placing banners outside the University, and notifications are also placed in the University website. Selection is made through Entrance Test/Qualifying Marks/Interview/Counseling for PG and M.Phil. courses. The admission process of Tamil University Departments are monitored by the Admission Monitoring Committee constituted by the University comprising Dean, Head of the Department, and faculty members of the department for the admission of Ph.D.

2.1.2 Explain in detail the process of admission put in place by the University. List the criteria for admission:(e.g.: (i) merit, (ii) merit with entrance test, (iii) merit, entrance test and interview, (iv) common entrance test conducted by state agencies and national agencies (v) other criteria followed by the University (please specify).

Based on Tamil Nadu State Council for Higher Education guidelines, the admissions to all the PG, M. Phil. and Ph.D. courses are through merit, entrance test and interview). On the basis of the marks scored in the written test and/or on the basis of the consolidated marks obtained in the UG/PG courses, candidates are placed in the merit list. In some Schools/Departments, the candidates appear for written test and interview, for PG courses. A rank list is prepared as per the marks scored in the above selection process and reservation policy of the Tamil Nadu State Government, i.e., 31% for OC, 30% for BC, (including 3% for Muslims) 20% for MBC and 18% for SC (including 3% for *Arunthathiyar*), 1% for ST. The reservation is also made for students from differently-abled and sports. Waiting-list is also prepared for each category. All admissions are monitored by the Admission Monitoring Committee.

The following criteria are followed for admission to various PG courses in the University.

- i) Merit with entrance test – M.Phil Courses (Entrance Test (75% of PG Marks + 25% of the written test Marks)
- ii) Merit -PG Courses in Humanities and Sciences.

2.1.3. Provide details of admission process in the recognized centers and the University's role in monitoring the same.

Admissions in all recognized centers are also carried out through merit-cum-reservation policy framed by the University, State and Central Governments. The admissions in centers are monitored by the University by sending a faculty member/committee for verification and monitoring.

2.1.4 Does the University have a mechanism to review its admission process and student profile annually? If yes, what is the outcome of such an analysis and how has it contributed to the improvement of the process?

Yes.

The Admission Monitoring Committee for Ph.D. Admission of the University conducts meetings periodically once in three months. This Committee evaluates the

applications and monitors the process of admission. It also discusses the relevance of the research topics chosen for the Ph.D. programme.

2.1.5 What are the strategies adopted to increase / improve access for students belonging to the following categories:

The Central and State Governments' Reservation Policy is strictly adhered to in the admissions (31% for OC, 30% for BC, (including 3% for Muslims) 20% for MBC and 18% for SC (including 3% for Arunthathiyar), 1% for ST). Application form is issued 50% of cost to SC/ST students. They are permitted to pay the mess bill as and when they receive the scholarship. No tuition fee is collected from the persons with varied disabilities. The University assists students belonging to economically weaker sections to get scholarship(s) from the Central and State Governments.

2.1.6 Has the University conducted any analysis of demand ratio for the various programmes of the University departments and affiliated centers? If so, highlight the significant trends explaining the reasons for increase/ decrease.

Yes.

In the study conducted by the University, it was found out that the employment potential and higher educational opportunities determine the demand for the courses. The demand ratio has come down over the years because of the limited employment potential, especially for the PG courses. The demand for B.Ed. course has been very high and remains constant; all the available seats were filled during the past seven years. The number of applications received for this course has been very high.

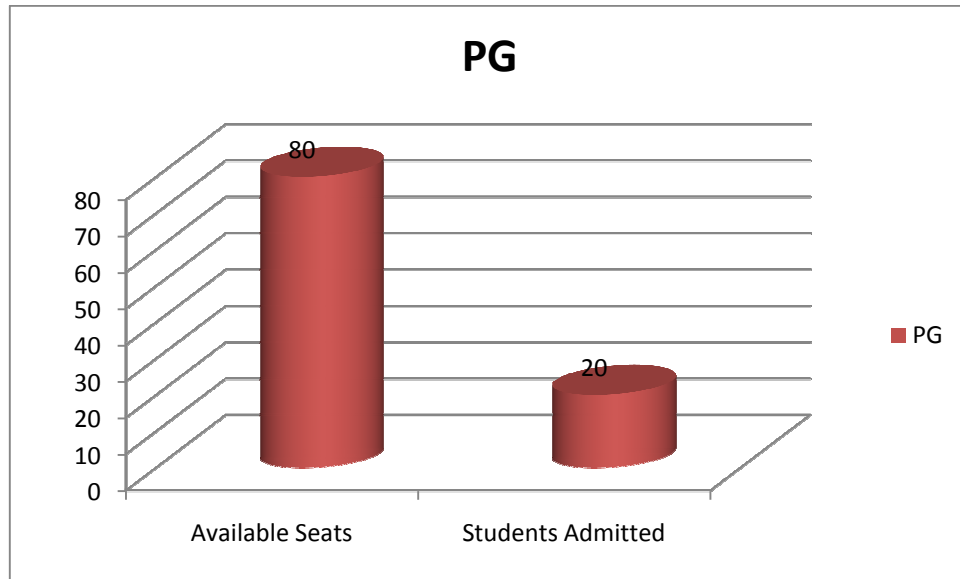
Number of students admitted in University departments in the last seven academic years:

Year	Certificate	Diploma	B.Ed.	UG	PG	M.Ed.	M.Phil	Ph.D.	Total
2007-08	73	0	100	-	188	-	269	184	814
2008-09	5	0	100	-	105	-	275	204	689
2009-10	9	9	100	-	72	-	318	146	654
2010-11	0	0	100	-	114	-	291	118	623
2011-12	0	19	96	7	113	-	324	183	742
2012-13	0	0	100	0	58	35	284	137	614
2013-14	0	0	100	-	20	22	142	72	356
Total	87	28	696	7	670	57	1903	1044	4492

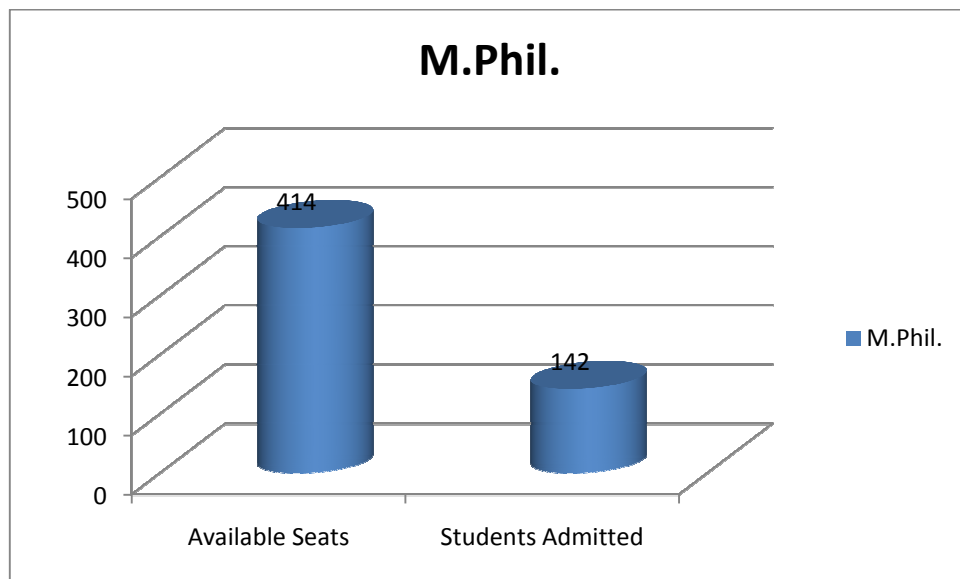
Demand Analysis of All Academic courses: Admitted students from 2013-14

Programmes	Available Seats	Number of Applications	Number of Students Admitted	Demand Ratio (Applications Received)	Actual
PG	80	87	20	1:1	1:0.25
M.Phil.	414	462	142	1:1	1:0.34
Ph.D.	-	151	74	-	

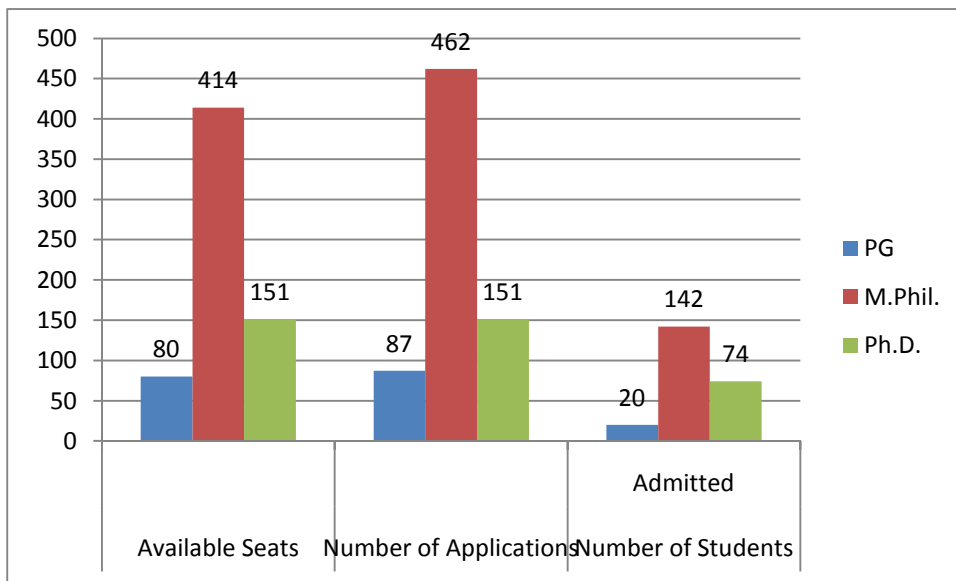
PG Admission 2013-14



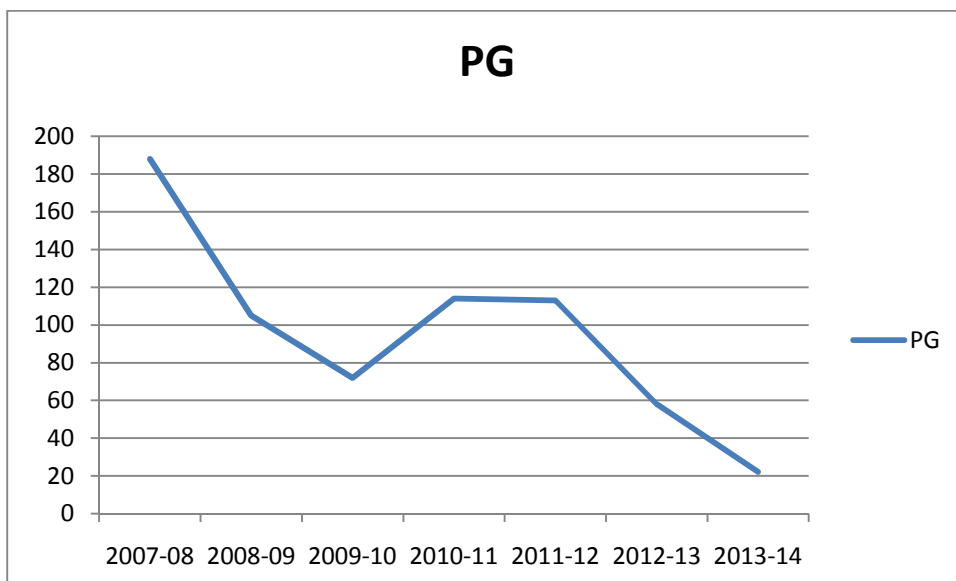
M.Phil. Admission 2013-14



Application Received and Admitted for Courses (2013-14)



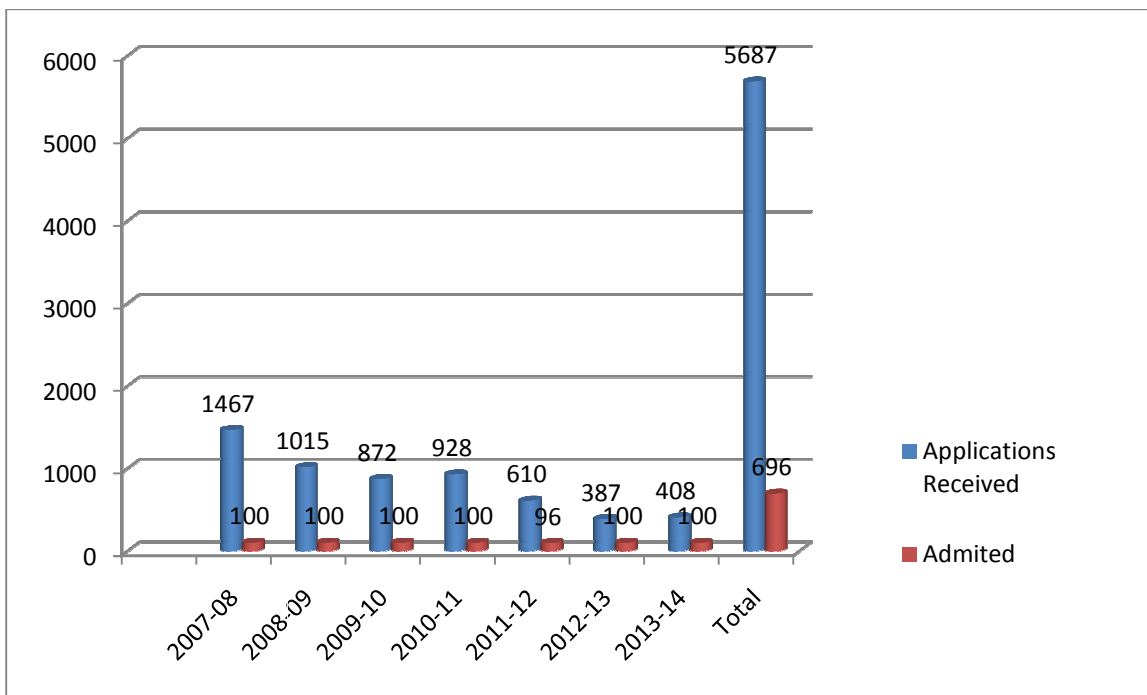
Demand for All PG. Courses



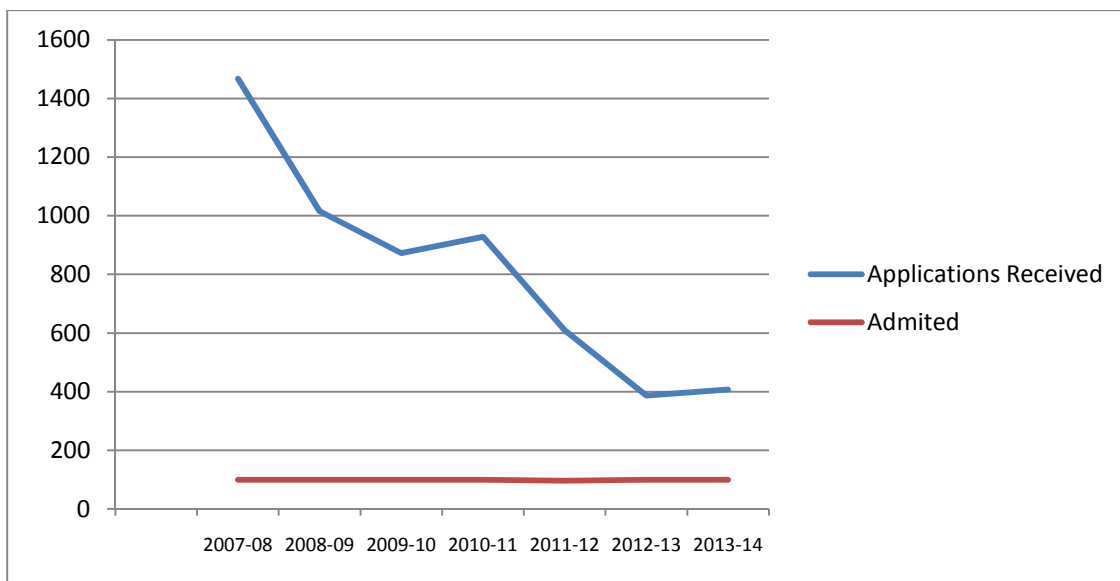
Demand for the B.Ed. Course

Year	Applications Received	Admitted
2007-08	1467	100
2008-09	1015	100
2009-10	872	100
2010-11	928	100
2011-12	610	96
2012-13	387	100
2013-14	408	100
Total	5687	696

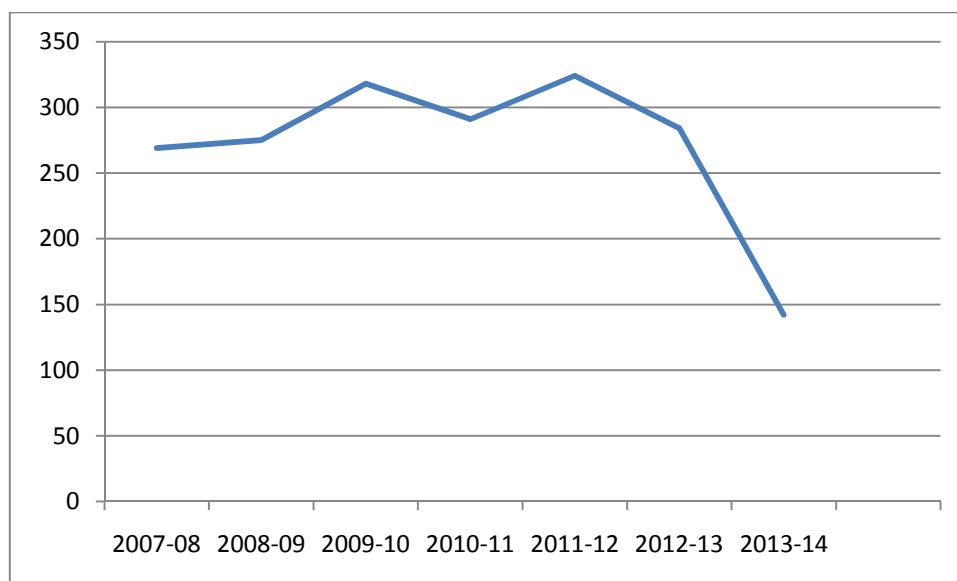
Cumulative Demand for B.Ed. course



Annual Demand for B.Ed. Course



Demand for M.Phil Course: Number of seats filled



2.1.7. Were any programmes discontinued / staggered by the University in the last four years? If yes, please specify the reasons.

Yes.

Due to lack of student demand, the following programmes are not running regularly.

M.A. - History, Art and Culture; Music; Applied Linguistics, Temple Arts, Tourism and Philosophy;

M.Sc. - Bio-Medical Sciences; Earth Sciences; Computer Sciences

The M.A. courses of Applied Tamilology and Folklore were discontinued.

2.2 CATERING TO DIVERSE NEEDS OF STUDENTS

2.2.1. Does the University organize orientation / induction programme for fresher's? If yes, give details such as the duration, issues covered, experts involved and mechanism for using the feedback in subsequent years.

Yes.

The admission to the academic programme starts with briefing about the opportunities, scope of the subject of study, the need to avoid ragging and time management for academic excellence. It also guides them appropriately for the selection/choice of elective courses.

2.2.2. Does the University have a mechanism through which the "differential requirements of the student population" are analyzed after admission and before the commencement of classes? If so, how are the key issues identified and addressed?

Yes.

- Interactions with the students before the commencement of the classes help to identify the slow learners.
- Through the assessment methods such as written test and seminars, slow learners are identified. The slow learners are given remedial coaching.
- Considering the heterogeneous composition of the students, adequate opportunities are created for promoting social mixing.
- Guidance Cell for SC/ST students of the University assists the students to familiarize with the various courses and facilities available.

2.2.3. Does the University offer bridge / remedial / add-on courses? If yes, how are they structured into the timetable? Give details of the courses offered, department-wise/faculty-wise?

Yes.

Remedial courses are given to PG Students.

The courses are offered either in the afternoon or after the regular working time on holidays depending upon the convenience of the students.

Remedial courses are offered for the following PG Courses.

Faculty of Languages

Department of Tamil Literature

M.A. Tamilology

Faculty of Manuscriptology

Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology M.A. History and Archaeology

Add-on Course: PG Diploma in Translation

2.2.4 Has the University conducted any study on the academic growth of students from disadvantaged sections of society, economically disadvantaged, differently-abled, slow learners, etc.? If yes, what are the main findings?

No

2.2.5 How does the University identify and respond to the learning needs of advanced learners?

Advanced learners are identified based on their performance and interest. They are encouraged to participate in national and international level seminars. In order to promote research interest of advanced learners of various schools/departments, students are encouraged to apply for the 'Research Fellowships' that are supported by UGC and ICHR.

Students are also encouraged to attend the language courses offered by CIIL, Mysore and its Language Centres

2.3. TEACHING-LEARNING PROCESS

2.3.1. How does the University plan and organize the teaching, learning and evaluation schedules (academic calendar, teaching plan, evaluation blue print, etc.)?

The students and the teachers are stimulated with the help of the academic calendar. Teaching days are fixed taking into account the mandatory number of working days (90 days per semester), core credits and elective credits.

Conduct of model examinations and tests are done by the faculty member who handles the course based on the academic calendar. Evaluations are made through internal assessment for 25% and the end-semester examinations for 75% for PG course. For M.Phil. course, evaluation is made through internal assessment for 40% and the end-semester examinations for 60%.

2.3.2. Does the University provide course outlines and course schedules prior to the commencement of the academic session? If yes, how is the effectiveness of the process ensured?

Yes.

The faculty members provide course syllabus along with the reading list to the students at the commencement of academic session. Regarding Lab-oriented courses, list of experiments and protocols are provided to the students before the commencement of academic session.

2.3.3. Does the University face any challenges in completing the curriculum within the stipulated time frame and calendar? If yes, elaborate on the challenges encountered and the institutional measures to overcome these.

No

2.3.4. How is learning made student-centric? Give a list of participatory learning activities adopted by the faculty that contribute to holistic development and improved student learning, besides facilitating life-long learning and knowledge management.

The following participatory learning activities are given to the students

- Students are asked to prepare assignments on specific topics.
- Students are encouraged to choose a topic in an emerging area for writing assignments
- Students are given an opportunity to choose a published research paper from highly indexed journals and they are asked to review the paper.
- They are instructed to make Power Point Presentations in the seminar hall for debate.
- Discussion sessions are held for nurturing problem-solving skills

2.3.5. What is the University's policy on inviting experts/people of eminence to deliver lectures and/or organize seminars for students?

Eminent academicians and subject experts from various parts of India and abroad are invited periodically for interactive lectures, seminars as well as discussions. Funds from UGC and State Government are used periodically to organize short lectures, workshops, seminars and field trips. Experts from other National institutions are invited to deliver theme-based lectures.

The University has many endowments, which are useful in inviting various experts from different parts of the country. This helps students to get exposed to various latest developments in the field.

2.3.6. Does the University formally encourage blended learning by using e-learning resources?

Yes.

- University library is equipped with learning resources (INFLIBNET).
- ETD - Electronic Theses and Dissertation Lab was established at a cost of Rs. 14 lakhs. A server, 15 workstations, two printers, two scanners are provided for this lab with internet connection and an UPS. Researchers can access the theses and dissertations submitted in universities across the country. Also, researchers can upload their theses on the portal. This lab is provided with Wi-Fi facility so that the students, researchers and teachers could use laptop computers.

2.3.7. What are the technologies and facilities such as virtual laboratories, e-learning, open educational resources and mobile education used by the faculty for effective teaching?

- On-line Teaching and Learning using web sources (Google Earth Map and Satellite Imagery)
- Video lectures using Multi-media packages, PPT Presentation.
- GIS software is also available in the Department.

2.3.8. Is there any designated group among the faculty to monitor the trends and issues regarding developments in Open Source Community and integrate its benefits in the University's educational processes?

No.

2.3.9. What steps have the University taken to convert traditional classrooms into 24 x 7 learning places?

To convert traditional classrooms to active learning workshops, students are taken to industries, institutes and laboratories. Fieldwork is arranged and Internet access relevant to their disciplines is also provided.

2.3.10. Is there a provision for the services of counselors / mentors/ advisors for each class or group of students for academic, personal and psycho-social guidance? If yes, give details of the process and the number of students who have benefitted.

Yes.

A common student counseling cell has been set up at the University library. The Student Advisory Committee is also functioning to cater to the need of the students.

2.3.11. Were any innovative teaching approaches/methods/practices adopted/put to use by the faculty during the last four years? If yes, did they improve learning? What were the methods used to evaluate the impact of such practices? What are the efforts made by the institution in giving the faculty due recognition for innovation in teaching?

Yes.

Audio-Visual Methods are used to enhance the teaching and learning processes effectively and innovatively. General skills are taught as part of the M.Phil. and Ph.D. students.

Students have been asked to prepare PowerPoint presentations on their own and this helps to assess the impact of innovative practices.

Tamil University encourages and supports the teachers who involve in innovative teaching by supporting their research and academic activities.

2.3.12. How does the University create a culture of instilling and nurturing creativity and scientific temper among the learners?

Students are encouraged to participate in various conferences, seminars, discussions, competitions conducted in and outside the University. Students are taken to National laboratories and industries and also for fieldwork to get first-hand experience of research. Students are advised to learn the courses offered by CIIL.

2.3.13. Does the University consider student projects mandatory in the learning programme? If yes, for how many programmes have they been (percentage of total) made mandatory?

Yes.

Only in the Departments of Industries and Earth Sciences and Siddha Medicine, the student's project is mandatory. However, for M.A. Courses, the project system has been dropped as the model was changed to CBCS system.

Total Programmes	No. of PG. Programmes with Project	Percentage of Total
9	2	22 %

Total Programmes	No. of M.Phil. Programmes with Project	Percentage of Total
22	22	100 %

2.3.14. Does the University have a well qualified pool of human resource to meet the requirements of the curriculum? If there is a shortfall, how is it supplemented?

Yes.

The University has adequate human resource. Experts and eminent scholars from other institutions, Universities and industries are invited periodically to offer special lectures.

2.3.15. How are the faculty enabled to prepare computer-aided teaching/ learning materials? What are the facilities available in the University for such efforts?

The faculty members are trained to prepare computer-aided teaching/learning materials. Every department is provided with two laptop computers, one for the use of faculty and the

other for the use of students. Computer and Internet facilities are available for the students. All the seminar halls are equipped with Audio-Visual facility. Computer-aided teaching, use of educational software packages and Internet facilities enable modern information flow to students.

2.3.16. Does the University have a mechanism for the evaluation of teachers by the students / alumni? If yes, how is the evaluation feedback used to improve the quality of the teaching-learning process?

Yes.

Only from the students in the PG course Department. As the courses are only few, the feedback system is managed by the Department itself. As the progress of the M.Phil and Ph.D courses is concerned with the supervisor, the faculty members themselves serve as the counselors for individual students. When representation from a particular student is received as a grievance, the matter is placed before the Vice-Chancellor and necessary help is provided to the student.

2.4. TEACHER QUALITY

2.4.1. How does the University plan and manage its human resources to meet the changing requirements of the curriculum?

- All faculty members are encouraged to attend seminars, workshops, orientation and refresher Courses, which are organized by the UGC Academic Staff Colleges to keep their knowledge updated.
- The University appoints also Visiting Professors, Guest Lecturers in the concerned discipline to meet the changing requirements of the curriculum.

2.4.2. Furnish details of the faculty

Highest Qualification	Professor		Associate Professor		Assistant Professor		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Permanent Teachers							
D.Litt.	1	---	---	---	---	---	1
Ph.D.	5	3	---	---	30	13	51
M.Phil.	---	---	1	---	3	---	4
PG	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Temporary Teachers : NIL							
Ph.D.	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
M.Phil.	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
PG	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Part-time Teachers : NIL							
Ph.D	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
M.Phil	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
PG	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

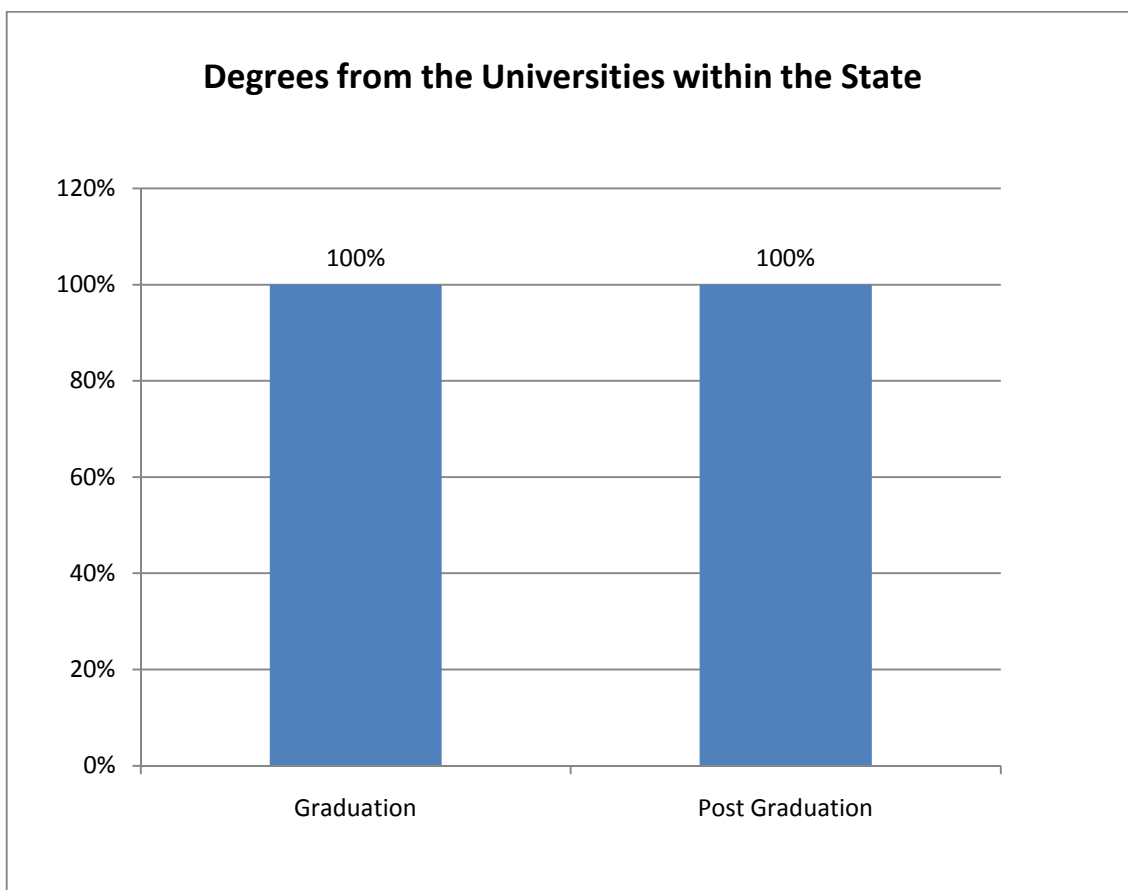
2.4.3. Does the University encourage diversity in its faculty recruitment? Provide the Following details (department / school-wise).

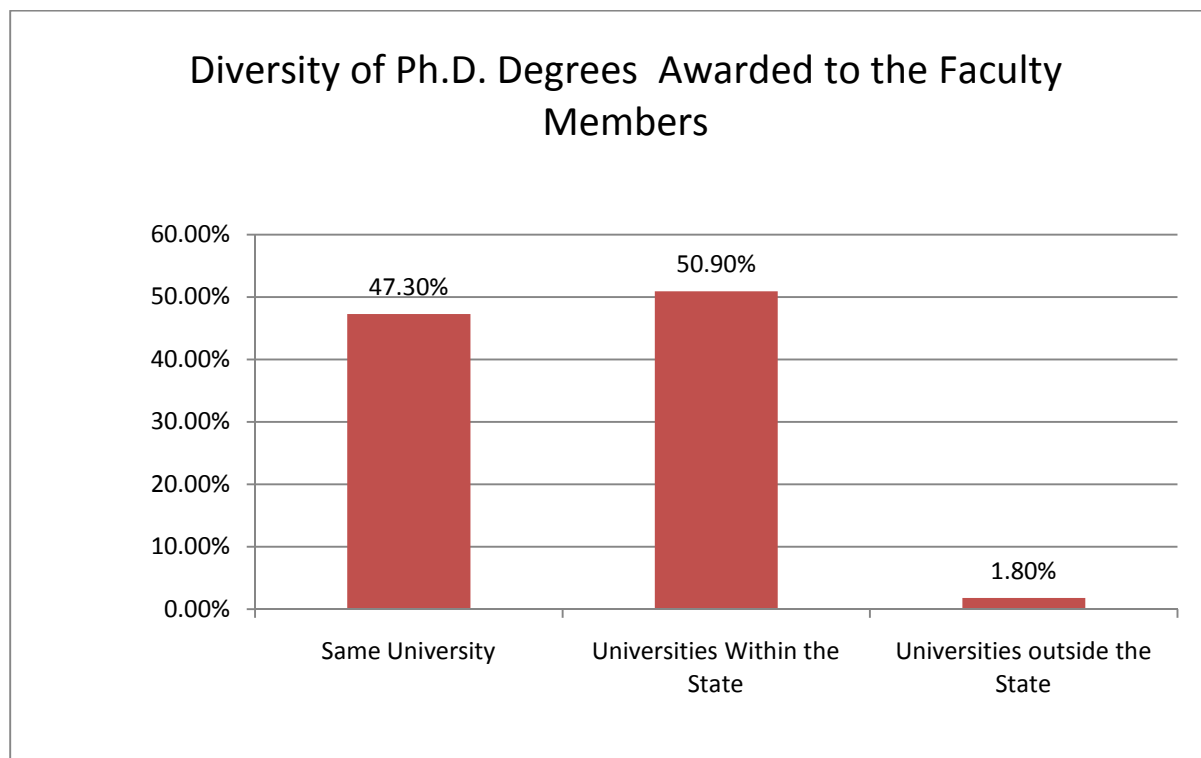
Yes. The University encourages diversity in its faculty recruitment. All the faculty members (100 %) are graduates from other universities within the state. Similarly, all the faculty members completed the post-Graduate Courses from other universities within the state. The Ph.D. degrees of the 50.9 per cent (29) of the faculty members are from the other universities within the state. The Ph.D. degrees of the 47.3 per cent (27) of the faculty members are from the same university. The Ph.D. degree of the 1.8 % (1) of the faculty members is from outside the state.

Department/ School	No. of Faculties	Graduation Other University	Post Graduation	FOR DOCTORAL DEGREE			
				% if faculty from other universities within the State	% if faculty from other universities within the State	% of faculty from the same University	% if faculty from other universities within the State
Sculpture	AP- 1+1=2	100 %	100 %	100%	NIL	NIL	NIL
Music	P-0+1=1 AP-0+2=2	100 %	100 %	66.6 %	33.4 %	NIL	NIL
Drama	AP-1+0=1	100 %	100 %	NIL	100%	NIL	NIL
Palm-leaf Manuscripts	AP-1+1=2	100 %	100 %	100%	NIL	NIL	NIL
Epigraphy and Archeology	AP-3+1=4	100 %	100 %	75%	NIL	25%	NIL
Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	P-2+0=2	100 %	100 %	100%	NIL	NIL	NIL
Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	AP-3+0=3	100 %	100 %	33.4 %	66.6 %	NIL	NIL
Translation	AP-2+0=2	100 %	100 %	NIL	100%	NIL	NIL
Lexicography	AP-1+3=4	100 %	100 %	50%	50%	NIL	NIL
Social Science	P-1+0=1 AP-1+0=1	100 %	100 %	50 %	50 %	NIL	NIL
Scientific Tamil and Tamil Development	AP-2+1=3	100 %	100 %	66.6 %	33.4 %	NIL	NIL
Education and Management	P=1 AP 8+1=9	100 %	100 %	40 %	60 %	NIL	NIL
Literature	AP-2+1=3	100 %	100 %	33.4%	66.6%	NIL	NIL
Linguistics	AP-1+1=2	100 %	100 %	NIL	100%	NIL	NIL
Philosophy	P-1+0=1 AP-1+0=1	100 %	100 %	NIL	100%	NIL	NIL

School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature	AP-1+1=2	100 %	100 %	NIL	100 %	NIL	NIL
Folklore	AP-2+0=2	100 %	100 %	50%	50%	NIL	NIL
Siddha Medicine	P-0+1=1 AP-1+1=2	100 %	100 %	50 %	50 %	NIL	NIL
Ancient Sciences	P-0+1=1 AP-1+0=1	100 %	100 %	50%	50%	NIL	NIL
Industries and Earth Sciences	P-3+0=3	100 %	100 %	33.4%	66.6%	NIL	NIL
Department of Computer Science	ASP-1+0=1 AP-2+0=2	100 %	100 %	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Architecture	NIL	100 %	100 %	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Environmental and Herbal Science	AP-1+1=2	100 %	100 %	50%	50%	NIL	NIL

Diversity of the Degrees Awarded to the Faculty Members





2.4.4. How does the University ensure those qualified faculties are appointed for new programmes / emerging areas of study (Bio-technology, Bio-informatics, Material Science, Nanotechnology, Comparative Media Studies, Diaspora Studies, Forensic Computing, Educational Leadership, etc.)? How many faculty members were appointed to teach new programmes during the last four years?

The University advertises in the leading Newspapers and as well as circular is placed in the University website giving the minimum necessary qualification as prescribed by UGC norms.

During the assessment period, one Professor and Three Associate Professors were appointed to teach new programmes.

2.4.5. How many Emeritus / Adjunct Faculty / Visiting Professors are on the rolls of the University?

Emeritus Professors	Visiting Professors (2013-14)
01	23

(Please see Annexure III page No. 172)

The Tamil Nadu Government has sanctioned Rs. 2 lakhs to invite the eminent scholars and creative writers to stay at Tamil University and interact with the faculty and students and also to produce a creative work for publication by Tamil University. Seven Scholars have been invited so far. The facilities such as accommodation in the faculty Guest House, use of library and honorarium are provided to these experts.

2.4.6. What policies/systems are in place to academically recharge and rejuvenate teachers? (e.g. providing research grants, study leave, nomination to national/international conferences/seminars, in-service training, organizing national/international conferences etc.)?

- Support (leave with pay and/or travel) is extended to teachers for getting training, pursuing collaborative research work and teaching in other institutions.
- Faculty members are supported with travel grants to attend national and international conferences.
- Funds are provided to organize symposia, seminars, conferences and workshops.
- Faculty members are also encouraged to apply for research grants.
- Provision for sabbatical leave is also given even at Statute level.

2.4.7. How many faculty received awards / recognitions for excellence in teaching at the state, national and international level during the last four years?

26 staff members have received 48 awards.

Important Awards

- The **Indian President Award** for Classical Tamil for the year 2005-06 (Young Scholar), Dr.M.Bavani, Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology Young Scholar Award (Rs.1,00,000-/-) in the year 2010.
- Professor A. Angayarkanni -Tamil Perayam Award in 2013 **Muttutandavar Tamil Music award** by SRM University, Chennai (Rs.1,50,000-/-) for her book *Pannum Layamum*.

2.4.8. How many faculty underwent staff development programmes during the last four years (add any other programme if necessary)?

Among the faculty members, 54 (52 assistant professors and 2 professors) have undergone staff development programmes. The rate of attendance of faculty recharge programmes per faculty member for the seven periods is 5.92.

Academic Staff Development Programmes	Number Courses attended by Faculty*
Refresher courses	75
Orientation programmes	108
Staff training conducted by the University	22
Staff training conducted by other institutions	6
Summer/Winter schools, workshops, etc.	109
	320

*Details are provided in the Evaluative Report

2.4.9. What percentage of the faculty have

been invited as resource persons in Workshops / Seminars / Conferences organized by external professional agencies?	30%
participated in external Workshops / Seminars / Conferences recognized by national/ international professional bodies?	15%
Presented papers in Workshops / Seminars / Conferences conducted or recognized by professional agencies?	90%
Teaching experience in other universities / national institutions and other institutions?	50%
Industrial engagement?	05%
International experience in teaching?	05%

2.4.10. How often does the University organize academic development programmes (e.g.: curriculum development, teaching-learning methods, examination reforms, content / knowledge management, etc.) for its faculty aimed at enriching the teaching-learning process?

As and when the necessity arises, the matter such as curriculum development, examination reforms are decided through Head of the Departments, deans meeting including the experts. The decisions are placed before the Syndicate before implementation.

2.4.11. Does the University have a mechanism to encourage Mobility of faculty between universities for teaching?

- Faculty members visit other universities, colleges and institutions to deliver lectures as resource persons and visiting fellows. Faculty members are also encouraged to visit other universities/institutions with leave and pay.

The School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature collaborates with Volkswagen Foundation, Germany. The joint project aims at study of the Endangered Languages - Kurumba and Chola Nayakkan. In this connection the Dr. R.Muralidharan has visited Munich University Germany. He has taught the methods to document methods about the endangered languages to the research students and faculties.

A workshop was conducted in connection with Volkswagen Foundation Project at CIIL with the team members and research scholars of CIIL who are working in the endangered language project.

Dr. A. Karthikeyan, Professor of Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries was in the Board of Studies of Mahatma Gandhi Institute of Oriental Studies, Mauritius 2009-10, 2010-11, and 2011-12. He also delivered lectures at the institute.

Dr. Udayasurian, Head of Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries delivered lectures at the University of Malaya and University of Sultan Idris Educational University. He also delivered lectures at Mahatma Gandhi Institute of Oriental Studies, Mauritius.

Dr. Udayasurian, Head of Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries delivers lectures at Singapore Tamil Teacher's Union on the Overseas Educational and Cultural Immersion Programme.

Dr. P.Jayakumar, Assistant Professor, Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology, supported as visiting faculty for the course in Epigraphy at SASTRA University, Thanjavur.

Dr. N.Athiyaman, Dr. S.Rajavelu and Dr. V.Selvakumar, faculty members of Tamil University, have conducted a workshop on Archaeology to the students of Kumbakonam Govt. Arts College for women.

Dr. J. Rengasamy, Dept. of Philosophy participated in the 2nd International Ayurveda and Yoga Conference at the City Recital Hall Sydney, AUSTRALIA from 3rd to 5th April 2009. Dharma Heart Yoga & Meditation Centre, Meenian, Australia (dharmaheart.com.au). He also delivered Lectures on Kapila *Samkhya*, Patanjali's *Yoga Sutras* and *Bhagavad Gita* from 7th to 18th April 2009. Also Guided and Delivered Lectures on "Body Mind Problems in relation and union with the Personal as well as Universal Consciousness with the Necessary Solutions For the Peaceful Life While Performing the various Yogic Postures."

Visiting Faculty from Foreign Countries

Name Of Visiting Fellow	Institution	Period
Dr. Christiane Pilot	Lacito-CNRS, Paris	05.11.2012 - 10.11.2012
Dr. Christiane Pilot	Lacito-CNRS, Paris	17.03.2013 - 19.03.2013
Dr. Frank Heidman	Munich University, Germany	2013

Faculty exchange programmes with national and international bodies? If yes, how have these schemes helped in enriching the quality of the faculty?

- This programme has helped to improve the quality of research and teaching activities.
- University has evolved a mechanism to achieve the output of high quality research publications in peer reviewed professional journals and ensure innovative teaching practices in new areas.
- The faculty members are encouraged to visit laboratories in other universities and institutes both in India and abroad.

2.5. EVALUATION PROCESS AND REFORMS

2.5.1. How does the University ensure that all the stakeholders are aware of the evaluation processes that are operative?

- The whole examination schedule and evaluation system are informed well in advance to students and teachers
- The evaluation system in detail with scheme of valuation is briefed to the Board of Examiners and teachers by the chairman of the respective boards of examiners.
- The students are given the opportunity to see their answer scripts after evaluation on demand, reflecting the true spirit of transparency. Students also have a provision to apply for revaluation, in case of grievances.

2.5.2. What are the important examination reforms initiated by the University and to what extent have they been implemented in the University departments and affiliated colleges? Cite a few examples which have positively impacted the examination management system

The University follows uniform pattern of examinations for all the PG courses in the University Departments under CBCS. The following student-friendly reforms are introduced in the examination system.

- Central valuation system is adopted to avoid delay
- All practical examinations are conducted before the end semester exams.
- The examiners are provided with scheme of valuation and key to ensure accuracy.
- Transparency is practiced after the evaluation of answer papers in which students are given answer scripts for perusal and subsequent claim for revaluation.
- The continuous assessment of performance of the students has made the task of the students relatively easy.
- After the end-semester examinations, supplementary exams are conducted in July-August every year to facilitate students to go for higher studies or jobs.
- In the final year, consolidated mark statements and degree certificates are issued with photo identity.
- The University has introduced *Tatkal* system to issue the degree certificates on the same day.

2.5.3. What is the average time taken by the University for Declaration of examination results? In case of delay, what measures have been taken to address them? Indicate the mode / media adopted by the University for the Publication of examination results (e.g. website, SMS, email, etc.).

The University publishes the results within 30 days after the examination.

The examination results are also hosted in University website which is www.tamiluniveristy.ac.in

2.5.4. How does the University ensure transparency in the evaluation process? What are the rigorous features introduced by the University to ensure confidentiality?

- University ensures transparency in the evaluation processes and gives chance to the students after the examination results are published in the University website.
- To ensure the confidentiality, question papers are opened at the commencement of the examinations by the Chief Superintendent, and before the students.
- The answer scripts are kept in cover for examination centre with the address blackened, before distributing the answer scripts to the examiners for evaluation. The settings of the question papers by the examiners are kept confidential.
- Likewise, the printing of the question papers are also kept confidential.
- Copy of answer sheets are provided to students for verification on request.

2.5.5 Does the University have an integrated examination platform for the following processes?

Since the Tamil University is unitary in nature and all the departments (except a few) offering courses are at Tamil University campus and the number of students going for examinations in regular stream is less than 500 in each semester, there is no integrated online platform or software. However, during pre-examination processes, examination processes and post-examination processes, a core examination group headed by Controller of Exams, Assistant Controller of Exams, and consisting of concerned clerks, superintendents and Assistant Registrar sit together and prepare and schedule the exam schedule, allotment of invigilators, materials management and logistics, result processing.

2.5.6. Has the University introduced any reforms in its Ph.D. evaluation process?

Yes.

Tamil University introduced UGC new regulation 2009 for Ph.D. admission and evaluation process since 2011. It also adopts the regulations of Tamil Nadu State Higher Education Council.

2.5.7. Has the University created any provision for including the name of the college in the degree certificate?

NA

2.5.8 What is the mechanism for redressal of grievances with reference to examinations?

For redressal of grievances, if any, in the examination process or discrepancy in marks, or results, students have the option to address the Controller of Examination. They can apply for revaluation. During Passing Board meeting, concerned Heads of Departments and Deans can also raise their grievances and redressal is possible.

2.5.9. What efforts have been made by the University to streamline the operations at the Office of the Controller of Examinations? Mention any significant efforts which have improved the process and functioning of the examination division/section.

- New computers were provided to Controller of Examination section.
- Software programmes were installed for printing of Marks statement, consolidated marks statement, Provisional Certificate, Convocation etc.
- New colour printer with high speed and more accuracy were installed for printing of certificates.
- Papers with security mark and emblem purchased for marks statement and certificates.

2.6. STUDENT PERFORMANCE AND LEARNING OUTCOMES

2.6.1. Has the University articulated its Graduate Attributes? If so, how does it facilitate and monitor its implementation and outcome?

The Graduate Attributes such as quality and enhanced understanding that a student should develop as part of the learning process are taken care by Tamil University's vision and mission, and its motto 'Uḷḷuvatellām Uyarvuḷḷal' (Aim High).

Students are motivated to acquire wisdom, to aim high and to serve the society, by way of counseling at the time of admission and also during course by the faculty members. They are motivated to involve them in the activities of NSS, Red Cross Society and Red Ribbon Clubs. It enables them to be socially responsible.

Added to the subject knowledge, communication skills are imparted to the students by means of special classes. The CBCS allows them to select some of their interested interdisciplinary subjects to acquire skills.

2.6.2. Does the University have clearly stated learning outcomes for its academic programmes? If yes, give details on how the students and staff are made aware of these?

Yes.

Learning outcomes of all the programmes are stated. At the time of the first day of the programmes, the students are made aware of the expected outcomes of the programmes. The faculty members are already aware of the outcomes as they are members of the syllabus committee as ex-officio members.

2.6.3. How are the University's teaching, learning and assessment strategies structured to facilitate the achievement of the intended learning outcomes?

Intended learning outcomes of the programmes are achieved by strictly adhering to teaching schedules, internal assessment pattern (tests, seminars and assignments) and examination schedule.

2.6.4. How does the University collect and analyse data on student learning outcomes and use it to overcome the barriers to learning?

Data on student learning outcomes are collected in the middle of semesters by respective Heads of the departments and suitable remedial measures are taken to address the problems in learning like advising them to join in remedial coaching or taking extra classes for the students with learning problem. Regular interactions with the students help understand the learning outcomes.

2.6.5. What are the new technologies deployed by the University in enhancing student learning and evaluation and how does it seek to meet fresh/ future challenges?

The following new technologies are adopted to enhance learning:

- Using PowerPoint presentation in the class room teaching.
- Arranging visits to places of interests (like temples, excavation sites, field of study, concert, etc.).
- Encouraging students to search the Internet, to know recent global scenario in their respective disciplines and to understand requirement and skill needed for up-liftment and employability.
- Encouraging students to read newspapers and watch certain education-oriented programmes on TV.
- Education related videos are also arranged
- Special lectures by eminent scholars in respective disciplines
- Encouraged to participate in seminars

Any other information regarding Teaching, Learning and Evaluation which the University would like to include.

- Students have been provided with Laptop computer facility.
- LCD projector has been provided to the departments that offer PG courses

CRITERION III: RESEARCH, CONSULTANCY AND EXTENSION

3.1 PROMOTION OF RESEARCH

3.1.1 Does the University have a Research Committee to monitor and address issues related to research? If yes, what is its composition? Mention a few recommendations which have been implemented and their impact.

Yes.

The University has a Research Committee comprising the Vice Chancellor, as Chairman, Deans of Five Faculties, Controller of Exams, Director of DDE and a representative each from the cadre of Professor, Associate Professor, and Assistant Professors as Members.

The Committee regularly meets once in three months, to ensure and adopt the regulations as per the requirements and regulations essential for the current trends in research work officially for multidisciplinary area of research, following the guidelines of UGC and TNSCHE.

Recommendations include:

1. Written entrance examination to be followed for non-M.Phil Ph.D. students and interview, for Ph.D. scholars with M.Phil. Degree.
2. Course work with 4 papers in the first year of Ph.D. program.
3. Speeding up evaluation of Ph.D. dissertations.
4. Bi-annual review on the research work of the Ph.D. scholars to monitor the progress is followed.
5. This results in the publication of at least one research paper in a year in refereed journals.
6. Review of Ph.D. students' progress by the Vice-Chancellor

3.1.2 What is the policy of the University to promote research in its affiliated / constituent colleges?

NA

3.1.3 What are the proactive mechanisms adopted by the University to facilitate the smooth implementation of research schemes/ projects?

Tamil University administration promotes for timely release of funds, pre-auditing and submission of utilization certificate to the funding agencies for the smooth implementation of research projects.

Tamil University has appointed a Special Officer for speedy transactions of research projects in 2012. The following are the major steps taken for the speedy implementation of research projects.

➤ **Advancing funds for sanctioned projects**

As soon as the Project Investigator places the request for field trip or purchase of equipments, speedy processing of the file is ensured by the Grants section.

- **Providing seed money**
Limited support is provided for fieldwork, if there is any request from the faculty members, and also if the research work is very important.
- **Simplification of procedures related to sanctions /purchases to be made by the investigators**
Yes. The process related to the purchase of equipment (up to Rs. 50000) has been simplified.
- **Autonomy to the principal investigator/coordinator for utilizing overhead charges**
No. But, the money is spent for departmental activities through the University.
- **Timely release of grants**
The grants for research sanctioned on time.
- **Timely auditing**
Yes. Support is provided.
- **Submission of utilization certificate to the funding authorities on time**
Yes. Support is provided.

3.1.4. How is interdisciplinary research promoted?

Most of the departments in Tamil University are unique and multidisciplinary in nature. For example, the Departments of Siddha Medicine, Drama, Music, Sculpture, Palm-leaf Manuscripts, Rare-paper Manuscripts, Epigraphy and Archaeology and Folklore.

Collaboration with national and international institutions is encouraged by the University. Various collaborative research projects with various national institutions like Central Institute of Indian Languages, Mysore, Central Institute for Classical Tamil, Thanjavur Saraswathi Mahal Library, SASTRA, National Institute of Technology, funded by ICHR, CSIR, ICMR, ICSSR, DST and various other institutions are being carried out.

The **Historical Atlas of South India Project** was jointly undertaken with generous funding from Ford Foundation of India. Tamil University jointly undertook this project in collaboration with French Institute of Pondicherry, MG University, Kottayam, Mangalore University and Central University of Hyderabad. The project was completed in 2008 which involved eminent scholars of Archaeology, Epigraphy, History and Cartography.

The School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature collaborates with Volkswagen Foundation, Germany. The joint project aims at study of the Endangered Languages - Kurumba and Chola Nayakkan. In this connection Dr. R.Muralidharan has visited LACITO-Paris, Max Planck Institute for Psycho Llinguistics, Netherlands, and Ludwig-Maxmillions University, Munich, Germany. He has taught the methods of documentation of the endangered languages to the research students and faculties. In connection with the project, a workshop was organized at Mysore in India for the CIIL team.

3.1.5. Give details of workshops/training programmes/ sensitization programmes conducted by the University to promote a research culture on campus.

A total of 49 workshop/training programmes and 5 refresher courses were conducted during the seven year period (2007-2014).

(Please See Annexure IV page no. 174)

3.1.6. How does the University facilitate researchers of eminence to visit the campus as adjunct professors? What is the impact of such efforts on the research activities of the University?

Eminent professors, scholars and scientists from India and abroad are invited to Tamil University to take part in conferences, workshops and discussions and to deliver lectures on various topics in the departments.

This helps the faculty members, PG, M.Phil. and Ph.D. scholars to get exposed to the advancements in their domains, and to generate new ideas and concepts.

3.1.7 What percentage of the total budget is earmarked for research? Give details of heads of expenditure, financial allocation and actual utilization.

Actual Expenditure for Research and its percentage in the Total Expenditure (Rs.)

	Head	2009-2010	2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014
A	Total Expenditure	27,64,67,999	45,02,91,088	38,31,50,083	41,51,50,826	63,18,22,791
B	Research Projects	20,65,501	17,39,283	30,69,489	50,50,820	1,31,35,812
	Endowment Lecture	26,90,038	24,65,763	58,76,001	37,48,879	45,00,497
	Publications of Research papers	0	34,51,686	25,64,325	0	0
	Machine Translation	15,87,798	96,000	0	0	0
	Wordnet	4,72,068	8,94,482	12,045	0	0
	OASTC	2,33,712	2,01,647	2,32,016	0	0
	INCOAS	3,65,721	1,20,000	59,570	0	0
	MOES	3,18,921	11,009	0	0	0
	Other Research Projects	29,78,220	13,23,138	3,03,631	0	0
Total of B		77,33,759	89,79,870	1,18,13,446	87,99,699	1,76,36,309
% of Total Budget for Research		2.79 %	1.99 %	3.08 %	2.11 %	2.79 %

3.1.8 In its budget, does the University earmark funds for promoting research in its affiliated colleges? If yes, provide details.

NA

3.1.9 Does the University encourage research by awarding Post-Doctoral Fellowships/Research Associateships? If yes, provide details like number of students registered, funding by the University and other sources.

Yes. Tamil University encourages Post-Doctoral research.

- Dr. Nallathambi was working as Research Associate in the Department of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology.
- Dr. S.B. Darsana was a Post-Doctoral Fellow Funded by ICHR. She was working in the Department of Maritime History & Marine Archaeology.
- Many scholars are encouraged to apply for Post-Doctoral Fellowship from other institutions.

Table List of Post-Doctoral Researchers of the University

	Name	Department	Year	Funding Agency
1	Dr. T. Nallathambi	Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	2009-2011	Tamil Nadu Government
2	Dr. S.B.Darsana	Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	2008-2010	Indian Council of Historical Research
3	Dr.A.Vasantha	Department of Folklore	2008-2010	UGC

3.1.10. What percentage of faculty has utilized the sabbatical leave for pursuit of higher research in premier institutions within the country and abroad? How does the University monitor the output of these scholars?

Nil

3.1.11 Provide details of national and international conferences organized by the University highlighting the names of eminent scientists / scholars who participated in these events.

The Departments of the University organised 138 international, national and state level seminars.

(Please see Annexure V National and International Conferences/Seminars Organized page No. 179)

(Please see Annexure VI Eminent Visitors and Scholars who attended the Seminars and Lecture Programmes page No. 189)

3.2 RESOURCE MOBILIZATION FOR RESEARCH

3.2.1 What are the financial provisions made in the University budget for supporting students' research projects?

- Lab and infrastructure facilities
Analytical laboratories, computer infrastructure, and Internet connectivity are provided to the research students for pursuing research and the faculty for carrying out the research projects.
- Field visits are arranged for the students to visit the research institutions, industries, herbal gardens, hills and forests, historical places and museum for collection and surveying of data for the concerned subjects.
- Providing Laptop computers and library facilities for the students.

3.2.2 Has the University taken any special efforts to encourage its faculty to file for patents? If so, how many have been registered and accepted?

Yes. The Tamil University has applied for a patent in the field of herbal sciences.

Applied Patent : 1 (Department of Environmental & Herbal Sciences)

Registered and Accepted : Nil
Date of Application 30.07.2010

3.2.3 Provide the following details of ongoing research projects of faculty:

The faculty members are currently undertaking 38 projects with the funding allocation of 432.446 lakhs.

(Please see Annexure VII Ongoing Research Projects of the faculty, page no. 197)

3.2.4 Does the University have any projects sponsored by the industry / corporate houses? If yes, give details such as the name of the project, funding agency and grants received.

No

3.2.5 How many departments of the University have been recognized for their research activities by national / international agencies (UGC-SAP, CAS; Department with Potential for Excellence; DST-FIST; DBT, ICSSR, ICHR, ICPR, etc.) and what is the quantum of assistance received? Mention any two significant outcomes or breakthroughs achieved by this recognition.

- Department of Industry and Earth Science has been functioning as Nodal Agency of Ministry of Earth Sciences for Beach Placer Minerals
- Department of Industry and Earth Science has received funding for PG Diploma course under Innovative Scheme
- Dr. R.Muralidharan, School of Indian Languages and Comparative literature was given funding by the Volkswagen Foundation Germany for research on Endangered Languages - Kurumba and Chola Nayakkan

3.2.6 List details of

- a. Research projects completed and grants received during the last four years (funded by National/International agencies).**

The faculty members of Tamil University completed 175 research projects at the cost of Rs. 465.994 lakhs.

*(Annexure VIII Completed Projects and Funds Received
(funded by National/International agencies). See page No. 202)*

b. Inter-institutional collaborative projects and grants received**i) All India collaboration**

	Department	Title of the Project	Collaboration	Funding Received
2007-08	Epigraphy and Archaeology	Historical Atlas of South India	The Tamil University has collaborated with French Institute of Pondicherry, M.G. University, Kottayam, Mangalore University and Central University of Hyderabad for the preparation of Historical Atlas of South India www.ifpindia.org/histatlas/	18.00 Lakhs
2013-14	Rare-paper Manuscripts	Digitization of Modi Manuscripts	The Government of Maharashtra	133.00 lakhs
From 1989	School of Indian Languages and Comparative literature	Special Tamil Training Course	Personal and Administration Reforms Department of Government of Tamil Nadu for teaching Tamil to IAS probationary officers	Funding according to the Number of Participants
From 1989		Special Tamil Training Course	Home (Police) Department of Government of Tamil Nadu for teaching Tamil to IPS probationary officers	Funding according to the Number of Participants
From 1989		Special Tamil Training Course	Environment (Forest) Department of Government of Tamil Nadu for teaching Tamil to IFS probationary officers	Funding according to the Number of Participants

International : 2

1	Department of Translation	Translation of Tamil literary work <i>Tirukkural</i> into Mandarin (Chinese)	Government of Tamil Nadu Project in collaboration with poet Yu-Hsi of Taiwan	41.70 lakhs
2		Translation of Poems of Bharathiyar into Mandarin (Chinese)	Government of Tamil Nadu Project in collaboration with poet Yu-Hsi of Taiwan	36.0 lakhs
3	School of Indian Languages and Comparative literature	Documentation of Endangered Languages	Volkswagen Foundation, Germany	3.5 lakhs

3.3 RESEARCH FACILITIES

3.3.1 What efforts have been made by the University to improve its infrastructure requirements to facilitate research? What strategies have been evolved to meet the needs of researchers in emerging disciplines?

The University has approached several agencies for improvement of research facilities. The University infrastructure has been developed mostly through UGC grants and Tamil Nadu State government funds.

- Under the RUSA plan following several new schemes have been proposed.
- Bio-medical research instrumentation for traditional drug-standardization and therapeutic evaluation has been proposed.
- Tamilnadu Govt. Laboratory facilities for environmental science.
- Equipment facilities for geology, geo chemistry and geo information systems.
- DNA sequencing facility for herbal sciences.

3.3.2 Does the University have an Information Resource Centre to cater to the needs of researchers? If yes, provide details of the facility.

Yes.

- Research information centre at Central library under UGC-INFLIBNET Programme provides data retrieving facilities to students and research scholars from various journals and University databases.
- Geoinformatics system service is provided by the department of Industry and Earth Sciences for conducting geological, geo chemical and hydrological investigations.
- Computer centre provides browsing and data collections to the research students and faculty.

3.3.3 Does the University have a University Science Instrumentation Centre (USIC)? If yes, have the facilities been made available to research scholars? What is the funding allotted to USIC?

The University does not have a separate **Science Instrumentation Centre**. However, **laboratory** facilities are made available in the departments of science faculty. They are utilized by all the students and faculty members of the departments. Analytical instrument facilities are available in the department of Industries and Earth Sciences, Department of Siddha Medicine and Department of Environmental and Herbal Sciences.

3.3.4 Does the University provide residential facilities (with computer and internet facilities) for research scholars, post-doctoral fellows, research associates, summer fellows of various academies and visiting scientists (national/international)?

Residential facilities are provided for research scholars, who are married, on request. Similarly guest house and hostel facilities are provided for visiting professors and scholars. Internet facility is also available in the Guest House and Library.

3.3.5 Does the University have a specialized research centre/workstation on-campus and off-campus to address the special challenges of research programmes?

- Animal House facilities for carrying out bio-chemical and pharmacological studies of Siddha Drugs standardization.
- Herbal garden for collecting and identifying medicinal plants for research studies.
- Siddha Clinical Out-patient Unit: for evaluating Siddha drugs in patients with various diseases.
- Language Lab in the School of Indian Languages.
- Phonetic Lab for morphological analysis of languages and grammar for research projects and students in the Department of Linguistics
- GIS Software in the Department of Industries and Earth Sciences
- Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Studies has a library called Athikumanan Library which has a collection of writings/books of Singapore, Mauritius, Fuji, Sri Lankan, Canada, Germany and Malaysian Tamil Literature. This resource is used by the research scholars.

3.3.6 Does the University have centres of national and international recognition/repute? Give a brief description of how these facilities are made use of by researchers from other laboratories.

Nil.

3.4 RESEARCH PUBLICATIONS AND AWARDS

3.4.1 Does the University publish any research journal(s)? If yes, indicate the composition of the editorial board, editorial policies and state whether it/they is/are listed in any international database.

Yes.

Two National Journals with ISSN No.

Tamil Kalai (Quarterly) ISSN 2277-7822

Editorial Board

Chief Editor Dr. M. Thirumalai
Vice Chancellor

Editors Dr. S. Rajavelu

Editorial Board Members

Dr. K.Thilagavathy
Dr. K.Viswanathan
Dr. G.Palanivelu
Dr.P.Nallasivam
Dr.R.Kamarasu

Tamil Civilization (Quarterly) ISSN 2277 - 7814

Editorial Board

Chief Editor Dr. M. Thirumalai
Vice Chancellor

Editors Dr. M. Jegadeesan
Dr. K. Chinnappan

Editorial Board Members

Dr. R. Baskaran
Dr. V. Elango
Dr. R. Muralidharan
Dr. V. Selvakumar

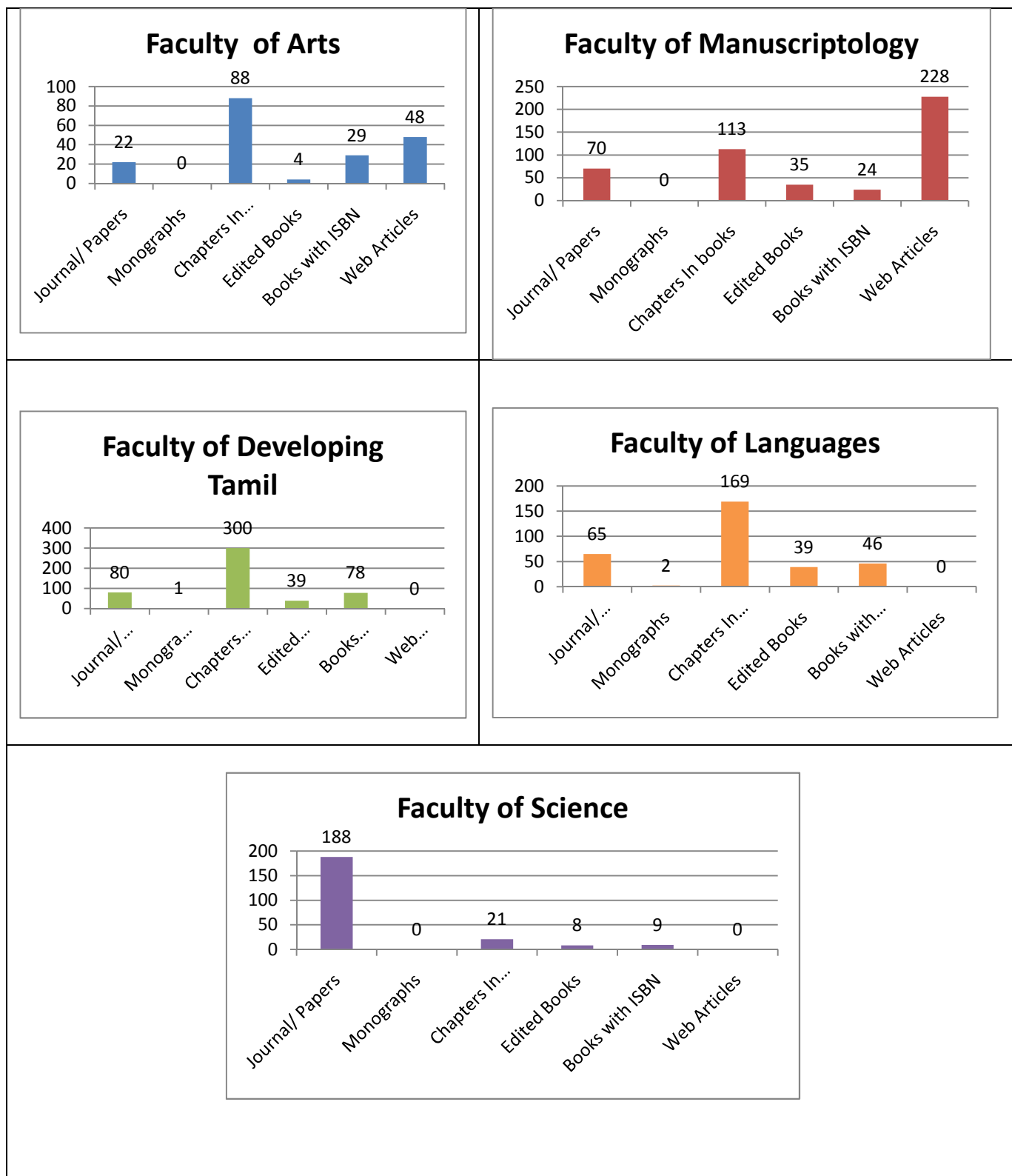
3.4.2 Give details of publications by the faculty:

(Please see Annexure IX page No. 217)

- **Number of papers published in peer reviewed journals - 425**
 - National** : 254
 - International** : 171
- **Monographs** : 3
- **Chapters in Books** : 691
- **Books edited** : 125
- **Books with ISBN with details of publishers** : 186
- **Articles in web sites** : 276
- **Number listed in International Database (For e.g. Web of Science, Scopus, Humanities International Complete, EBSCO host, etc.)** : Nil
- **Citation Index - 585**

Department Name	Citation Index	Citation Range/Ave	Impact fact range/ave	i 10 Index	h-index
Siddha Medicine	623	1-14	-	14	11
Industries & Earth Sciences	-	11/2.2	2.6/0.051	-	-
Herbal & Environmental Science	583	1-13	-	-	13

Faculty wise Distribution of Research Publications



3.4.3 Give details of

- Faculty serving on the editorial boards of National Journals: 13
International Journals : 6
- **Faculty serving as members of steering committees of international conferences recognized by reputed organizations / societies**

1	Coordinators Dr.M. Rajendran, Former Vice-Chancellor Dr. M. Ramasami, Professor	International Conference on Classical Tamil 2010 of Government of Tamil Nadu
2	Dr. N.Athiyaman Dr. V.Selvakumar	Scientific Committee of First Asia Pacific Underwater Cultural Heritage Conference, Manila 2011
3	Dr.N.Athiyaman Dr.S.Rajavelu Dr. V.Selvakumar	Scientific Committee First Asia Pacific Under Water Cultural Heritage Conference, Hawai'i 2014

3.4.4 Provide details of

- **Research awards received by the faculty and students - 46 + 21**

Major Awards received by the faculty Members - 2

- The **Indian President Award** for Classical Tamil for the year 2005-06 (Young Scholar), Dr.M.Bavani, Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology Young Scholar Award (Rs.1,00,000-/) in the year 2010.
- Professor A. Angayarkanni -Tamil Perayam Award in 2013 **Muttutandavar Tamil Music award** by SRM University, Chennai (Rs.1,50,000-/) for her book *Pannum Layamum*.

(For other awards details please see Annexure X, Page No. 218)

- **National and International recognition received by the faculty from reputed professional bodies and agencies**

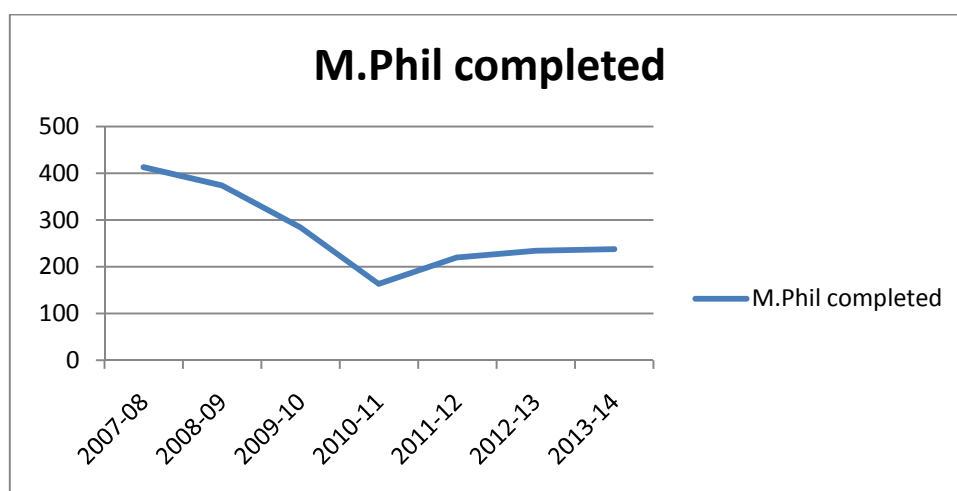
1	Coordinators Dr.M. Rajendran, Former Vice-Chancellor Dr. M. Ramasami, Professor	International Conference on Classical Tamil 2010 of Government of Tamil Nadu
2	Dr. N.Athiyaman Dr. V.Selvakumar	Scientific Committee of First Asia Pacific Underwater Cultural Heritage Conference, Manila 2011
3	Dr.N.Athiyaman Dr.S.Rajavelu Dr. V.Selvakumar	Scientific Committee First Asia Pacific Under Water Cultural Heritage Conference, Hawai'i 2014

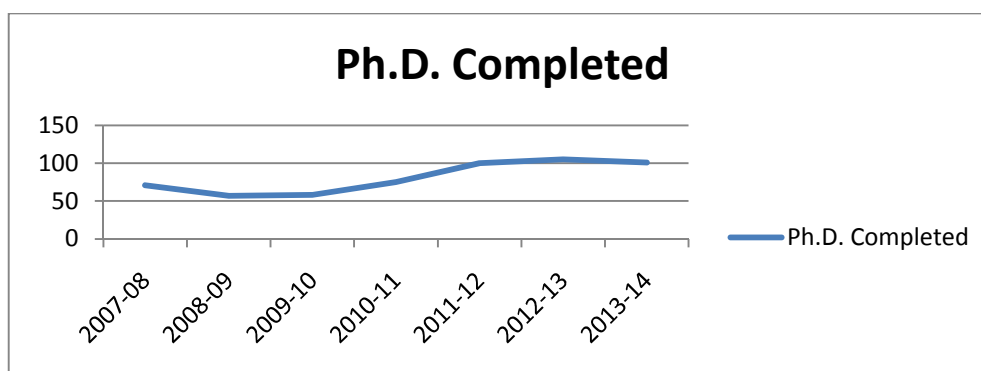
3.4.5 Indicate the average number of successful M.Phil. and Ph.D. scholars guided per faculty during the last four years. Does the University participate in *Shodhganga* by depositing the Ph.D. theses with INFLIBNET for electronic dissemination through open access?

During the period from 2007 to 2014, 512 scholars were awarded Ph.D. The average number of Ph.D. degrees awarded, per faculty member per year, is 0.88; the range is between 0.58 in the year 2008-09 and 1.22 in the year 2012-13. During the same period, 1926 scholars were awarded M.Phil., degrees. The average number of M.Phil., degrees awarded per faculty member per year is 3.30; the range is between 1.87 in the year 2010-11 and 4.26 in the year 2007-08.

Yes. The University participates in *Shodhganga* by depositing the Ph.D. theses with INFLIBNET for electronic dissemination through open access.

	M.Phil completed	Ph.D. Completed	Number of Faculty Members	Successful M.Phil. per faculty member per year	Ph.D. per faculty per year
2007-08	413	70	97	4.26	0.72
2008-09	374	56	97	3.86	0.58
2009-10	284	61	92	3.09	0.66
2010-11	163	87	87	1.87	1.00
2011-12	220	93	78	2.82	1.19
2012-13	234	84	69	3.39	1.22
2013-14	238	61	64	3.72	0.95
Total	1926	512	584	3.30	0.88





3.4.6 What is the official policy of the University to check malpractices and plagiarism in research? Mention the number of plagiarism cases reported and action taken.

The research committee checks the malpractices in research. The Ph.D. committee scrutinizes the applications received for Ph.D. and checks for duplication of research titles. For every Ph.D. student, Pre-thesis-submission presentation is conducted. During this presentation, plagiarism if any is checked. The Ph.D. theses are placed in the Library and Department for 15 days prior to the public viva voce for open access. These procedures help to eliminate plagiarism in research. Strict warning has been issued to all students and researchers regarding plagiarism.

- One Ph.D. thesis was rejected on the ground of plagiarism during 2010-11.

3.4.7 Does the University promote interdisciplinary research? If yes, how many interdepartmental /interdisciplinary research projects have been undertaken and mention the number of departments involved in such endeavours?

Yes.

Interdisciplinary research is being carried out in most of the departments of Tamil University. Interdisciplinary researches in science are undertaken by the following departments: Dept. of Siddha Medicine, Dept. of Environmental and Herbal Sciences, Dept. of Industry and Earth Science.

In the department of Siddha Medicine interdisciplinary projects in biomedical science, pharmaceutical sciences are carried out.

3.4.8 Has the University instituted any research awards? If yes, list the awards.

Two awards are instituted for the best literary works.

The University gives "Rajarajan Award" for the best literary work.

The "Karikalan Award" is given to the literary works of Tamil Diaspora writers of Singapore and Malaysia.

The best "Circulatory Magazine" Award was given to the Publishers in the year 2010-11 to encourage the little magazines which reflect Tamil Cultural and literary traditions,

3.4.9 What are the incentives given to the faculty for receiving state, national and international recognition for research contributions?

Nil

3.5 CONSULTANCY

3.5.1 What is the official policy of the University for structured consultancy? List a few important consultancies undertaken by the University during the last four years.

There is no structured consultancy offered by the University, as its main area of research is humanities and social sciences. However, free consultancy services are provided by the University in the following areas of research.

- Testing and evaluation of Siddha drugs for the students research projects of other institutions.
- Free Siddha medical consultancy is given to patients in the outpatient unit.
- Analysis and diagnosis of parameter-related to health and medicine for researchers.
- Geological and hydrological consultancy.
- Identification of musical ragas and instruments for the research projects of students from other institutions.
- Identification and period for temples sculptures as requested by the local people.
- Writing local history of villages, town and monuments.
- In reading and deciphering inscriptions, palm-leaf and Rare-paper manuscripts.
- Consultancy is provided in digital documentation of traditional arts preserved in various types of traditional media such as 16 mm films and video cassettes for South Zone Cultural Centre
- Consultancy was provided by the Audio-visual department for making Documentary Film on Saraswathi Mahal Library, Thanjavur
- Expertise was provided in video documentation of traditional Pearl fishing funded by CIIL.
- Expert advice was offered for setting up archaeological museum at School of Social Sciences, M.G. University, Kottayam, Kerala
- Consultancy to learn Indian Languages to Students at CIIL, Mysore
- Dr. N. Athiyaman and Dr. Rajavelu were invited to deliver special lectures on Indian architecture for students of Sri Lanka, and the program was organized by Directorate Hindu Religious Endowment, Sri Lanka in May 2012.

3.5.2 Does the University have a University-industry cell? If yes, what is its scope and range of activities?

Yes.

The University's industry related consultancies and activities are undertaken by a committee consisting of members from science faculty departments.

The objectives of the committee are:

- To promote the expertise for the benefit of the society
- To generate employment opportunity for the students
- Standardization of Siddha drugs
 - A few Herbal and herbo-mineral drugs and medicinal foods have been standardized for their therapeutic activity in animals and in human volunteers, for various diseases like Diabetics, arthritis, liver disorder, heart diseases, hypothyroidism, renal disease, skin diseases, fertility disorders both in male and female, prostate disorders, etc. and their chemical and physico-chemical properties.

So this Industrial collaboration helps revise the curriculum of Tamil University.

3.5.3 What is the mode of publicizing the expertise of the University for Consultancy Services? Which are the departments from whom consultancy has been sought?

The University does not publicize the expertise of the University for Consultancy Service. The services are offered on the basis of the requirements. Contacts of the faculty members along with expertise and specialization are made available in the University Website.

The departments providing consultancy services are:

- Department of Siddha Medicine.
- Department of Earth Science
- Department of Environmental and Herbal Science
- Department of Music
- Department of Sculpture
- Department of Sociology
- Department of Palm-leaf Manuscripts
- Department of Rare-paper Manuscripts
- Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology
- School of Indian Languages and Comparative literature

3.5.4 How does the University utilize the expertise of its faculty with regard to consultancy services?

Whenever request is made before the administration by the industries, agencies and the public, after due processing, permission is granted immediately without any delay and hurdles.

3.5.5 List the broad areas of consultancy services provided by the University and the revenue generated during the last four years

- Geology and soil studies
- Siddha Medicine
- Traditional music
- Digital documentation
- Language and Learning
- Cultural Studies (identification of inscriptions, temples and transliteration of documents)

Only free consultancy is provided by the University department and no income has been generated from this service.

3.6 EXTENSION ACTIVITIES AND INSTITUTIONAL SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (ISR)

3.6.1 How does the University sensitize its faculty and students on its Institutional Social Responsibilities? List the Social Outreach programmes which have created an impact on students' campus experience during the last four years.

The faculty members of all the five faculties deliver seminar programmes in various subjects aimed to sensitize the students and the research scholars.

- Organizing popular Tamil Art and Culture competitions in the field of music for the school and college students at state level.

- Lectures and exhibitions on Tamil heritage and culture are organized annually.
- Environmental and wildlife conservation programmes are conducted by the department of Environmental and Herbal Science.
- As social health awareness programme free daily consultancy service is provided to patients attending Siddha Clinical unit.
- Health awareness camp and Blood donation and eye donation camps have been organized.
- First-aid programmes are organized by Red Ribbon Club.
- AIDS awareness programmes are organized by Social Sciences Department.
- Red Ribbon club and Red Cross Society are organizing health awareness programmes.
- Heritage Tour is arranged to historically important monuments

3.6.2 How does the University promote University-neighborhood network and student engagement, contributing to the holistic development of students and sustained community development?

- The students are engaged in social welfare activities through NSS and Red Ribbon Club programmes.
- Through NSS camps organized annually, students actively take part in enhancing and promoting environmental educational and health awareness in rural areas in and around Tamil University Campus. The NSS unit of the University has worked in the village of Pillayarpatthi for several seasons.
- This promotes special collective living experience in the community.
- Through Siddha Medical out-patients unit.

3.6.3 How does the University promote the participation of the students and faculty in extension activities including participation in NSS, NCC, YRC and other National/International programmes?

- Through programme of NSS and RRC and Department of Social Sciences many activities are conducted in the district of Thanjavur every year.
- In eye donation camp, the Hon'ble Vice Chancellor Dr. M. Thirumalai, Tamil University initiated eye donating programme on 24.2.2014.

3.6.4 Give details of social surveys, research or extension work, if any, undertaken by the University to ensure social justice and empower the underprivileged and the most vulnerable sections of society?

Social justice oriented surveys are undertaken by the Department of Social Sciences.

The students are encouraged to take up Ph.D. research topics related to social justice and to empower the underprivileged and the most vulnerable sections of society.

The list of Ph.D. theses related to social issues and social justice is given below.

	Title of Ph.D. Thesis	Name of Candidate	Year of Award
1	Social work perspectives of quality of life satisfaction, self esteem and hazards of commercial sex workers in Tamil Nadu with special reference to Thanjavur district	L. Rani	2007
2	A critical study in the changing scenario on the status of Muslims in Aravakuruchi Taluk of Karur District Tamilnadu	N. Shahul Hameed	2007
3	An Analysis of Urban Slums in Karaikkal	S. Pandi	2007
4	A study in Adjust mental problems of industrial alcoholics with reference to textile workers at Karaikkal Union Territory of Pondicherry	V. Lakshmanapathi	2007
5	Sociological perspectives of problems faced by construction workers in Thanjavur town a study	V. Gitanjali	2008
6	Job satisfaction of staff nurses in government hospitals : A social psychological study in Thanjavur	A. Thirumagal Rajam	2009
7	Divorce - A sociological study in Thanjavur district	S. Iraniyan	2009
8	Status of municipal women sanitary workers - A case of Thanjavur town socio- economic perspectives	J. Shanthi	2010
9	Customs, culture and religion of Paniya Tribe and their social change	Jacob Varghese	2010
10	Socio- psychological perspectives of abandoned children - A social work study in Thanjavur	G. Hemalatha	2011
11	Cultural dynamics of religious conversion in Tamil Nadu with special reference to Kanyakumari district	Reji Samuel	2011
12	Social work perspectives of HIV/ AIDS infected women - A study in Thanjavur District	M. Buvaneswari	2012
13	Social perspectives and determinants of child labour in Thanjavur district	R. Pooniselvan	2012
14	A social work study on tobacco use among male college students in Thanjavur	C. Manogaran	2012
15	Status of Women - A study among college teachers in Thanjavur District	S.Sangeetha	2013

3.6.5 Does the University have a mechanism to track the students' involvement in various social movements / activities which promote citizenship roles?

- Tamil University celebrates the Mother Tongue Day with functions and processions creating awareness on the importance of Mother Tongue.
- NSS and RRC organized health awareness programmes.
- The students actively participated in Eye donation camps and HIV awareness programmes.
- The students participated in the Heritage Day Celebrations organized by the Archaeological Survey of India.

3.6.6 Bearing in mind the objectives and expected outcomes of the extension activities organized by the University, how did they complement students' academic learning experience? Specify the values inculcated and skills learnt.

Extension activities of Tamil University like Tree Plantation, Environmental Awareness programmes and Heritage Awareness programmes help the students to understand the importance of environment and its impact on society they belong. Students' self-esteem is being elevated by involvement in these activities. Through awareness programmes and health camps (Eye donation, Blood donation camp etc.) they themselves learn and make the common man learn the responsibility and involvement of an individual to societal development. The students' skill in tree plantation, tutoring the common man, through usage of local language and learning the societal need and environmental impact of anthropogenic activities are enhanced.

3.6.7 How does the University ensure the involvement of the community in its outreach activities and contribute to community development? Give details of the initiatives of the University which have encouraged community participation in its activities.

Tamil University has been involving in community outreach activities such as

- NSS programmes
- Eye camp
- Blood donation camps
- Aids Awareness Programme
- Earth Day's Celebration
- Heritage Awareness programmes
- Mother Tongue Awareness Rally
- Book Exhibition
- Residents from areas around Tamil University use Tamil University library and the playground and campus road for morning walk.
- Some of the local residents have contributed donations to Tamil University Library.
- Traditional Cultural programmes are organized by the University students and staff members
- Outpatient Siddha Clinic
- Herbal exhibition
- Free Medical camps for the Public

3.6.8 Give details of awards received by the institution for extension activities and/contributions to social/community development during the last four years.

Recognizing the first aid training programmes of Tamil University, His Excellency the Governor of Tamilnadu has awarded the Best Services for the programme conducted by St. John Ambulance and Tamil University (2013).

3.7 COLLABORATION

Various departments of Tamil University have undertaken collaborative research with other institutes/ universities. Funding from various agencies like UGC, CSIR, OST, AYUSH, ICHR, ICSSR etc. help bringing out quality research in terms of publication of research articles in

journals of International and national repute. Research students from Tamil University visit and carry out research in other institutes/universities of repute thus improving the skill and exposure of students. These collaborations help Tamil University getting recognition at national level from institutions, including Department of Industry and Earth Science. Ministry of Earth Sciences Ocean-Earth Atmospheric Science and Technology Cell sponsored by Ministry of Earth Sciences to sanction the research fund for the placer mineral deposits. Attracted by research activities of Tamil University, students from abroad are joining in the Departments of Music, School of Indian Languages, Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries and Sociology.

3.7.1 How has the University's collaboration with other agencies impacted the visibility, identity and diversity of activities on campus? To what extent has the University benefitted academically and financially because of collaborations?

Many collaborative research work at national level have been carried out by the faculty members for various departments including the Department of Siddha Medicine, Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology and Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries. Under these collaborative initiatives eminent scholars from all over India visited University departments, providing academic exposure to the PG and doctoral students through seminars, lectures, training programmes on recent trends and computer applications.

- Publications of international standard were brought out.
- Research scholars had opportunities for conducting their research work at highly equipped laboratories and facilities at the state and national levels.
- This increased the quality and employment opportunities of the students.
- Ministry of Earth Sciences Ocean-Earth Atmospheric Science and Technology Cell sponsored by Ministry of Earth Sciences to sanction the research fund for the placer mineral deposits, every year an amount of 5 - 6 lakhs was offered to promote infrastructure. The department serves as an expert for identification of placer deposits in India and it sanctions the research funds through the Ministry of Earth Sciences.

3.7.2 Mention specific examples of how these linkages promote

➤ Curriculum development

PG, M.Phil. and Doctoral students improved the research project works and publication by interacting with the collaborating institutions and their expert staff.

➤ Internship

Because of the MOU between Tamil University and Kerala Council for Historical Research, doctoral students from Tamil University participated in the interdisciplinary Archaeological Excavations at Pattanam in Kerala. This helped them to interact with international scholars.

➤ On-the-job training Nil

➤ Faculty Exchange and Development

Faculty and students are exchanged between collaborating institutions for utilizing expertise and facilities. The faculty members of Tamil University visited the archaeological excavations at Pattanam in Kerala organized by the Kerala Council for Historical Research.

➤ **Research**

Research articles of international and national standard with high impact factors were published in Journals by various departments. Tamil University faculty members (Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology and Department of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology) and students have participated in the Archaeological Excavations at Pattanam in Kerala.

➤ **Publications**

Joint publications have resulted due to the collaboration between KCHR and Tamil University

➤ **Consultancy**

- Free consultancy by faculty members for collaborative institutions is provided.

➤ **Extension**

Conducting seminar and Workshops

➤ **Student placements**

Students who were trained in GIS under the Historical Atlas Project of South India funded by the Ford Foundation found placement in Government Agencies such as Archaeological Survey of India and Tamil Nadu State Government Archaeology Department.

3.7.3 Has the University signed any MoUs with institutions of national/international importance/other universities/ industries/corporate houses etc.? If yes, how have they enhanced the research and development activities of the University?

- The Tamil University and the University of Yaounde II of Cameroon have signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) recently for academic cooperation.
- The MoU would pave the way for exchange of visits between the two universities, Joint research activities, including collaborative professional development, exchange of publications, reports and other academic materials and information would be taken up.
- The Tamil University has earlier signed MoUs with Kannada, Dravidian and Telugu universities, Sri Lanka University and University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur.
- Under the MoU signed with Malay University, training programmes were conducted for teachers of Malaysia in Sangam literature.
- The University of Yaounde II has 40,000 students. It offers courses in social sciences, law, political science, economics, mass communication and journalism, international relations and demographic studies, the University Vice Chancellor Dr. Manga Said.
- MoU with CICT for research work (2011-12)
- MoU with Nine Stars Information Technologies Ltd. for development and formation of digitization of Encyclopaedia (2013-14)
- MoU signed with Malaysian University (Malaysian Sultan Idhris Educational University) (2013-14)

The MoU enhanced the research and development activities through intellectual and infrastructure levels.

3.7.4 Have the University-industry interactions resulted in the establishment / creation of highly specialized laboratories / facilities?

No.

However, interaction with other institutions and industries helped to promote facilities in Tamil University departments. Students and staff of departments utilize the training facilities conducted at the collaborative institutions promoting their employability.

Any other information regarding Research, Consultancy and Extension, which the University would like to include.

The Government of Tamil Nadu has sanctioned 3 crores rupees for the period of five years for the translation of Tirukkural and the literary works of Bharathiyar and Bharathidasan into Chinese (Mandarin) language. The money received over the two years are mentioned above (Section 3.2.6)

International Conferences

International Conference on the Cholas was organized in 2010 by Tamil University on the occasion of the 1000th Anniversary of the Construction of the World Heritage Monument of Brihadheeswara temple, Thanjavur, constructed by the Great Chola king Rajaraja I. International Seminar on Classical Civilization was organized by The Centre for World Classical Civilization in 2012 and Dr. Asko Parpola from Finland delivered Keynote Address.

Endowment Lectures

During the last seven years, many endowments have been established. The list of endowments so far established is given in Annexure XI, page no.223.

Availing the Scholars and creative writers Expertise

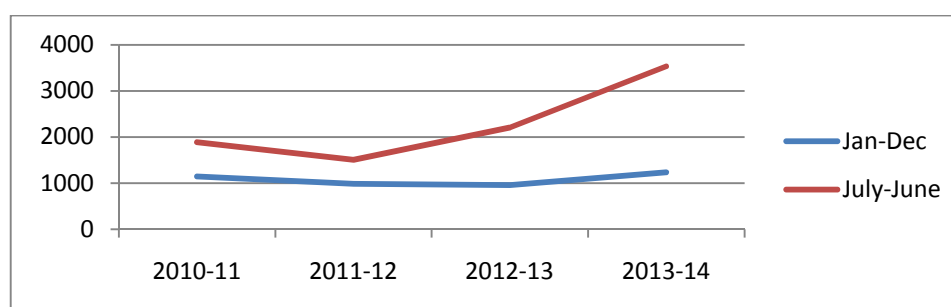
The Tamil Nadu Government has sanctioned Rs. 2 lakhs to invite the eminent scholars and creative writers to stay at Tamil University and interact with the faculty and students and also to produce a creative work for publication by Tamil University. Seven Scholars have been invited. The facilities accommodation in the faculty Guest House, use of library and honorarium are provided for their expertise. The following Scholars and creative writers were invited.

Dr. A.A.Manavalan	Rtd. Professor, University of Madras
Mr. Konangi	Surrealism novel writer in Tamil
M.S. Subramaniappillai	Dept. of Translation
Mr. Thennan Meiman	Dept. of Architecture
Dr. C.Santhanakrishnan	Dept. Education & Management
Dr. M.P.Srinivasan	Dept. of Literature
Dr.D.Gnanasundaram	School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature

Public Outreach through Extension

Tamil University expanded the activities of its DDE in order to assist the public in continuing education. Many new programmes were introduced during the last three years. The admission to the courses has increased tremendously during the past two years.

Admissions in DDE over four years



Any other information regarding Research, Consultancy and Extension, which the which the university would like to include.

University-Industry Linkage Programme

The University-Industry Linkage programme of the UGC was implemented in Tamil University in 2013-14. A brainstorming session was organised with the participation of the Dr. M. Thirumalai, Vice Chancellor, Tamil University; Dr. Muthuchezhian, former Vice Chancellor, Periyar University; R. Venkatachalapathy, Director, Placement Cell, Periyar University; Dr. G. S. Selvam, Professor and Chair of Department of Biochemistry, Madurai Kamarajar University; Dr.M. Jayakumar, Prof. of Extension, Bharathiar University Coimbatore, and the Heads of the Departments of Tamil University. Several suggestions were made for the implementation of this programme in Tamil University. A few of the activities suggested are listed below.

- Creation of a Technology Park in the Tamil University.
- Organization of an exhibition on science and technology.
- Offering short-term training modules on cultural heritage to the students of local colleges on various subjects at Tamil University, using the expertise of the Tamil University's Faculty Members.

The programme was organised by Dr. R. Neelakantan, Coordinator, University-Industry Linkage Programme, Tamil University, Thanjavur. Efforts are on to implement these suggestions.

UGC ENCORE Programme

Under the ENCORE programme, sponsored by the UGC, a training programme on instrumental techniques for food safety, processing and drug analysis was organised for enhancing the scholarly research level training for the research scholars and faculty members. This training programme was organised for ten days in March 2014 for 15 research scholars and faculty members selected from the Departments of the Science Faculty of Tamil University. Scientists from Indian Institute of Crop Processing Technology, Thanjavur and Central Council for Research in Ayurvedha and Siddha, Chennai were invited for delivering lectures and to provide training, utilizing the facilities of IICPT laboratory to the participants. This programme was coordinated by Dr.V.Elango, Assistant Professor, Department of Siddha Medicine.

Human Rights and Duties Education

Human Rights and Duties Education Programme was initiated by the Tamil University in 2013. In the Foundation course on Human Rights Education organised in 2013-14, 100 students participated and 97 students appeared in the examination held and the certificates have been issued to them. There is a proposal to start a certificate course in the forthcoming year in the University. This programme is coordinated by Dr. R. Muthaiyan, Assistant Professor, Department of Education.

CRITERION IV: INFRASTRUCTURE AND LEARNING RESOURCES

4.1 PHYSICAL FACILITIES

4.1.1 How does the University plan and ensure adequate availability of physical infrastructure and ensure its optimal utilization?

Tamil University has appropriate infrastructure for undertaking the teaching and research activities efficiently.

Administrative and Academic Buildings

The University has adequate space for its academic and administrative wings. Each department has separate space for the staff members, classrooms, and research students. The University has one administrative complex, three academic building complexes (two are to be opened in a few months), and additionally, two more complexes have been approved by the government, and they are expected to be completed in another three years.

Conference Halls

The University has three seminar halls, viz., "Karikalchozhan Kalai Arangam" with a seating capacity for 1000 persons, a conference Hall in the Language Faculty with a capacity for 160 Persons, a Seminar Hall in the library premises with a capacity of 230 persons, and a Senate Hall (200 Persons) and a Syndicate Hall (50 person). The Faculty Guest House has a seminar hall with seating capacity for 60 persons. There are two open air-theaters for performances traditional arts and drama.

In addition, each faculty has class-room-cum-seminar halls for conducting Ph.D. viva-voce (Open Defense), lectures and demonstrations.

Library

The University has a main library and each department has its own departmental libraries with books and journals. Photocopy facility is available in the library.

Power Backup

Generator facility is available in the University. An Animal House, a Herbal Garden, overhead water tanks, gymnasium and playgrounds and restrooms, ladies rest rooms are also available.

Laboratory and Research facilities

The University has three laboratories fully equipped with modern scientific equipments. There is an Animal House and a Herbal Garden in the University complex. Archaeological research equipment (including Underwater Diving apparatus) is available. The University has a separate museum in the Thanjavur Palace complex (of the Nayaka and Maratha period) with more than 5000 antiquities. Public visit this museum and researchers also visit the museum for collecting data related to their research work. The University also has a language lab and phonetic lab.

Publication Division

The University has a dedicated publication department for bringing out publications on time. The publication division has two off-set printing machines. It has professional technicians. So far, the division has (from 1983) published 493 books. From 2007-08 to 2014, totally 99 books have been published (including reprints).

Hostels

The University has four hostels for men and women, provided with safe drinking water, kitchen and dining hall facilities. Recreation halls with Dish TV.

Bank and other facilities

Bank of India has opened its branch office within the Tamil University campus, and 24 hr ATM facility is available and a separate Post-Office is located within the campus. The University has a free facility for the transport of students within the campus so that they can attend the classes and seminars on time.

The University has well-laid out road network and the University has two buses, which are also used for transport within the campus, site visits and study tours for the staff members and students. The University is connected with Thanjavur bus-stand through public transport system. Bus-shelters, four wheeler and two wheeler parking stands are available. Toilet facilities are available in all the complexes of the University campus. Accessibility for differently-abled persons is provided in all the building complexes.

Comments

Based on the need and requirement, the University deliberates and plans for the improvement of its infrastructure. Most of its infrastructure is optimally utilized. Almost all the seminars, workshops, exhibitions and other events of the University are organized within the University. Accommodation for the visitors is also provided within the University at the Faculty Guest House. Very rarely private accommodation is used when the guest house of the University is fully occupied. Thus the infrastructure of the University is utilized at optimal level.

4.1.2 Does the University have a policy for the creation and enhancement of infrastructure in order to promote a good teaching-learning environment? If yes, mention a few recent initiatives.

Yes.

The University strives hard to improve its infrastructure to promote good teaching and learning environment.

- A new complex in the shape of Tamil letter (alphabet) "DU" has been constructed (area 1593 sq m) and it will be opened for housing the departments under the Developing Tamil faculty in 2014.
- Another complex in the shape of Tamil letter (alphabet) "Mi" is under construction (area 1938 sq m) for the departments under science faculty. It will be opened in 2015.
- The Government of Tamil Nadu has approved Rs. 15 crores for the construction of two complexes (in the shape of Tamil letter "Na" and "Ta"), which would cover an area of about 2788 sq m and 1840 sq m, respectively, for the faculties of arts and Manuscriptology.
- Desktop computers and Internet facility is available in most of the departments for teaching and research activities.
- Departments have been given LCD projectors and laptop computers for the purpose of teaching.

- Separate lap-top computers have been given to all the departments exclusively for the use of research students.
- A Herbal Garden (5 acres) is available within the Tamil University campus. It is being renovated and expanded for enhancing the research resources and learning.
- A Heritage Museum is proposed within the campus of the Tamil University to improve teaching and research activities, and also for creating heritage awareness among the public.
- A proposal for Soft-Skill Centre has been sent to the Government under the RUSA scheme.
- On the campus local transportation is provided to the students and staff members of the University, since the campus covers a large area.

4.1.3 How does the University create conducive physical ambience for the faculty in terms of adequate research laboratories, computing facilities and allied services?

- The University has research laboratories equipped with scientific instruments.
- Language Lab (School of Indian Languages and Comparative literature)
- Phonetic lab (Dept. of Linguistics)
- Bio-Chemistry Lab (Dept. of Siddha Medicine)
- Quality Control Lab (Dept. of Siddha Medicine)
- Microbiology Lab (Dept. of Siddha Medicine)
- Environmental Research Laboratory (Dept. of Environmental & Herbal Sciences)
- Plant Tissue Culture Lab (Dept. of Environmental & Herbal Sciences)
- Industries and Earth Sciences Laboratory
- Survey & Excavation Equipments (Dept. of Epigraphy & Archaeology)
- Under water Diving Equipments (Dept. of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology)
- Computer Lab (Dept. of Computer Science)

The Computer Science Department has a computer lab with 25 computer terminals and one server, and an ETD lab at the library. WiFi is available in the main complex and the University proposes to setup WiFi facility in all the departments. A technical assistant has been appointed by the University to look into the IT related services of the faculty. The University supplies hardware and software required for the academic activities of the departments.

4.1.4 Has the University provided all departments with facilities like office room, common room and separate rest rooms for women students and staff?

Yes.

All the departments have been provided with facilities such as office rooms, class rooms, and separate restrooms for men and women. Security facility is offered in both the hostels. Surveillance cameras have also been fixed in the main complex. There are watchmen in all the entrances of the University.

4.1.5 How does the University ensure that the infrastructure facilities are disabled-friendly?

The University has taken several steps to ensure the smooth access of the differently-abled students and scholars. Transport facility is given within the campus. Exclusive ramps with hand-rails have been provided in all the buildings to assist the access of differently-abled people. This facility has been added to the buildings constructed earlier; and all the new constructions are designed as disabled-friendly.

4.1.6 How does the University cater to the requirements of residential students? Give details of:

The University has separate hostels for men and women. Purified drinking water is being supplied to the students. All the hostels rooms have lights and fans. The hostels are located in the clean, green atmosphere of the University.

- Mess facility is available in the ladies hostels.
 - In the Men's hostel kitchen is available and provision is available for cooking.
 - Canteen facility is available on the campus.
 - Recreation room with Dish TV is provided
- **Capacity of the hostels and occupancy (to be given separately for men and women)**

Table Tamil University Hostel Capacity and Occupancy

	Number of Hostels	Capacity	Occupants
Men	02	156	156
Women	02	219	219

- **Recreational facilities in hostel/s like gymnasium, yoga centre, etc.**
- TV hall has been provided in the hostels with separate LCD TV.
 - Yoga classes are arranged for the students by the Department of Philosophy.
 - Reading hall with newspapers and weekly magazines is provided with TV in both men's and women's hostels
 - Gymnasium with state-of-the art instruments is available in the University sports Centre.
- **Broadband connectivity / wi-fi facility in hostels.**

Not available now in the hostel premises. The University has taken steps to create this facility. Cable lines for this purpose have been laid within the University campus.

4.1.7 Does the University offer medical facilities for its students and teaching and non-teaching staff living on campus?

The University offered medical assistance during day time, by employing a part-time doctor till 2010. Now the **University** offers support system by arranging vehicles to take the needy to the government hospitals. A private hospital is located just about 500 m from the University campus. Also the Government Medical College hospital with state of the art facilities is located only at a distance of 3 km from the University campus. Transport facilities are made to the needy students and staff members to hospitals.

4.1.8 What special facilities are available on campus to promote students' interest in sports and cultural events/activities?

- Well equipped gymnasium is available in the University Sports Centre within the Karikalchozhan Kalaiaragam (Auditorium).
- Playgrounds are available for the games such as Badminton and Volleyball

- Open-air Auditorium exists for organizing cultural programmes
- Sports events and cultural programs are conducted every year to promote students interest in these activities.
- Yoga centre offers training in Yoga to the students, public and the staff for their physical well being.

4.2 LIBRARY AS A LEARNING RESOURCE

4.2.1 Does the Library have an Advisory Committee? Specify the composition of such a committee. What significant initiatives have been implemented by the committee to render the library, student/ user friendly?

Yes. The Committee comprises of following members.

Vice Chancellor	Chairman
Dean, Faculty of Arts	Member
Dean, Faculty of Manuscriptology	Member
Dean, Faculty of Developing Tamil	Member
Dean, Faculty of Language	Member
Dean, Faculty of Science	Member
Registrar	Member
Finance Officer	Member
Library Director	Coordinator

4.2.2 Provide details of the following:

➤ **Total area of the library (in Sq m)**

2407 Sq. m.

➤ **Total seating capacity**

102

➤ **Working hours (on working days, on holidays, before examination days, during examination days, during vacation)**

9.30 am to 5.45 pm

➤ **Layout of the library (individual reading carrels, lounge area for browsing and relaxed reading, IT zone for accessing e-resources)**

Given in the Next Page

➤ **Clear and Prominent Display of Floor plan; adequate sign Boards fire alarm access to differently aided users and mode of access to collection**

Yes, Provided in the Library Premises

**TAMIL UNIVERSITY
THANJAVUR.**

LIBRARY BUILDING

Scale: 1:175

Reference :-

1. Maindoor	MD	107 x 213
2. Door	D	091 x 213
3. Door	D1	076 x 213
4. Door	D2	152 x 137
5. Door	D3	152 x 106
6. Door	D4	091 x 213
7. Window	W	153 x 213
8. Window	W1	091 x 061
9. Ventilator	V	031 x 031
10. Ventilator	V1	031 x 031

ASST ENGINEER

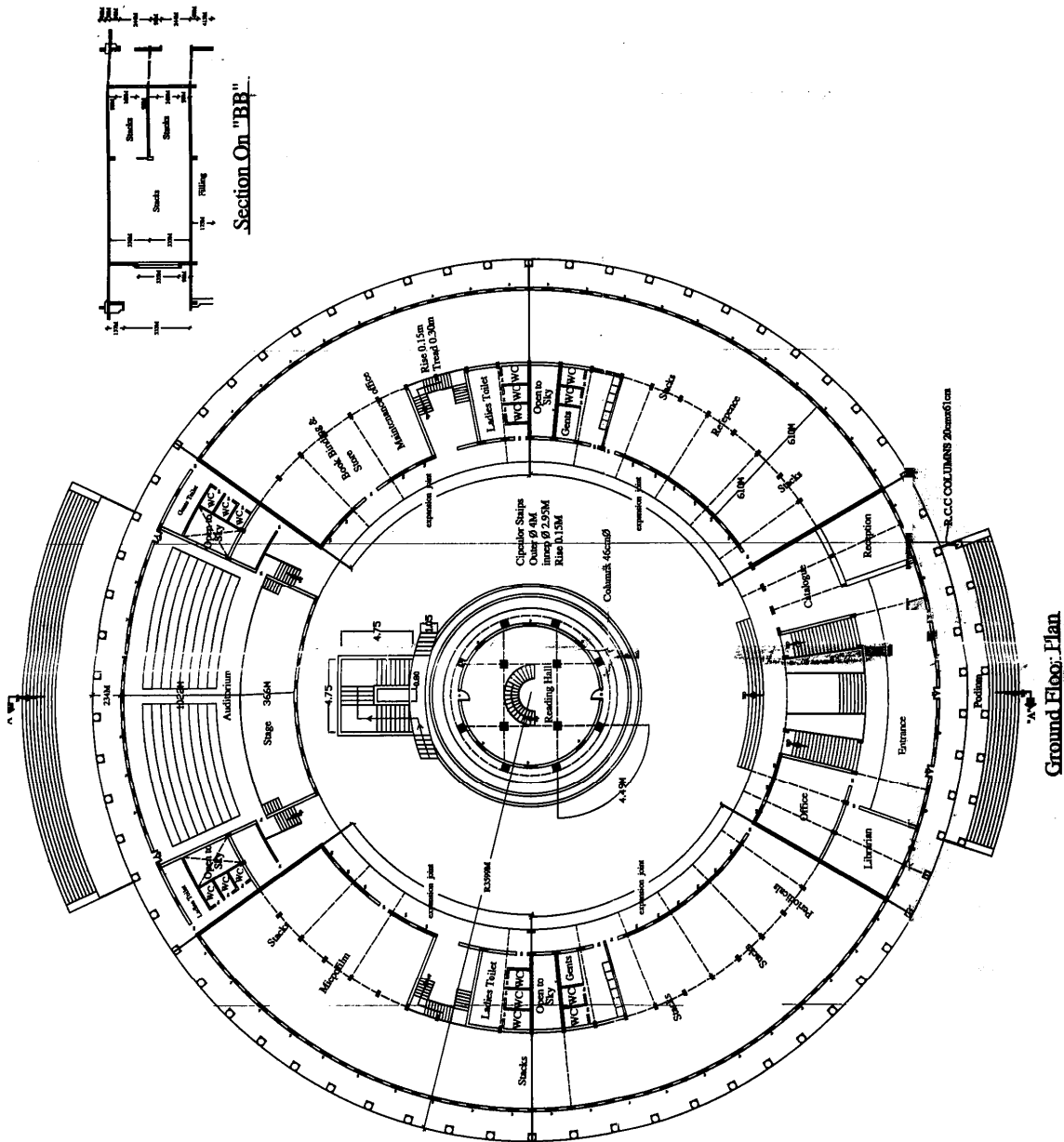
[Signature]
Assistant Engineer P.W.D.
Technical Education Section,
Thanjavur - 613 007

ASST EXE ENGINEER

[Signature]
Assistant Executive Engineer
Technical Education Section,
Thanjavur - 613 007

EXECUTIVE ENGINEER

[Signature]
Executive Engineer
Technical Education Section,
Thanjavur - 613 007



4.2.3 Give Details of the Library holdings

a) Print (Books, Back Volumes and theses)

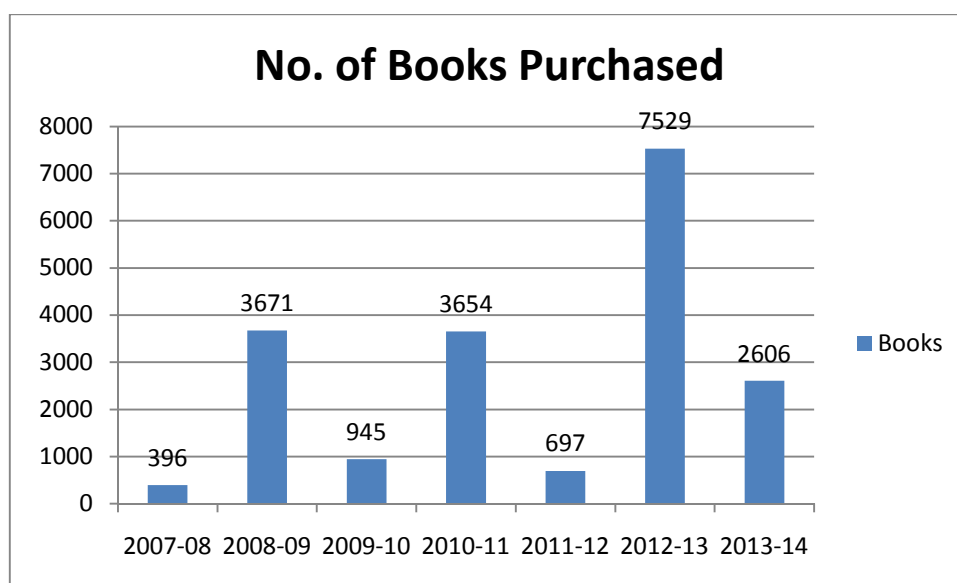
1,61,691

b) Average number of books added during the last three years

Books numbering as average of 3611 have been purchased during last three years.

Table of Books and Reference Books purchased after Accreditation

Year	Books and Reference Books	Total
2007-08	305+91	396
2008-09	3421+250	3671
2009-10	920+25	945
2010-11	3406+248	3654
2011-12	676+21	697
2012-13	6737+892	7529
2013-14	1606+1000	2606



c) Non-Print (Microfiche, AV)

Rare books have been microfilmed by the Tamil University. The University library has microfilm collection numbering 335.

d) Electronic (e-books, e-journal)

e-journals are available through INLIBNET.

e) Specific Collections (Text Books, reference books, standards, Patents)

A total of 10,029 books have been added between 2007 and 2014 under the category of textbooks. During this period 2436 books have been added to reference section of the Library.

f) Book Banks

Nil

g) Question Banks

Nil

4.2.4 What tools does the library deploy to provide access to the collection?➤ **OPAC**

Yes

➤ **Electronic Resource Management package for e-journals**

No

➤ **Federated searching tools to search articles in multiple databases**

No

➤ **Library Website**

No separate Library website. However a separate website for entire catalogue is under consideration.

Library Web page

http://www.tamilUniveristy.ac.in/tu_english/library_books.php

➤ **In-house/ remote access to e-publications**

Users can use the e-publications through INFLIBNET portal.

4.2.5 Provide details on the ICT and other tools deployed to provide maximum access to the library collection?

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| ➤ Library Automation | Yes |
| ➤ Total number of computers for public access | Six |
| ➤ Total number of printers for public access | Two |
| ➤ Internet bandwidth/ speed | 2 mbps 10 mbps 1 Gbps |
| ➤ Institutional Repository | No |
| ➤ Content management system for e-learning | No |
| ➤ Participation in Resource sharing networks/consortia (like INFLIBNET) | |

Yes

4.2.6 Provide details on the following items:

- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| ➤ Average number of walk-ins | 120 |
| ➤ Average number of books issued / returned | 83 / 66 |
| ➤ Ratio of library books to students enrolled | 1: 10 |
| ➤ Average number of books added during last three years | 3611 |
| ➤ Average number of login to OPAC | 15 |
| ➤ Average number of login to e-resources | 5 / per day |
| ➤ Average number of e-resources downloaded / printed | 2/ per day |
| ➤ Number of information literacy trainings organized | |
| Orientation Class for Students and Researchers | Every Year |
| | Orientation Course |
| ➤ Details of 'Weeding out' of books and other materials | |
| Damaged books are separated by a Committee and they are auctioned. | |

4.2.7 Give details of the specialized services provided by the library

- **Manuscripts**
Not available in the Library.
There are separate departments for palm-leaf manuscripts and Rare-paper manuscripts in the University. They have collections of for palm-leaf manuscripts and Rare-paper manuscripts.
- **Reference**
CAS, SDI service provided to researchers, scholars and academicians.
- **Reprography/Scanning**
Photostat copy service, scanning, computer printout, India Office Records available in microfilm form
- **ILL (Inter Library Loan)**
Service in vogue. But nobody has utilized recent path.
- **Information deployment and notification**
Information about new arrivals is sent to students and teachers through circulars to the notice board of library and departments' notice board and through informal communication with the students. New arrival display is available.
- **OPACs**
For OPA online catalogues are available to the users for the personal collections, library staff help the user directly.
- **Internet Access**
Internet access facility for the students with four systems with the speed of 1Gbps.
- **Downloads**
Yes. Download facility provided to the students and researchers from the related databases.
- **Printouts**
Yes. Printing service is provided whatever they download research papers.
- **Reading list / Bibliography Compilation**
Yes

- **In-house/ remote access to e-resources**
In-house access is permitted. Users can use the e-publications through INFLIBNET portal.
- **User Orientation and awareness**
Yes. Orientation class is conducted for the benefit of new students, every year.
- **Assistance on searching Databases**
Whenever students ask for search databases, the library staff members immediately help them.
- **INFLIBNET/IUC Facilities**
INFLIBNET, UGC-Infonet Consortium facilities are available.
- **M.Phil.,Ph.D. Dissertation Catalogues**
Offers the dissertations for reference.

4.2.8 Provide details the Annual Library Budget and the Amount Spent for Purchasing new Books and Journals

Table of Books and Reference Books purchased after Accreditation

Year	Total Cost (Rs.)
2007-08	51,577
2008-09	11,75,963
2009-10	4,21,624
2010-11	24,28,206
2011-12	4,50,472
2012-13	24,71,242
2013-14	13,57,233

4.2. 9 What Initiatives has University taken to make the library a happening place on campus?

The library is modernized with ETD lab facilities for the benefit of students and teachers. The internet access provided to the students makes the researchers to visit library very often. Periodically new books were purchased, which encourages the staff and students to use library frequently.

4.2.10. What are the strategies used by the library to collect feedback from its users? How is the feedback analyzed and used for the improvement of the library services?

A suggestion box is placed in the entrance and necessary actions are taken for the improvement in library services.

The Director of Library readily looks into the feedback from the users and takes necessary action.

4.2.11 List the efforts made towards the infrastructural development of the library in the last four years.

- ETD lab facilities 2013
- Internet Facility
- Digitization of Rare books
- Drinking water facility

4.3. IT INFRASTRUCTURE**4.3.1 Does the University have a comprehensive IT policy with regard to**

Currently, the University does not have a comprehensive IT policy. However, several measures have been adopted for the management of IT and related services. We have a dedicated Computer Science Department and in addition one technical person has been appointed on ad hoc basis to manage the IT services.

***IT Service Management**

- High speed broadband Internet Service has been provided in the main complex, and in the Department of Linguistics.
- UGC-INFONET facility is available in the library
- Students have been given Internet facilities and separate Laptop has been provided in the Departments
- Wi-Fi facility is available in the DDE section.
- In the administrative section all the processes are computerized

***Information Security**

- Anti-virus protection software is installed in most of the computers.
- Computers are password protected.
- Firewall protection is available for all the computers

***Network Security**

- Network is password protected.

***Risk Management**

- Antivirus software is installed in many of the computers.
- Periodic data back-up is done by the staff members.

***Software Asset Management**

- Software programmes purchased by the University are registered in stock registry

***Open Source Resources**

NIL

***Green Computing**

4.3.2. Give details of the University's computing facilities i.e., hardware and software.

- **Number of systems with individual configurations**
 - Number of Desktop Systems** : 184
 - Number of Laptop Systems** : 82
- **Computer-student ratio** : 1:20
- **Dedicated computing facilities** : 1
- LAN facility** : 80 Terminals in the Administrative Building
- **Proprietary software** : 9
 1. Centamil Tamil Tutor Software for Learners of Tamil
 2. In the Finance Section for Computing the Accounts
 3. Tamil -Tamil- English Dictionary Software
 4. Tamil Spell Check software
 5. ETD lab Soft ware
 6. GIS Software in the Department of Earth Sciences
 7. DDE Admission and other process Software
 8. Software for Controller of Exams section
 9. Software in the Library Utilities
- Number of nodes/ computers with internet facility - 80**
- **Any other (please specify)**

4.3.3 What are the institutional plans and strategies for deploying and upgrading the IT infrastructure and associated facilities?

Fiber Optic cable has been laid in the University campus for faster data transfer and connectivity through National Knowledge Network (NKN), National Mission for Education through Information and Communication Technology under the MHRD. It will become functional in the near future.

Computer facility has been extended to all the departments and Internet facility is available in most of the departments.

4.3.4 Give details on access to on-line teaching and learning resources and other knowledge and information database/packages provided to the staff and students for quality teaching, learning and research.

- A multimedia package called Centhamil-Tamil tutor is used for teaching Tamil to Non-Tamil.
- The Education Department has created Computer Assisted Instruction (CAI) using HTML and Visual Basic Program for teaching and also for assessing student's academic achievements.
- INFLIBNET offers the e-journals for the users
- Mobile learning is used by the faculty.
- Blogs are used by the faculty members for the learners in distance mode.

4.3.5 What are the new technologies deployed by the University in enhancing student learning and evaluation during the last four years and how do they meet new / future challenges?

- Teaching through PowerPoint Presentations, and Audio Visual aids.
- Use of Internet, Google Earth and other online resources.

4.3.6 What are the IT facilities available to individual teachers for effective teaching and quality research?

- Computer has been supplied to all the departments
- Students have been given Laptop computers for research activities in the department.
- Laptop computers have been provided to all the Heads of the Departments

4.3.7 Give details of ICT-enabled classrooms/learning spaces available within the University? How are they utilized for enhancing the quality of teaching and learning?

- No dedicated ICT enabled classrooms are available.
- Laptop computers and LCD projectors are available in many of the departments.
- ICT enabled conference halls are available.

ICT enabled conference halls are used for workshops, seminars and special lectures. Class rooms are used for teaching through PowerPoint and for showing video clippings and movies, using LCD projectors.

4.3.8 How are the faculty assisted in preparing computer-aided teaching-learning materials? What are the facilities available in the University for such initiatives?

- Faculty members prepare their computer-aided teaching materials on their own.
- Internet facilities, scanners and computers have been provided for this purpose.
- Audiovisual centre of Tamil University caters to the teachers in preparing Audio Visual Teaching Aids

4.3.9 How are the computers and their accessories maintained?

- Newly purchased computers are maintained by dealers.
- The computers and accessories are maintained through a dedicated full-time technical staff.
- For major maintenance services, outside agencies approached.

4.3.10 Does the University avail of the National Knowledge Network connectivity? If so, what are the services availed of?

- Yes. University has availed of the Internet services through the National Knowledge Network (NKN) under NME-ICT project of MHRD
- The University has signed a MOU with BSNL for LAN network and the project would be completed in the near future.

4.3.11 Does the University avail of web resources such as Wikipedia, dictionary and other education enhancing resources? What are its policies in this regard?

Yes. Online Resources are accessed for the benefit of the students, under the supervision of the faculty members and plagiarism is not encouraged. Students are encouraged to make PowerPoint presentations and assignments based on these materials.

4.3.12 Provide details on the provision made in the annual budget for the update, deployment and maintenance of computers in the University.

In the University budget, funds for computer related maintenance are allotted under the head General Funds.

4.3.13 What plans have been envisioned for the gradual transfer of teaching and learning from closed University information network to open environment?

- Tamil University has signed a MOU with Tamil Virtual University and created **Tamil Information Database** and the information based on University's research has been made open to the public through the Internet. Basic information on various aspects of Tamil culture has been prepared and it is available on the Website of Tamil Virtual University's website.

Tamil Information Database: <http://www.tamilvu.org/tdb/html/index.htm>

- The University publishes books for the benefit of the people. Awareness programmes are also arranged for the benefit of the public.
- Whenever seminars, workshops and endowment lectures are organized they are published in the newspaper and the interested public can attend these programmes.
- The main findings and the results of the research undertaken are published in the local newspapers.
- Research papers are published in *Tamil Civilization* and *Tamil Kalai*

4. 4. MAINTENANCE OF CAMPUS FACILITIES**4.4.1 Does the University have an estate office / designated officer for overseeing the maintenance of buildings, class-rooms and laboratories? If yes, mention a few campus specific initiatives undertaken to improve the physical ambience.**

- Yes. The Engineering section takes care of the maintenance of the buildings.
- Green campus initiative (plantation of tree and gardening)

4.4.2 How are the infrastructure facilities, services and equipments maintained? Give details.

- The Engineering section takes care of the maintenance of the buildings
- Other equipments are maintained by employing specialized agencies.

CRITERION V: STUDENT SUPPORT AND PROGRESSION

5.1 STUDENT MENTORING AND SUPPORT

5.1.1 Does the University have a system for student support and mentoring? If yes, what are its structural and functional characteristics?

Yes.

- Career Guidance and Counseling cell, SC &ST student cell and student grievance redressal cell are available.
- University teachers offer personal counseling to the students.
- Information on various fellowships and scholarships are offered to the students.
- Notices on fellowships from UGC, ICHR, ICSSR websites are given to them
- Seminar and conference announcements are also supplied to the students and they are encouraged to attend seminars and present papers. Assistance is also offered in the preparation of research papers and abstracts.
- Special coaching for competitive exams is offered.
- Counseling is provided to the students for vocational choice. Special coaching is offered to the students for their academic programs through the coaching cell.
- UGC Remedial Coaching centre for the benefit of the slow learners. (Please refer Vol. 2 for a report)
- UGC Coaching Centre for competitive exams assists students in the preparation for competitive exams. (Please refer Vol. 2 for a report)
- UGC Coaching Centre for NET/SLET exams offers training to the students for the preparation for NET/SLET exams. (Please refer Vol. 2 for a report)

5.1.2 Apart from classroom interaction, what are the provisions available for academic mentoring?

- Assistance is offered to the students for their career guidance
- Remedial classes are arranged for the needy students.
- Study tours are arranged to enhance their knowledge.
- Training in fieldwork is offered to the students.

5.1.3 Does the University have any personal enhancement and development schemes such as career counseling, soft skill development, career-path-identification, and orientation to well-being for its students? Give details of such schemes.

Yes.

Career Guidance and Counseling cell is available in the University. Special programmes are arranged for the improvement of the soft-skills of the students

5.1.4 Does the University provide assistance to students for obtaining educational loans from banks and other financial institutions?

Yes.

The University provides assistance to students for obtaining educational loans. Assistance is provided in filling out the forms and necessary endorsements are given on time.

5.1.5 Does the University publish its updated prospectus and handbook annually? If yes, what are the main issues / activities / information included / provided to students through these documents? Is there a provision for online access?

Yes.

The University publishes updated prospectus every year.

The prospectus gives the course title, duration of the course, fees etc.

5.1.6. Specify the type and number of University scholarships / free ships given to the students during the last four years. Was financial aid given to them on time? Give details (in a tabular form) for the following categories: UG/PG/M.Phil/Ph.D./ Diploma/others (please specify).

Most of the University students receive financial assistance from UGC, ICHR and Tamil Nadu State Government. The University offers limited financial assistance to the students help through an endowment, every year.

5.1.7 What percentage of students receives financial assistance from state government, central government and other national agencies (Kishore Vaigyanik Protsahan Yojana (KVPY), SN Bose Fellow, etc.)?

Almost 90 % Students receive financial assistance from various sources to meet their study requirement every year. When the scholarship amount is not sufficient Bank loan facility is also provided by the University.

Following are the sources of funding

1. State Government Scholarships for SC/ST and OBC
2. Endowment Scholarships
 - Gurusamy Endowment
 - Dr. K.Thankamani Endowment
 - A.T. Panneerselvam Endowment
3. Rajiv Gandhi Fellowship
4. ICHR Fellowship
5. ICHR Contingency Grants
6. CICT Fellowship
7. CIIL Fellowships
8. UGC JRF

5.1.8 Does the University have an International Student Cell to attract foreign students and cater to their needs?

No.

The University does not have an International Student Cell. However foreign students are enrolling in the departments of Music and others.

5.1.9 Does the University provide assistance to students for obtaining educational loans from banks and other financial institutions?

Yes.

The University provides assistance to the students for obtaining loans from banks.

5.1.10 What types of support services are available for

- **overseas students**
 - University offers accommodation and assistance in getting Visa for the foreign students.
 - Support is provided for acclimatization with the local culture.
- **physically challenged / differently-abled students**
 - Ramps have been provided in many of the buildings
 - Student fees are waived
- **SC/ST, OBC and economically weaker sections**
 - Scholarships and fellowships of Central and state government schemes are offered
 - Application Fees are given at reduced rate for the SC/ST students
 - NET-SLET Coaching is offered
 - Remedial coaching are conducted
- **students participating in various competitions/conferences in India and abroad**
 - Uniforms are provided for the sports students.
 - Travel allowance is provided for attending sports events.
- **health centre, health insurance etc.**
 - Gymnasium is available to the students
 - Student group insurance
- **skill development (spoken English, computer literacy, etc.)**
 - Spoken English classes are arranged
 - Computer literacy is included as part of the courses
 - Internet services are provided to the students
- **performance enhancement for slow learners**
 - Special coaching is arranged for slow learners.
 - Assistance and support are provided by the faculty members
- **exposure of students to other institutions of higher learning/ corporate/business houses, etc.**
 - Special tours are arranged for students to places of interest and industries.
- **publication of student magazines**

Nil. Research students are encouraged to publish in *Tamil Civilization* and *Tamil Kalai*

5.1.11 Does the University provide guidance and/or conduct coaching classes for students appearing for Civil Services, Defense Services, NET/SET and any other competitive examinations? If yes, what is the outcome.

Yes.

The University offers assistance to the students. Conducts coaching classes for students appearing for Civil Services, Defense Services, NET/SET and other competitive examinations. About 15 per cent of the students have succeeded in the exams.

5.1.12 Mention the policies of the University for enhancing student participation in sports and extracurricular activities through strategies / schemes such as

- Students are allowed to participate in sports programmes and tournaments.
- Sports quota is available for PG and M.Phil programmes.
- Travel allowance and uniforms are provided to the sports persons
- **additional academic support and academic flexibility in examinations**

Flexibility in course programme is provided for attending the sports events

- **special dietary requirements, sports uniform and materials**

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5.1.13 Does the University have an institutionalized mechanism for students' placement? What are the services provided to help students identify job opportunities, prepare themselves for interview, and develop entrepreneurship skills?

Yes.

Career Guidance and Counseling cell organizes placement meetings in the University.

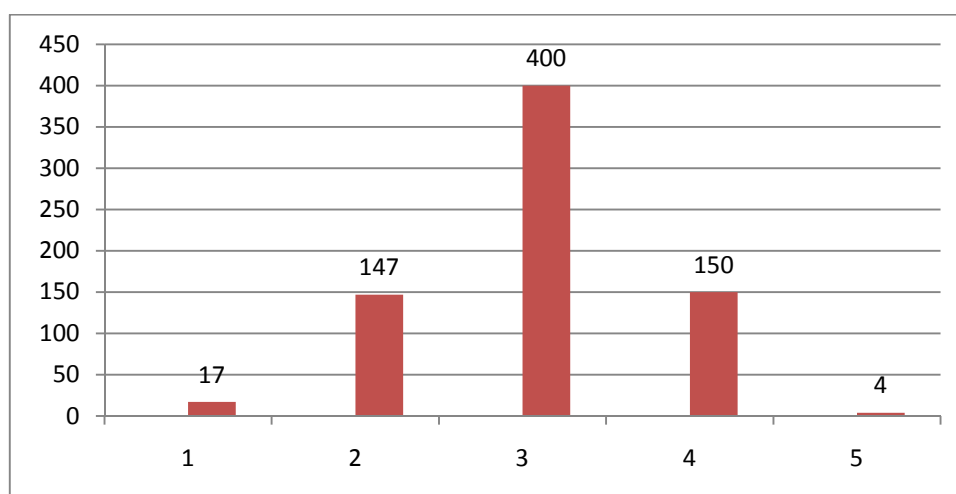
5.1.14 Give the number of students selected during campus interviews by different employers (list the employers and the number of companies who visited the campus during the last four years).

Details of students found Placement

Sl. No.	Year	No of Students Placed
1	2007-08	17*
2	2008-09	147
3	2010-11	400
4	2011-12	150
5	2013-14	4

*B.Ed. Students

Details of Students who found Placement through University's Placement Cell



5.1.15 Does the University have a registered Alumni Association? If yes, what are its activities and contributions to the development of the University?

Yes.

The alumni association was established in 5.12.2005.

The association created two endowments of one lakh each.

- The interest from the endowment (established on 16.04.2009) is for distributing prizes for the students who secure 1st, 2nd and 3rd places in the PG exams.
- The second endowment is meant for arranging lectures for vocational guidance of students in the Department of Education.
- Signboards to direct visitors to the various complexes and facilities on the campus have been provided by the association at the cost of 1.5 lakhs.

5.1.16 Does the University have a student grievance redressal cell? Give details of the nature of grievances reported. How were they redressed?

Yes.

Initially the grievances were handled directly by the Registrar and Vice Chancellor. The Vice Chancellor has allotted specific time to meet the students to take care of their needs. The grievances received from the students are addressed immediately. It is often related to delay in the release of scholarship amount. Then representations are made to the government to immediately release the funds related to the scholarships. Other minor requirements related to the hostels are redressed immediately on day to day basis.

5.1.17 Does the University promote a gender-sensitive environment by (i) conducting gender related programmes (ii) establishing a cell and mechanism to deal with issues related to sexual harassment? Give details.

Yes.

The University creates a gender-sensitive environment. During the Annual Sports day competition, separate events are conducted for women students.

- A Women cell has been established to deal with issues related to harassment to women.

5.1.18 Is there an anti-ragging committee? How many instances, if any, have been reported during the last four years and what action has been taken in these cases?

No.

No instance has been reported from the University with regard to ragging. Since mainly a few postgraduate courses are offered, the University so far has not encountered this issue.

5.1.19 How does the University elicit the cooperation of all its stakeholders to ensure the overall development of its students?

The University motivates the faculty members to provide right guidance to the students. Lectures, workshops, seminars and conferences are organized for the overall development of the students and their skills. The University also sends proposals to government for various schemes and infrastructure facilities for the development of students. With the grant provided by the Tamil Nadu government laptop computers have been provided to the students. If the students are not regular or up to the mark in their studies, the parents are informed about their progress and their support is sought.

5.1.20 How does the University ensure the participation of women students in intra- and inter-institutional sports competitions and cultural activities? Provide details of sports and cultural activities where such efforts were made.

- Separate sports activities are arranged for women students, during time of Pongal festival every year.
- Separate oratorical skill and essay writing competitions are arranged for women students.
- The students of Music and Drama departments participate in various cultural programmes.
- Women Kabadi team of Tamil University participated in the inter-University tournament sponsored by Association of Indian Universities in the year 2012-13
- Karate Programme is offered to women students as part of self-defence skill development scheme.

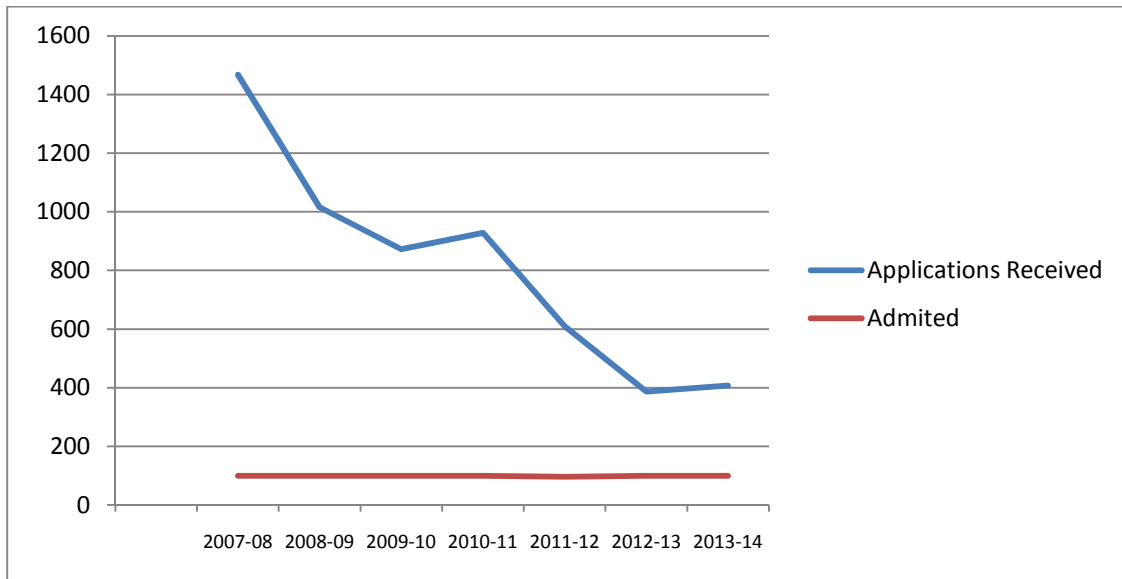
5.2 STUDENT PROGRESSION

5.2.1 What is the student strength of the University for the current academic year? Analyse the Programme-wise data and provide the trends for the last four years.

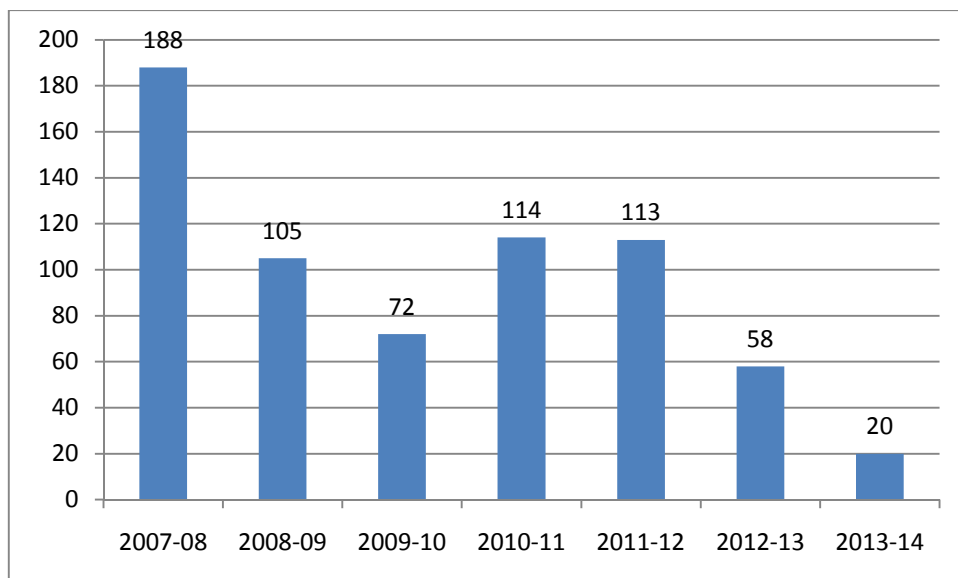
Number of students admitted in University departments in the last seven academic years:

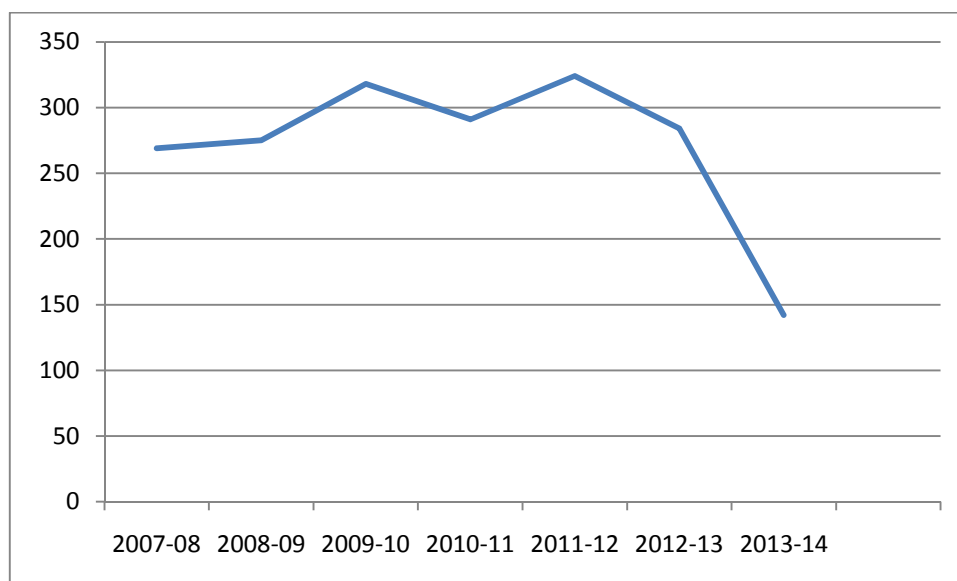
Year	Certificate	Diploma	B.Ed.	UG	PG	M.Ed.	M.Phil	Ph.D.	Total
2007-08	73	0	100	-	188	-	269	184	814
2008-09	5	0	100	-	105	-	275	204	689
2009-10	9	9	100	-	72	-	318	146	654
2010-11	0	0	100	-	114	-	291	118	623
2011-12	0	19	96	7	113	-	324	183	742
2012-13	0	0	100	0	58	35	284	137	614
2013-14	0	0	100	-	20	22	142	72	356
Total	87	28	696	7	670	57	1903	1044	4492

Demand for the B.Ed. Course



P.G. Courses: Seats Filled



M.Phil Course: Seats Filled**Student Progression - Employment Details of Students by Department**

Name of the Department	Campus selection	Other than campus recruitment	Entrepreneurs
Sculpture	-	60 %	-
Music	-	75 %	25 %
Drama	-	40 %	-
Epigraphy and Archaeology	-	75 %	-
Lexicography	-	75 %	-
Scientific Tamil	-	75 %	-
Education	-	60%	-
Literature	80 %	20 %	-
School of Indian Languages	-	43 %	-
Environmental and Herbal Sciences	-	100 %	-

	2007-08	2008-09	2010-11	2011-12	2013-14
Student Progression					
Employed	17	147	400	150	4
■ Campus Selection					

5.2.2 What is the programme-wise completion rate during the time span stipulated by the University?

Tamil University Student Pass Percentage Details by Department

Name of the Department	Course and Year	Admitted Students	Pass Percentage
Sculpture			
	M.A		
	2011-2013	10	100%
	M. Phil.		
	2007-2008	12	100%
	2008-2009	10	100%
	2009-2010	18	100%
	2010-2011	14	100%
	2011-2012	13	99%
	2012-2013	12	100%
	2013-2014	12	100%
Music			
	M.A.,	06	90 %
	M.Phil.,	48	95 %
	Ph.D.,	36	100 %
	Certificate	08	100 %
	Diploma	11	100 %
Palm-leaf Manuscripts			
	M.Phil		
	2011-12	2	-
	2012-13	6	100 %
	2013-15	12	-
	Ph.D.		
	2007-08	1	-
	2010-11	4	-
	2011-12	5	-
	2013-14	6	-
	D.Litt.		
	1989-2008	1	100%
Rare-paper Manuscripts			
	Ph.D.	10	100%
Epigraphy and Archaeology			
	M.A.		
	2007-08	20	100 %
	2008-09	07	100 %
	2009-10	04	100 %
	2010-11	09	100 %
	2011-12	16	85 %
	2012-13	16	100 %
	2013-14	07	100 %
	M.Phil.		
	2007-08	24	46 %

	2008-09	24	58 %
	2009-10	23	65 %
	2010-11	24	41 %
	2011-12	15	61 %
	2012-13	25	12 %
	2013-14	06	0 %
Maritime History and Marine Archaeology			
	M.Phil	11	100 %
	Ph.D	15	100 %
Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries			
	M.Phil	18	100%
	Ph.D	12	100%
Translation			
	M.Phil	11	100%
	Ph.D	12	100%
Literature			
	M.Phil.	175 (25 Students per year)	100%
	2Ph.D.	280 (Average 4 staff)	100%
Linguistics			
	2006 - 2008	12	100 %
	2007 - 2009	17	100 %
	2008 - 2010	4	100 %
	2009 - 2011	5	100 %
	2010 - 2012	4	100 %
	2011 - 2013	4	100 %
	2012 - 2014	6	100 %
Lexicography			
	M.A. 2003-2012	400	100 %
	M.Phil.	250	100 %
	Ph.D.	51	90 %
Scientific Tamil	M.Phil	24	100 %
	Ph.D.	36	90 %
Sociology			
	M.A. (Sociology)	7	100 %
	M.Phil. (Sociology)	5	100 %
	M.Phil. (Social Work)	5	100 %
	Ph.D	27 20	100 %

Education			
	Male	Female	Pass Percentage
2007-08			
B.Ed.	15	85	100%
M.Phil	5	0	
2008-09			
B.Ed.	22	78	100%
M.Phil	2	2	
2009-10			
B.Ed.	09	91	100%
M.Phil	9	5	
2010-11			
B.Ed.	12	88	100%
M.Phil	9	3	
Ph.D			
2011-12			
B.Ed.	17	79	100%
M.Phil	24	15	
Ph.D			
2012-13			
B.Ed.	18	82	100%
M.Ed.	16	19	
M.Phil	24	10	
Ph.D			
2013-14			
B.Ed.	13	87	100%
M.Ed.	6	16	
M.Phil			
Ph.D			
Linguistics			
	MA		
	2007 - 2009	4	100%
	2008-2010	4	100%
	2009 - 2011	5	100%
	2010-2012	4	100%
	2011-13	4	100%
Philosophy			
	M.A	14	100%
	M.Phil	49	100%
Folklore			
	Ph.D.	26	100%
	M.Phil.	50	100%
Indian Languages	M.Phil.,	69	100%
	Ph.D	79	90%
Siddha Medicine			
	Ph.D.	15	-
	M.Phil		

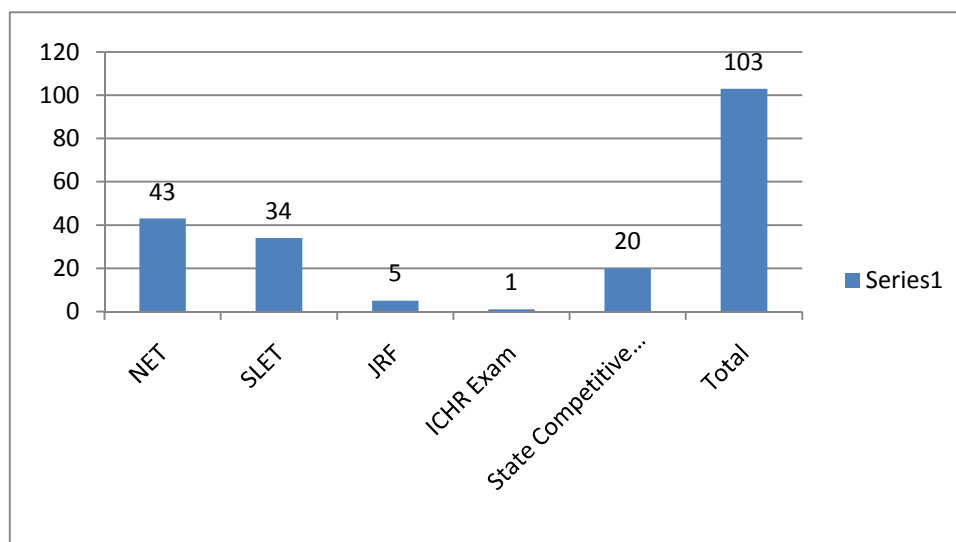
	2007-2008	1	100%
	2008-2009	1	100%
	2010-2011	3	100%
	2012-2013	3	100%
	2013-2014	2	100%
	M.Sc.		
	2009- 2011	8	100%
	2012-2014	9	100%
Computer Sciences			
	MSC		
	2006-07	4	100 %
	2007-08	12	100 %
	M.Phil.		
	2007-08	6	100 %
	2009-10	7	100 %
	2010-11	7	100 %
	2011-12	8	100 %
	2012-13	7	100 %
	2013-14	12	In progress
Industries and Earth Sciences			
	M.Sc.		
	2007 - 2008	12	100 %
	2008 - 2009	9	100 %
	M.Phil.		
	2007-08	18	-
	2008-09	18	-
	2009-10	18	-
	2010-11	18	-
	2011-12	18	-
	Ph.D.		
	2007-08	24	-
	2008-09	24	-
	2009-10	24	-
	2010-11	24	-
	2011-12	24	-
Environment and Herbal Sciences			
	M.Sc.		
	2006-07	4	100 %
	2007-08	12	100 %
	M.Phil.		
	2007-08	6	100 %
	2009-10	7	100 %
	2010-11	7	100 %
	2011-12	8	
	2012-13	7	
	2013-14	12	
	2014-15	12	

5.2.3. What is the number and percentage of students who appeared/ qualified in examinations like UGC-CSIR-NET, UGC-NET, SLET, ATE / CAT / GRE / TOFEL / GMAT / Central / State services, Defense, Civil Services, etc.?

Students who passed NET-SLET Exams for Seven Years

Name of The Department	NET	SLET	JRF	ICHR Exam	State Competitive Exams	Total
Sculpture	1	3	0	-	-	4
Music	1	3	0	-	-	4
Palm Leaf	2	0	0	-	-	2
Epigraphy and Archaeology	2	0	0	1	2	5
Literature	15	20	0	-	-	35
Linguistics	6	0	0	-	-	6
Indian Languages	10	4	5	-	-	19
Earth Science	0	4	0	-	-	4
Computer Science	6	0	0	-	-	6
All Departments					18	18
	43	34	5	1	20	103

Students who passed Competitive Exams



5.2.4 Provide category-wise details regarding the number of Ph.D./ D.Litt./D.Sc. theses submitted/ accepted/ resubmitted/ rejected in the last four years.

Year	Total No. of Ph.D. Award	Acceptance	Resubmission	Rejection
2007-08	72	70	2	
2008-09	57	56	1	
2009-10	64	61	3	
2010-11	91	87	4	
2011-12	96	93	2	1
2012-13	87	84	3	
2013-14	67	61	6	
	534	512	21	1

5.3 STUDENT PARTICIPATION AND ACTIVITIES

5.3.1 List the range of sports, cultural and extracurricular activities available to students. Furnish the programme calendar and provide details of students' participation.

- Sports events are arranged every year during the Pongal season in January
- Travel allowance and uniforms are provided to the sports persons
- Gymnasium has been established in the University
- Students participate in cultural events during the Pongal festivals, and during the time of national and international seminars.

5.3.2 Give details of the achievements of students in co-curricular, extracurricular and cultural activities at different levels: University / State / Zonal / National / International, etc. during the last four years.

Sports Activities

- Women Kabadi team of Tamil University participated in the inter-University tournament sponsored by Association of Indian Universities in the year 2012-13

Cultural Activities

- Shanmugasundaram, Department of Music, 2011-12 participated in State Level Music competition and Received 1st Prize

NSS Activities

2007	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The NSS unit had 200 members of PG and M.Phil. students. • From March 2007, a separate unit consisting of 100 girl students was organized. • A special camp was organized for cleaning the streets and temples of Pillayarpatti village, which is the neighborhood of Tamil University, from 16.3.2007 to 25.3.2007. During these days, awareness programmes on health, hygienic and national integrity were organized and talks and were given by Physicians and Police Officials. • In addition, World Women's Day was celebrated with the support offered by the volunteers.
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2008	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In 2008, two units containing 100 male volunteers each and 1 unit of 100 women volunteers were functioning in the university. • Blood Donation and Blood Group Identification Camps were organized on 13.2.2008 in Tamil University for Facilities and students. Blood samples were donated by 30 male and female students. • Programmes of cleaning the streets and temples were carried out in Nilagiri Panchayat and Pillayarpatti Panchayat. • In addition, cultural and awareness programmes on health, hygienic and national integrity were also organized.
2009	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The NSS unit of the Tamil University had three units with 300 students till 31.03.2009 and from 1.4.2009 150 students were active in the NSS unit. • Special camp was organized in the village of Pillayarpatti from 12.3.2009 to 18.3.2009. Cleaning the streets, school complexes and temples of Pillayarpatti and Nilagiri Panchayat were undertaken. Awareness programmes were also organized. • Celebration of World women's day was undertaken with the support of the NSS volunteers. • Blood Donation and Blood Group Identification Camps were organized on 30.3.2009. • Dr. K.Sankar, Project Officer participated in the Workshop for Project Officers organized by Rajiv Gandhi Youth Club and Indian Youth Sports Ministry from 1 to 3, June 2009 at Sriperumpudur. • In the mountaineering camp organized for the students from June 20- July 1, 2009 by the Ministry of Sports and Youth welfare volunteer Mr.A.Tholkappian, PG Student of Science Faculty participated • Many other programmes like Tree Plantation, Awareness programme on Natural food and Yoga, Awareness programme for women on Cancer and Anemia along with free eye-camp were organized between November and December with the participation of 300 volunteers. • Tree plantation programmes was organized within the Tamil University campus on 24.09.2009 on the 40th anniversary of NSS programme in India • Rubella and Cancer Awareness programmes were organized on 19.11.2009 by the NSS unit and Dr. Bharati Suresh Kannan delivered a lecture. • Free eye care camp was organized on 10-12-2009 in the Tamil University campus with the support of Thanjavur Victory Lions Club and Madurai Aravind Eye Hospital
2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Summer Camp was organized from 05.03.2010 to 11.03.2010 in the village of Pillayarpatti panchayat. Streets, School Campuses and Temples of the village were cleaned by the volunteers. During the seven days awareness programmes were also organized. • Tamil University NSS volunteer P.Velmurugan participated in the Summer camp organized by the Sports Ministry of the Central Government at Sathayabhama University, Chennai.

2011	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Special camp for the year 2011 was organized in the Pillayarpati Panchayat from 04.03.2011 to 10.03.2011. During the camp, student volunteers undertook cleaning of Streets, Temples and School Complexes. Furthermore awareness programmes were also organized for the benefit of the village people. • Free Eye care camp was organized on 04.03.2011 at the University campus with the support of Thanjavur Victory Lions Club and Madurai Aravind Eye hospital and 250 staff members and university staff participated and benefited from the camp. • Blood Donation and Blood Group Identification Camps were organized on 22.09.2011 and 250 students and staff members participated in the programme.
2012	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Seven day special camp was organized from 14.03.2012 to 20.03.2012. During the camp cleanliness drive was organized and temples, streets and school complexes of the village were cleaned by the student volunteers • Campus activities: The student volunteers involved in cleaning the Tamil University Campus and the Sports Ground. • The NSS Unit of Tamil University and the Ancient City Lions Club organized an awareness program on Kidney on 08.03.2012. For 50 people kidney related blood tests were also conducted.

5.3.3 Does the University conduct special drives / campaigns for students to promote heritage consciousness?

Yes.

World Mother Tongue day is celebrated by the University every year.

The University also participates in heritage awareness campaign organized by Archaeological Survey of India.

A programme called "Tamil Ula" was organized by the department from the funds of the Tamil Nadu government. Students are taken to heritage sites and historically important sites.

Celebration of Birth Day of U.Ve. Saminathaiyyar, famous scholar of Tamil studies is organized every year at his birthplace. Students and faculty members attend this function and pay homage to the great Tamil scholar.

Field work is arranged as part of archaeology course and the students from other department visit industries and other research institutes to enhance their learning and knowledge about our rich culture.

Workshop has been arranged by the School of Indian Languages and Comparative literature in collaboration with LACITUS-Paris.

Visit to Cultural Sites with Grants from Government of Tamil Nadu

Special Visit to cultural sites of Tamil Nadu was organized mainly for the students with generous grants from the Government of Tamil Nadu. The programme was called "Tamil Ula" ("Tour Programmes to Cultural Sites")

List of Tamil Ula ("Tour Programmes to Cultural Sites") Date and Place

Sl. No.	Department	Places Visited	Date of the Visit	No. Students and staff Participated
1	Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	Tarangambadi	06.02.2010	90
2	Epigraphy and Archaeology and Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	Pudukkottai, Malayadipatti, Narthamalai, Vijayalcholleswaram, Pudukkottai Museum	25.03.2010	110
3	Music and Literature	Poompuhar	4.12.2009	160
4	Folklore and Social Sciences	Sittannaval, Pudukkottai	06.01.2010	110
5	Sculpture and Architecture	Thiruvizhimazhalai	12.12.2009	143
6	Palm Leaf Manuscripts and Rare-paper Manuscripts	Madurai Meenakshi Amman temple and Nayakkar Mahal	06.03.2010	86
7	Computer Science and Industries and Earth Sciences	Ariyalur	30.03.2010	32
8	Philosophy and Drama	Chidambaram, Sirkazhi and Poompuhar	26.03.2010	80
9	Siddha Medicine, and Environment and Herbal Sciences	Pazhani	20.03.2010	100
10	Lexicography and Translation and Linguistics	Thiruvarur, Sikkal, Sirkazhi	24.03.2010	125
11	Scientific Tamil and Tamil Development and Education and Management, and Tribal Studies Centre	Kallanai, Sri Rangam and Vayalur	23.03.2010	93

5.3.4 How does the University involve and encourage its students to publish materials like catalogues, wall magazines, college magazine, and other material? List the major publications/ materials brought out by the students during the last four academic sessions.

Students are encouraged to publish in University journals and e-journals.

5.3.5 Does the University have a Student Council or any other similar body? Give details on its constitution, activities and funding.

No. As the number of PG Courses and students are minimal there is no Student Council.

5.3.6 Give details of various academic and administrative bodies that have student representatives on them. Also provide details of their activities.

- RUSA Committee
- Student Committee for Library

CRITERION VI: GOVERNANCE, LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

6.1 INSTITUTIONAL VISION AND LEADERSHIP

6.1.1 State the Vision and the mission of the University

Vision

To further the advancement of high level learning and research on Tamil language, literature and culture from the past records. The focus is not just on existence, but on excellence in all fields of knowledge for the benefit of the ordinary citizens in particular and humankind in general.

Mission

To preserve the valuable elements of Tamil language and culture. To offer education in mother tongue for excellence and exuberance. To empower human resource, beyond caste and creed, with creative and analytical skills necessary for their survival and excellence in the age of globalization. To create responsible citizens for the overall growth of the nation.

Motto: The Motto of the Tamil University is "Uḷḷuvattellām Uyarvuḷḷal" meaning "Aim High".



Various symbols signifies the following meanings

The Vimāna of Thanjavur Brihadeeswara Temple	: Signifies the greatness of the absolute reality
The World	: Signifies the oneness of mankind
The Palmyra manuscripts	: Signify the Knowledge
Veena	: Signifies the Fine Arts
The Peacock	: Signifies the natural beauty

6.1.2 Does the mission statement define the institution's distinctive characteristics in terms of addressing the needs of the society; the students it seeks to serve, the institution's tradition and value orientations, its vision for the future, etc.?

Yes. It seeks to create responsible citizens in the age of globalization. The distinctive character of the University is to aid the society and students in inculcating the traditional values through teaching and research. The public and students are made aware of the needs to keep the traditional knowledge and values in the era of Globalization, lest the entire culture would be lost in course of the social dynamics. The researches in the traditional medicine system, history, literature, art forms etc. by the University give new insights into the cultural system of Tamil Nadu an integral cultural system of subcontinent. The furtherance of such researches in the light of modern world is the vision of the future.

6.1.3 How is the leadership involved

- **in ensuring the organization's management system development, implementation and continuous improvement?**

The University's leadership focuses on the improvement in quality of education and research. The administrative system, which includes the Senate, Syndicate, Finance Committees chaired by the Vice Chancellor designs and implements the various programmes for the smooth running of the institution and for enhancing the quality. The University promotes democratic and participatory management system. The focus is on socially inclusive policies and promotion of education in mother tongue for all round development of the nation. Constant thrust is given for publications in mother tongue, advanced research, and use of information technology and to reach out to the public. The Board of Studies, Research Committee, Senate and Syndicate take active part in setting and monitoring the goals of the University.

- **in interacting with its stakeholders?**

The University constantly interacts with the public. The lectures and seminars are advertised in local dailies and local people are invited to participate in the seminars and lectures. Special exhibitions are organized by the University for the benefit of the public. Competitions are organized by the University on Environment day and important days for the school children. Its DDE section offer many courses for the benefit of the public. The Vice Chancellor and the faculty members attend various academic programmes organized by local institutions.

- **in reinforcing a culture of excellence?**

The University strives hard to reinforce the culture of excellence. In research and education quality is maintained through monitoring the rules and regulations. The rules related to the maximum number of students who can register for Ph.D. is strictly adhered to.

- **in identifying organizational needs and striving to fulfill them?**

The senate, syndicate and Planning Boards look into the Vision of the University and actively involve themselves in identifying the Institutional future needs. Accordingly the proposals are made to improve the infrastructure, filling up the vacant posts, auditing the research works etc. The funding organization is identified and the proposal is placed to the

concerned authorities. For example for the infrastructure development funds from the UGC are sought for besides State Government offers generous grants for the infrastructure every year. Every year new endowments are established to offer research lectures, fellowships to the needy students and for publication of the Books etc.

6.1.4 Were any of the top leadership positions of the University vacant for more than a year? If so, state the reasons.

Yes.

Registrar Post was vacant till June 2013 and Registrar in regular service is appointed in the year 2013.

6.1.5 Does the University ensure that all positions in its various statutory bodies are filled and meetings conducted regularly?

Yes.

The University ensures that all the positions in its various statutory bodies like Syndicate, Senate, Planning Board, Finance Committee, Purchase Committee, Research Committee, etc. are filled regularly. The nomination of the memberships for the statutory bodies is made as soon as possible.

6.1.6 Does the University promote a culture of participative management? If yes, indicate the levels of participative management.

Yes. The frequent meetings among the Deans and Head of the Departments are made in decision making. Added to that the meeting with all the Academic personnel are made for efficient function of the University. The grievances posed by the academic and administrative staff are immediately attended and the meeting of all Deans is convened. To attend any special need a committee is constituted by the Vice-Chancellor and based on the resolutions of the committee the actions are taken.

The research committee is represented by Deans, and a representative each from Professor Level, Associate Professor level and Assistant level is nominated to present their views.

6.1.7 Give details of the academic and administrative leadership provided by the University to its affiliated colleges and the support and encouragement given to them to become autonomous.

NA

6.1.8 Have any provisions been incorporated / introduced in the University Act and Statutes to provide for conferment of degrees by autonomous colleges?

NA

6.1.9 How does the University groom leadership at various levels? Give details.

The leadership is groomed at all the academic level of the University. The following are the Leadership level posts and concerned posts

Leadership	Academic Level
Register (i/c.)	Professor
Special Officer (Grants and Projects	Professor
Controller of Exams (i/c.)	Professor
Additional Controller of Exams (i/c.)	Asst. Professor
Director DDE (i/c.)	Professor
Deputy Director - in - Charge (i/c.)	Assistant Professor
IQAC Director	Professor
Publication Director (additional Charge)	Assistant Professor
Research Committee	Deans, One Professor, One Associate Professor, One Assistant Professor
Chairman Purchase committee	Professor & Syndicate Member
Girls & Boys Hostels' Warden	Assistant Professor

6.1.10 Has the University evolved a knowledge management strategy? If yes, give details.

Yes. The University has a knowledge management strategy. The University gathers the knowledge that is preserved among the people in language, culture, material culture and traditional knowledge and studies them scientifically. The generated knowledge is published, archived for the benefit of the society and the public.

6.1.11 How are the following values reflected the functioning of the University?

➤ **Contributing to national development**

The University offers degrees to the rural and socially and economically backward students. It helps improve the disparity in development.

➤ **Fostering global competencies among students**

The University offers skill development for the students by organizing lectures on Personality Development and Spoken English.

➤ **Inculcating a sound value system among students**

Yoga practice is offered by the University. NSS and RRC units help enhance the a good value system among the students.

➤ **Promoting use of technology**

Training is offered for IT skills through curriculum. Added to that short term courses are offered to the students in the Computer Science Department. Orientation Programme is offered to new students in accessing the books in the Library through computers.

➤ **Quest for excellence**

The University constantly reviews its policy for excellence in its thrust areas. The faculty members have been encouraged to undertake more research projects and are motivated to bring out quality publications. In order to maintain research quality the number of Ph.D. students guided by the faculty members is maintained within the stipulated norms.

6.2 STRATEGY DEVELOPMENT AND DEPLOYMENT

6.2.1 Does the University have a perspective plan for development? If yes, what aspects are considered in the development of policies and strategies?

Yes. Teaching in mother tongue, gender equality, socially inclusive development, higher level research, applied research, management of Traditional Knowledge System and focus on public outreach are the aspects that are considered in the policies and strategies.

➤ **Vision and mission**

Focus on the learning in mother tongue and high level research

➤ **Teaching and learning**

To offer the latest developments in a creative manner using traditional and modern methods

➤ **Research and development**

To undertake higher level research for the benefit of the society. Validating the traditional knowledge for contemporary use.

➤ **Community engagement**

To engage and interact with people constantly.

➤ **Human resource planning and development**

Improving the quality of human resource to survive in the age of globalization.

➤ **Industry interaction**

To improve the relevance of research the University encourages interaction with industries.

➤ **Internationalization**

The University encourages its faculty to develop international collaboration and tie up.

6.2.2 Describe the University's internal organizational structure and decision making processes and their effectiveness.

Administrative System of Tamil University

Chancellor

Dr. K.Rosaiah

His Excellency the Governor of Tamilnadu

Pro- Chancellor

Dr.K. C.Veeramani

Hon'ble Minister for School Education, Sports and Youth Welfare

Vice - Chancellor

Dr M.Thirumalai

Syndicate

Senate

Registrar

Dr.S. Ganeshram

Finance Officer

Mr.M. Partheeban

Faculty Members

Administrative Staff

6.2.3 Does the University have a formal policy to ensure quality? How is it designed, driven, deployed and reviewed?

Yes.

The University seeks to ensure high quality education and seeks quality output from its staff and students. The Vice-Chancellor seeks report of the activities of various departments and reviews their performance. Based on the analysis of performance suitable changes are made in the activities, programmes and rules and regulations related to Ph.D. programmes, courses and other research activities.

6.2.4 Does the University encourage its academic departments to function independently and autonomously and how does it ensure accountability?

- The academic departments function independently
- They decide on the academic issues related to seminars conferences and curricula.
- The University monitors the academic process through reporting and discussions
- However, many of the activities are done with due deliberations with the administration.
- Accountability is ensured through periodic meetings and reviews.

6.2.5 During the last four years, have there been any instances of court cases filed by and against the institute? What were the critical issues and verdicts of the courts on these issues?

Yes.

There have been cases filed against the University.

- Issues related to adopting roaster system in the University appointments
- Issues related to promotion, salary fixation.

Number of Cases from 2010 to 2013

Sl. no	Nature of the Cases	No of cases
1	Salary fixation and Promotion	13
2	Reservation	4
3	Accident	1
4	Defamation	1
5	Syndicate Resolution	1
	Total	20

6.2.6 How does the University ensure that grievances / complaints are promptly attended to and resolved effectively? Is there a mechanism to analyse the nature of grievances for promoting better stakeholder-relationship?

The students have been given specific visiting time to meet the Vice Chancellor. The employees of the University meet the administrations as and when needed. The grievances are forwarded to the concerned department for necessary action. Recently in 2014 Grievances Redressal Cell has been created in the University.

6.2.7 Does the University have a mechanism for analyzing student feedback on institutional performance? If yes, what was the institutional response?

Student feedback is received and action is taken based on the queries received. The grievances relating to the Hostels are received through representation from the students and the problems are solved through Hostel committee represented by the senior faculties of the University.

6.2.8 Does the University conduct performance audit of the various departments?

Yes.

The University conducts performance audit of its departments. The Vice-Chancellor meets every faculty of the department and looks in to the progress of the faculty in research endeavour.

6.2.9 What mechanisms have been evolved by the University to identify the developmental needs of its affiliated institutions?

NA

6.2.10 Does the University have a vibrant College Development Council (CDC) / Board of College and University Development (BCUD)? If yes, detail its structure, functions and achievements.

The University has a Planning Board (PB) which is represented by the eminent personalities of the society besides the syndicate members of the University. They meet once in a year to offer their suggestions in the functions of the University. The University does not have affiliated colleges. Hence there is no College Development Council.

6.3 FACULTY EMPOWERMENT STRATEGIES**6.3.1. What efforts have been made to enhance the professional development of teaching and non-teaching staff?**

- The University offers financial support for organizing seminars and lectures in the University
- The staff members are encouraged to attend orientation, refresher courses, special training courses and workshops
- Under UGC's unassigned grant financial support is offered for attending conferences at state level, national level and also at international level.
- The staff members are encouraged to apply for research projects
- The project management, the process for purchasing equipment up to Rs.50000/- has been simplified to speed-up the research activities.
- Internet facility and Laptops are available in most of the Departments.
- Training and lectures are arranged for the non-teaching staff.
- Teachers are encouraged to visit abroad for teaching, conferences and workshops. About 25% of the teachers visited abroad for academic programmes during assessment period

Academic Visits of Staff members to Foreign Countries

Faculty of Arts			
1.	Music	Dr. R.Madhavi	Switzerland, Malaysia, Singapore, Sri Lanka
Faculty of Manuscriptology			
2	Palm-leaf Manuscripts	Dr. M.K.Kovai Mani	Malaysia
3	Epigraphy and Archaeology	Dr. V.Selvakumar	Singapore, Ireland, Malaysia, Canada, Sri Lanka, Philippines, UK, Taiwan, USA

4	Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	Dr.N.Athiyaman	Sri Lanka, Philippines, USA
5		Dr. S.Rajavelu	Sri Lanka, Philippines, USA
Faculty of Developing Tamil			
6	Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	Dr. A.Karthikeyan	Mauritius, Malaysia, Singapore
7		Dr. S.Udayasurian	Mauritius, Malaysia, Singapore
8		Dr. U.Prabaharan	Malaysia, Singapore
9		Dr. T.Vetriselvan	Malaysia, Singapore
10	Lexicography	Dr. H. Chithiraputhiran	France
11		Dr.R.Thirunavukkarasu	Malaysia
12		Dr. M.Parvathi Ammal	Malaysia
13	Scientific Tamil & Tamil Development	Dr. K.Annadurai	Singapore
14		Dr. R.Kamalathiagarajan	Malaysia
15	Education and Management	Dr. P.Srinivasan	Sri Lanka
16		Dr. G.Palanivelu	Malaysia
Faculty of Language			
17	Literature	Dr. K.Thilagavathi	Dubai, Bangkok, Malaysia
18	Linguistics	Dr.S.Rajendran	Japan
19	Philosophy	Dr. G.Baskaran	Malaysia
20		Dr. J.Rengasamy	Australia
21		Dr.G.P.Nallasivam	Nepal, Singapore, Malaysia, Sri Lanka, UK, Australia
22	School of Indian Languages & Comparative Literature	Dr, V.S.Arul Raj	Germany
23		Dr. R.Muralidharan	Germany, Netherlands, France
Faculty of Science			
24	Architecture	Dr.G.Deivanayagam	Singapore

6.3.2 What is the outcome of the review of various appraisal methods used by the University? List the important decisions.

- The major appraisal method is review by the Senate and Syndicate based on the Annual report submitted by each Department. These are reviewed in the meeting. The suggestions provided by the members are adopted.
- Apart from the above, frequent meeting at HOD level, provide some form of appraisal about the activities of the concerned department and necessary suggestions are placed to them.
- For the Research projects funded by the State Government Appraisal meeting is made every three months and the suggestions are given to concerned staff.
- When special need arises the meeting of all Deans is convened and the decisions are taken.

6.3.3 What are the welfare schemes available for teaching and non-teaching staff? What percentage of staff have benefitted from these schemes in the last four years? Give details.

The following schemes are made available to the staff of the University.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|
| • General Provident Fund Advances | 100 % |
| • Festival Advance | 90 % |
| • Health Insurance scheme | 100 % |
| • Staff cooperative Society | 30 % |

6.3.4 What are the measures taken by the University for attracting and retaining eminent faculty?

- Wide publicity is given in the newspapers and the University's website about the vacancies for faculty
- The University encourages the staff members to undertake research activities
- 30 days duty leave is offered for attending conferences seminars and workshops
- In addition permission is granted for fieldwork related to their research projects.
- Sabbatical leave is offered to professors for undertaking research.
- The University offers visiting fellowships for senior researchers
- Eminent professors are advised to apply for UGC Emeritus professor Scheme
- Professor S.N.Kandasamy has been appointed as the head of the Centre for Study of Classical Languages.

6.3.5 Has the University conducted a gender audit during the last four years? If yes, mention a few salient findings.

No.

As only very few appointments have been made the gender audit could not be made.

6.3.6 Does the University conduct any gender sensitization programmes for its faculty?

Yes.

Staff members are advised on this aspect by the Vice Chancellor during the meetings.

International Women's day is celebrated in the University and awareness is created among the women faculty members.

Women redressal cell is functioning in order to help the women gender grievances.

6.3.7 What is the impact of the University's Academic Staff College Programmes in enhancing the competencies of the University faculty?

By attending the refresher courses of the Academic Staff Colleges the teachers who attend the programme enhance and update their knowledge in their field.

- They are able to identify the emerging area of research to focus their future researches.
- They are able to have good contact with the senior scholar in order to get their advices.
- They develop interrelationship among the participants who are working in the same field.
- The updated knowledge is passed on to the younger generations by teaching new areas to them.

6.4 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND RESOURCE MOBILIZATION

6.4.1 What is the institutional mechanism available to monitor the effective and efficient use of financial resources?

There is a separate Finance Section for effective and efficient use of financial resources. The finance section is headed by the Finance Officer who is generally deputed from the experienced state Local Fund Audit department. Under the Finance Officer an Accounts Officer (level of Assistant Registrar) and two superintends (level of Section officer) of the University work on the effective use of financial resources of the University.

6.4.2 Does the University have a mechanism for internal and external audit? Give details.

Yes.

The University has the mechanism of internal audit and external audit mechanism. The State Government's audit body namely Local Funds Audit has an office at Tamil University to look into the current audits. Whenever there is a clarification required the matter is immediately referred to the Assistant Director (In Campus) for further actions.

The AG of Central Government organization also visits the University periodically and makes remarks on the financial proceedings.

6.4.3 Are the institution's accounts audited regularly? Have there been any major audit objections, if so, how were they addressed?

Yes.

Regular Audit of the institution's accounts is mandatory. The Local Funds audit Department goes through all the accounts place remarks if exists. Following are the audit objections for the past four years.

L.F Audit Remarks Between 2007-08 and 2010-11

Sl. No	Year	Previous Remarks	New comments	Total Remarks	Remarks dropped	Balance Remarks
1	2007-08	281	55	336	62	274
2	2008-09	274	58	332	54	278
3	2009-10	278	101	379	25	354
4	2010-11	354	95	449	0	449
5	2011-12*	449	Yet to receive		0	
5	2012-13*	449	Yet to receive		0	
6	2013-14	449	Yet to receive		46	403
7	2014-15	403	-	-	40	363
	Total		590		227	363

Central Government AG Audit

Total Objections	- 38
Objections dropped	(2013) - 20
Pending Objections	- 18

The major audit objections are regarding appointment of a few Non-Teaching staff without prior approval of the Government. However, getting the representation to the Government is made and there is positive response in this regard.

Generally the joint meeting with finance Department of Tamil University and Deputy Director of Local Fund Audit is held to provide clarification for the remarks.

6.4.4 Provide the audited income and expenditure statement of academic and administrative activities of the last four years

Generally, the final audited statement of the expenditure is submitted within a maximum four years after the completion of financial year. However, in the finance committee the income expenditure statements are placed for the approval. The finance committee comprises of the State Government Secretaries who approves the future budget and past expenditures. The financial expenditure statement for the past 4 years is given under.

(Please see Annexure XII Page no. 226)

6.4.5 Narrate the efforts taken by the University for Resource Mobilization.

The University has taken several measures to raise resources.

- Efforts have been taken to generate resources through Research Projects
- The faculty members take initiative to get private sponsorships for managing events
- The faculty members also take the support of private persons to create endowments for delivering special lectures for the students
- DDE section is optimally utilized for generating resources
- UGC- plan grants and State Government Grants are also sought for raising resources
- Efforts are taken to obtain private funding also by requesting to create endowment in the Departments and Publication of books etc.

6.4.6 Is there any provision for the University to create a corpus fund? If yes, give details.

So far no provision is being made to corpus fund as most of the expenditure on research and administration is met out by the State Government. As there is no source of income through courses of affiliated colleges, corpus funds could not be created. However, initiation is on for creating corpus fund through the income generated by DDE.

6.5. INTERNAL QUALITY ASSURANCE SYSTEM

6.5.1 Does the University conduct an academic audit of its departments? If yes, give details.

Yes.

As the University mainly focuses its activities in Research and offering Research Degrees, the academic audit is done mostly for the research work.

Academic audit is conducted through regular annual report of research activities. It is done annually and the report is submitted before the Senate and Syndicate. Actions are taken according to the feedback from those administrative bodies.

Besides, the quality of individual research works is reviewed by the experts from a panel. On receipt of the review, the teacher is advised to make necessary changes in his

research work if called for. The research work is directly sent to the Publication Department to Publish in the form of books.

In addition the PBAS of the staff members are collected annually. Based on the review of these reports the Vice Chancellor advises the staff members to apply for more research projects and to publish more books.

6.5.2 Based on the recommendations of the academic audit, what specific measures have been taken by the University to improve teaching, learning and evaluation?

Usually academic activities on teaching learning and evaluation are done at the Department level. In the regular Head of the Departments meetings the Vice -Chancellor discusses on this issue.

The LCD facilities and Internet facilities are provided to all the departments.

The arrangement of field trip and necessary facilities like transport are provided to the students.

Cameras and audio visual equipments are provided to the students for field trip.

6.5.3 Is there a central body within the University to continuously review the teaching learning process? Give details of its structure, methodologies of operations and outcome?

The Vice-Chancellor, the Syndicate and the Board of Studies review the teaching-learning process.

Students are encouraged to participate in the seminar programmes of the University.

Students also present papers in the seminars organized

As part of the academic audit initiative 59 research projects were initiated by the Tamil University in 2013. Similarly in 2008 twenty-seven short term projects were initiated.

- It has been advised to use IT services for improve the teaching methods
- University vehicles are offered for field based study tours and training.
- Coaching is offered for competitive exams.

Yes. The Board of Studies reviews the teaching and learning process. The Curricula are updated with the latest developments in the field. It is done by the Dean of the Faculties and also by the Vice-chancellor.

6.5.4 How has IQAC contributed to institutionalizing quality assurance strategies and processes?

Though the IQAC of Tamil University was established during 2010, its activity is limited in institutionalizing quality assurance strategies and processes. There is a well organized quality assurance system in Tamil University and this system includes the committees such as Syndicate, Senate, Dean's committee, HOD committee, Planning Committee, Research Committee which meet regularly and takes up quality related issues. The University is planning to refurbish the IQAC in line with the modern trend in quality assurance system by allowing it to do the coordinating role, while the existing agencies within the University would also actively involved in quality assurance. The University feels that quality assurance should be the priority of all these committees, in addition to the activities of the IQAC.

6.5.5 How many decisions of the IQAC have been placed before the statutory authorities of the University for Implementation?

Two decision/reports.

- The IQAC reports were placed in Syndicate for approval.
- IQAC has received PBAS formats from all the faculty members and the same was scrutinized with the help of expert committee. The staff members who did not provide necessary information were asked to supply the necessary information. Only eligible candidates have been considered for promotion. Those who did not meet the minimum criteria were advised to undergo necessary courses like orientation courses/refresher courses. These recommendations were placed before the Syndicate of the University.

6.5.6 Does the IQAC have external members on its committees? If so, mention any significant contribution made by such members.

Yes. But, as the activity of IQAC was limited in quality assurance, the contribution of external committee members is insignificant.

6.5.7 Has the IQAC conducted any study on the incremental academic growth of students from disadvantaged sections of society?

No such study has been conducted. However, the University plans to undertake such a study in future.

6.5.8. What policies are in place for the periodic review of administrative and academic departments, subject areas, research centres, etc.?

- The University seeks a report on the activities of each department every year and they are published in the form of annual report. The annual report is reviewed and placed in the Senate and Syndicate.
- Vice-Chancellor regularly meets the staff members of the faculty and checks the progress of the research activities.
- The Vice-Chancellor also visits the departments and evaluates their performance.
- The administrative sections and their functions are also reviewed periodically.
- Based on the issues that emerge the departments and administrative sections are also reviewed.

Any other information regarding Governance, Leadership and Management which the University would like to include.

- An endowment has been established for training the administrative staff members and programmes are organized every year.

CRITERION VII: INNOVATIONS AND BEST PRACTICES

7.1. ENVIRONMENT CONSCIOUSNESS

7.1.1 Does the University conduct a Green Audit of its campus?

Yes. The University has conducted a Green Audit of the campus. A committee has been created for the Green Campus initiative.

1. A compost pit has been created in the campus for disposing solid wastes.
2. Removal of plastic bags on the campus is done periodically.
3. The University celebrates World Environment Day on June 5.
4. Trees are planted regularly on the campus.
5. The University has an herbal garden and it preserves rare medicinal plants.
6. The University has Garden Unit for maintaining the campus green.
7. There has been proliferation of deer and pea-fowls on the campus due to the eco-friendly activities.

7.1.2 What are the initiatives taken by the University to make the campus eco-friendly?

➤ **Energy conservation**

- No Incandescent bulb is used in the Campus.
- The regular tube lights are changed to CFL bulbs in phased manner
- The staff and students are made aware of saving energy by using electricity optimally.
- Conventional tube light chokes are replaced with electronic chokes to conserve energy in phased manner.
- In the University canteen, high roof with natural wind blow arrangement is made reducing electrical power.

➤ **Use of renewable energy**

No renewable energy system is used in the University. However, efforts are on for the establishment of solar power panels. Proposals are placed to the State Government for solar energy lights

➤ **Water-harvesting**

Three reservoirs covering about 50 acre area have been created in the University for Water harvesting.

➤ **Check dam construction**

Nil

➤ **Efforts for Carbon neutrality**

The University is situated in serene atmosphere where in no air and noise pollution is felt, except from the vehicular traffic of the National Highway. The vast number of trees and plants in the large campus takes care of carbon neutrality. This is the reason that people from Thanjavur and nearby area take stroll in the campus during morning and evening hours. Added to that

- Tree plantation is being done regularly on the campus.

➤ **Plantation**

- The University is covered with trees and plants. The University campus is green and has more trees and less building.
- Saplings are planted regularly.
- Through the students of NSS every year tree planting and maintenance is done for unnatural deforestation like natural death of trees

- **Hazardous waste management**
 - Hazardous waste management is done.
 - Chemical and biological wastes are properly disposed.
 - Proposal for creating an incinerator is under consideration
- **e-waste Management**
 - e-waste is disposed through periodic auction.
- **Any other (please specify)**

The University campus is completely covered with trees and plants, and has pollution-free atmosphere. The University has a deer park. A few wild animals including fox, black-naped hare and snakes and a variety of birds such as partridges and peacocks are found in the campus. Many people from Thanjavur take morning walk in the green environment of the Tamil University campus.

7.2 INNOVATIONS

7.2.1 Give details of innovations introduced during the last four years which have created a positive impact on the functioning of the University.

- As the University is mainly research-oriented (unitary), it gives primary importance to research activities. In order to encourage publication of books and monographs, short-term research projects (27) were initiated in 2008. In 2013-14, 59 research projects were undertaken with funding from Tamil Nadu Government. Many of these projects have been completed and they will be published as monographs in future.
- The review meeting to check the progress of Ph.D. scholars was introduced in 2013-14 in order to streamline the doctoral research activities. This has created a positive impact on the research activities of the University.

Innovative Courses

- PG Diploma in Coastal Ecology and GIS was started in 2013-14, with funding from the UGC under Innovative Scheme.

Communication and Dissemination

- FM radio station has been started in the University. It operates from 9 to 10 AM, 1 to 2 PM and 4-5 PM (91.2 FM) everyday. University teachers talk on various subjects and relevant issues.
- Exhibition was organized in 2008 during Anna Centenary Celebration for popularizing the academic activities of the University among the public. A large number of people from Thanjavur and neighbouring town attended the programmes.
- The results of research projects of the University and the highlights of the conferences are regularly published in local newspapers.
- People from neighborhood of Thanjavur attend the seminar programmes of Tamil University.
- In 2010 the University organized an exhibition on archaeology and history in the exhibition arranged by the Tamil Nadu Government at Thanjavur for the occasion of 1000th year anniversary of the Brihadheeswara temple Thanjavur
- The University participates in the book exhibitions conducted in many parts of Tamil Nadu and its publications are available on sale.

Public Awareness

- International Mother Tongue day is celebrated by the University every year.
- The University participated in the Heritage Awareness programs conducted by the Archaeological Survey of India on the occasion of World Heritage Week and World Heritage Day.

Academic quality Improvement

- University has taken efforts to establish new endowments to organize lectures that can help students benefit from the experts' knowledge.
- One-to-one meeting with research scholars by the Vice Chancellor of the University for improving the quality of research.

Support for the Local People and Public

- In order to improve the condition of villages, the University has adopted Pillayarpatti village. Awareness programs and NSS camps were conducted at this village.
- Writing village histories based on the request from local people.

7.3 BEST PRACTICES**7.3.1 Give details of any two best practices which have contributed to better academic and administrative functioning of the University.****Best Practice 1****1. Title of the Practice**

This title should capture the keywords that describe the practice.

“Siddha Medical Service to the Public”

2. Objectives of the Practice

What are the objectives / intended outcomes of this “best practice” and what are the underlying principles or concepts of this practice (in about 100 words)?

The Tamil University has established a Siddha Outpatient Clinic in its Palace Complex in Thanjavur town. The purpose of the initiative is offer free medical service to the public. Through this practice the Tamil University reaches out to the public with its expert academic research knowledge. Hence Tamil University felt that the knowledge generated by the University should reach the public and it should be beneficial to the society. A University runs on public funds and hence its activity should offer services to the society at large. Based on this principle the University has established the Siddha Clinical Unit.

Tamil University has appointed a full-time Siddha doctor to offer the services to the public from 4 PM to 6 PM every day. To draw more patients, popular articles on Siddha medicine is published in local news papers (e.g. Dr. Prema's articles in Dina Thanthi- Daily Thanthi)

3. The Context

What were the contextual features or challenging issues that needed to be addressed in designing and implementing this practice (in about 150 words)?

In Thanjavur town mainly allopathic medical practice is offered and its plays a dominant role in treating patients. Some people prefer the traditional medicine since it has less side-effects as it is a nature oriented cure.

4. The Practice

Describe the practice and its uniqueness in the context of India higher education. What were the constraints / limitations, if any, faced (in about 400 words)?

There is a lot of academic research being undertaken in India. However this research results remain only as reports, thesis and articles. The research outcomes often do not reach the public or their applicability is limited. The Siddha Department of Tamil University is undertaking research activities in Siddha medicine and it attempts to scientifically validate traditional medical practices. With its strong research background, it was felt that offering free medical services to the public is very essential. A Siddha doctor has been appointed for this purpose.

Since Tamil University is located 7 km away from the main city, people could not travel easily to the main campus. Hence the Siddha Outpatient Clinic was established in the Palace complex.

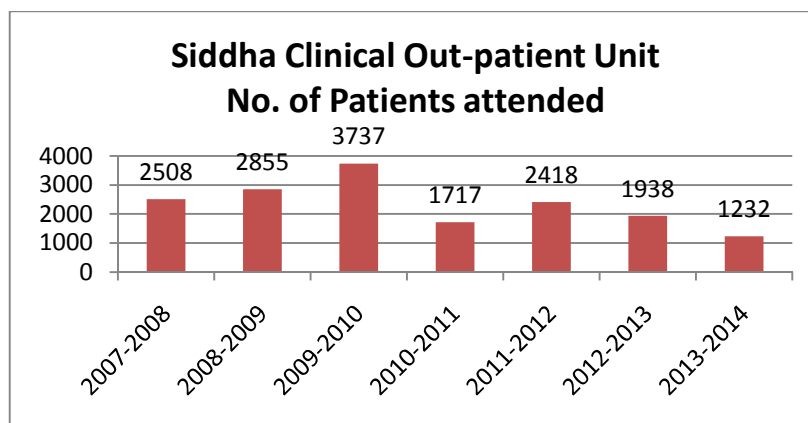
5. Evidence of Success

Provide evidence of success such as performance against targets and benchmarks, review results. What do these results indicate? Describe in about 200 words.

The Siddha Outpatient Clinic has been a success with many patients visiting the unit daily.

Table Number of Patients who visited the Siddha Clinic

Year	No. of Patients
2007-2008	2508
2008-2009	2855
2009-2010	3737
2010-2011	1717
2011-2012	2418
2012-2013	1938
2013-2014	1232



6. Problems Encountered and Resources Required

Please identify the problems encountered and resources required to implement the practice (in about 150 words).

No problem was encountered. Only minimal resources are required for the programme.

7. Notes

Such a practice can be applied to other University /institutions that have similar departments. The knowledge generated by the universities should reach out to the public and industry. Just by publishing papers, books and material in English for the benefit of career building alone is not important. The universities should offer their best services to the public.

Best Practice 2

1. Title of the Practice

This title should capture the keywords that describe the practice.

“Motivation and Monitoring of Doctoral Research Students”

2. Objectives of the Practice

What are the objectives / intended outcomes of this “best practice” and what are the underlying principles or concepts of this practice (in about 100 words)?

Research students who register for Ph.D. need to be systematically monitored for their progress in research. At Tamil University, it was found that some of the research students took longer duration for completing their research degrees, and hence the Hon’ble Vice Chancellor Dr. M.Thirumalai took initiative to meet all the research students of Tamil University personally along with their research supervisor and assessed the progress of their research in 2014. The purpose of this practice is to improve the quality of research activities.

3. The Context

What were the contextual features or challenging issues that needed to be addressed in designing and implementing this practice (in about 150 words)?

Each research student was asked to attend the meeting with a report on their research progress. The students were engaged in a discussion along with their research supervisors. It required more than a month to completely meet all the Ph.D. students and discuss their research problems, and other issues by the Vice Chancellor, because of the busy schedule of the Vice Chancellor.

4. The Practice

Describe the practice and its uniqueness in the context of India higher education. What were the constraints / limitations, if any, faced (in about 400 words)?

In some institutions, doctoral research programmes are not strictly monitored. Students registering for doctoral research in some of the rural institutions take longer duration to complete their research. It was necessary to talk to the students and find out and address the issues that prevent them from completing their research on time.

5. Evidence of Success

Provide evidence of success such as performance against targets and benchmarks, review results. What do these results indicate? Describe in about 200 words.

This practice was implemented in June 2014. The review will be done later this year. From the preliminary survey, it is clear that the students are motivated by this practice.

6. Problems Encountered and Resources Required

There was no major problem in implementing the project. It does not require much resource, except that the Vice Chancellor or the head of the institution or a committee constituted by the Vice Chancellor needs to allot the necessary time to undertake this task, as it would require a lot of time to review the progress of the each research student.

7. Notes

Such a practice can be applied to other University/institutions and it can help students to complete their research on time.

Any other information regarding Innovations and Best Practices which the University would like to include.

Other Best Practices of the University

a) Book Sales on Discount

The University offers its publications at a discounted rate for the public throughout the year. During the month of September, when the foundation day of the university falls, the books are sold at a discount of 50 %.

b) Book Sales Counters at the Conferences and Exhibitions

The Publication Department of the University participates in the events like Book exhibitions, conferences and seminars by setting up sales counters, throughout Tamil Nadu. This practice has enabled the dissemination information of the academic activities and the publications of Tamil University all over Tamil Nadu.

c) Plantation of Economically Important Trees

The University campus has a green landscape. Already 40 red sandal wood trees and hundreds of teak wood trees have been planted. Recently the university has begun to plant Red sandal trees on its campus.

d) Music Competitions for the Students at the State and District Level

The Department of Music arranges music competition at the district level to promote awareness and interest in traditional music. Prizes are offered to the school and college students at the District and State level.

e) Teaching Yoga at the Juvenile Home

The Yoga Centre in the Department of Philosophy seeks to popularize the yoga practice among the students and the public. It organizes Yoga training programmes. One of its

programmes was organized specially for the inmates of the Government Juvenile Home at Thanjavur. This initiative was well received by the participants and they showed positive interest in the programme.

f) Green Thanjavur Movement

The Tamil University is part of the Green Thanjavur Movement initiated by the Thanjavur District Collector. As part of this scheme, 7500 trees have been planted within the Tamil University Campus.

ANNEXURES

ANNEXURE I
Courses Offered in Tamil University 2013-14
(Actually Offered/Existing Courses)

Courses Offered in Tamil University (Inventory of Courses) 2013-14							
Faculty of Arts		UG	Certificate	Diploma	MA	M.Phil	Ph.D.
1	Department of Sculpture	-	-	-	History, Art & Culture	History	History
2	Department of Music		Music	Music	Music	Music, Dance	Music, Dance
3	Department of Drama	B.A. Performing Arts	-	-	-	Drama	Drama
Faculty of Manuscriptology							
4	Department of Palm-leaf Manuscripts	-	-	-	-	Manuscriptology, Tamil & History	Manuscriptology, Tamil & History
5	Department of Rare-paper Manuscripts	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology	-	-	-	History and Archaeology	History, Epigraphy and Archaeology	History, Epigraph and Archaeology
7	Department of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	-	-	-	-	Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	Maritime History and Marine Archaeology
Faculty of Developing Tamil							
8	Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	-	-	-	-	Tamilology	Tamilology
9	Department of Translation	-	-	PG Diploma Translation	-	Translation	Translation
10	Department of Lexicography	-	-	-	-	Tamilology	Tamilology
11	Department of Social Science	-	-	-	-	Sociology & Social work	Sociology & Social work

12	Department of Scientific Tamil and Tamil Development					Tamil	Tamil
13	Department of Education	B.Ed.	-	-	M.Ed.	Education	Education
Faculty of Language							
14	Department of Literature	-	-	-	M.A. Tamil Literature	Tamil	Tamil
15	Department of Linguistics				M.A. Applied Linguistics	Linguistics	Linguistics
16	Department of Philosophy				M.A. Temple arts, Tourism & Philosophy	Philosophy	Philosophy
17	Department of Tribal Research	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Department of School of Indian Languages	-	Telugu	Telugu	-	Tamilology & English	Tamilology & English
19	Department of Folklore	-	-	-	-	Tamilology	Tamilology
Faculty of Science							
20	Department of Siddha Medicine	-	-	Siddha Drug Standardization	M.Sc. Biomedical Sciences	Biochemistry, Medicinal Botany, Chemistry	Siddha Medicine, Biochemistry, Pharmacology, Chemistry, Pharmaceutical Sciences
21	Department of Ancient Sciences	-	-	-	-	Biological Sciences	Biological Sciences
22	Department of Industries and Earth Sciences	-	-	PG Diploma Coastal Eco - systems and GIS	Earth Sciences (Geology and Geography)	Earth Sciences	Earth Sciences

23	Department of Computer Science	-	-	-	Computer Sciences	Computer Sciences	-
24	Department of Architecture	-	-	-	-	-	Architecture
25	Department of Environmental and Herbal Science	-	-	-	-	Environmental science, Herbal Science	Environmental science, Herbal Science
26	Department of Library and Information Science	-	-	-	-	-	Library and Information Science

ANNEXURE IA
Courses Offered in Tamil University 2013-14*
 Courses actually operating in the year 2013-14

Courses Offered in Tamil University							
Faculty of Arts		UG	Certificate	Diploma	MA	M.Phil.	Ph.D.
1	Department of Sculpture	-	-	-	-	History	History
2	Department of Music	-	Music	Music	-	Music, Dance	Music, Dance
3	Department of Drama	-	-	-	-	Drama	Drama
Faculty of Manuscriptology							
4	Department of Palm-leaf Manuscripts	-	-	-	-	Manuscriptology, Tamil & History	Manuscriptology, Tamil & History
5	Department of Rare-paper Manuscripts	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology	-	-	-	History and Archaeology	History, Epigraphy and Archaeology	History, Epigraph and Archaeology
7	Department of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	-	-	-	-	Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	Maritime History and Marine Archaeology
Faculty of Developing Tamil							
8	Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	-	-	-	-	Tamilology	Tamilology
9	Department of Translation	-	-	PG Diploma	-	Translation	Translation
10	Department of Lexicography	-	-	-	-	Tamilology	Tamilology
11	Department of Social Science	-	-	-	-	Sociology & Social work	Sociology & Social work
12	Department of Scientific Tamil and Tamil Development					Tamil	Tamil
13	Department of Education	B.Ed.	-	-	M.Ed.	Education	Education

Faculty of Language							
14	Department of Literature	-	-	-	MA. Tamil Literature	Tamil	Tamil
15	Department of Linguistics				-	Linguistics	Linguistics
16	Department of Philosophy				-	Philosophy	Philosophy
17	Department of Tribal Research	-	-	-	-	-	-
18	Department of School of Indian Languages	Telugu	Telugu	-	-	Tamilology & English	Tamilology & English
19	Department of Folklore	-	-	-	-	Tamilology	Tamilology
Faculty of Science							
20	Department of Siddha Medicine	-	-	-	-	Biochemistry, Medicinal Botany, Chemistry	Siddha Medicine, Biochemistry, Pharmacology, Chemistry, Pharmaceutical Sciences
21	Department of Ancient Sciences	-	-	-	-	Biological Sciences	Biological Sciences
22	Department of Industries and Earth Sciences	-	-	PG Diploma Coastal Eco systems and GIS	-	Earth Sciences	Earth Sciences
23	Department of Computer Science	-	-	-	-	Computer Sciences	-
24	Department of Architecture	-	-	-	-	-	-
25	Department of Environmental and Herbal Science	-	-	-	-	Environmental science, Herbal Science	Environmental science, Herbal Science
26	Department of Library and Information Science	-	-	-	-	-	-

ANNEXURE II

NAAC Accreditation certificate and Peer Team report



राष्ट्रीय मूल्यांकन एवं प्रत्यायन परिषद
विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग का स्वायत्त संस्थान

NATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND ACCREDITATION COUNCIL
An Autonomous Institution of the University Grants Commission

Certificate of Accreditation

*The Executive Committee of the
National Assessment and Accreditation Council
on the recommendation of the duly appointed
Peer Team is pleased to declare the
Tamil University
Trichy Road, Thanjavur, Tamil Nadu as
Accredited
at the B⁺⁺ level.*

Date : March 31, 2007



Director

March 31, 2007/424

- This certification is valid for a period of Five years with effect from March 31, 2007
- An institutional score (%) in the range of 55-60 denotes C grade, 60-65-C⁺ grade, 65-70-C⁺⁺ grade, 70-75- B grade, 75-80- B⁺ grade, 80-85-B⁺⁺ grade, 85-90- A grade, 90-95-A⁺ grade, 95-100-A⁺⁺ grade (upper limits exclusive)



राष्ट्रीय मूल्यांकन एवं प्रत्यायन परिषद
विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोग का स्वायत्त संस्थान
NATIONAL ASSESSMENT AND ACCREDITATION COUNCIL
An Autonomous Institution of the University Grants Commission

Quality Profile

Name of the Institution : Tamil University

Place : Trichy Road, Thanjavur, Tamil Nadu

Criterion	Weightage (W _i)	Criterion Score (C _i)
I. Curricular Aspects	150	125
II. Teaching-Learning and Evaluation	250	220
III. Research, Consultancy and Extension	150	120
IV. Infrastructure and Learning Resources	150	115
V. Student Support and Progression	100	70
VI. Organization and Management	100	85
VII. Healthy Practices	100	70
Total	ΣW _i = 1000	ΣC _i = 805

$$\text{Institutional Score} = \frac{\sum C_i}{\sum W_i} \times 100 = \frac{805}{1000} \times 100 = 80.50$$

Date : March 31, 2007

[Signature]
Director

March 31, 2007/424

**REPORT OF THE PEER TEAM CONSTITUTED FOR THE
ACCREDITATION OF THE TAMIL UNIVERSITY,
THANJAVUR, TAMIL NADU**

Section I : Preface

The Tamil University has been established in 1981. It spreads over 900 acres of land located 8 miles away from the town of Thanjavur, Tamil Nadu.

The vision of the University is that of retrieval, revival and propagation of the ancient social, cultural and scientific values and lifestyles of Tamils with the help of modern science and technology for ensuring the future development of the same for the benefit of Tamils and other linguistic denominations all over the world. In order to realize this vision, the University facilitates teaching and research in several fields such as sculpture, music, drama, linguistics, ancient medicine etc. with special emphasis on Tamil language and literature. The mission of the University as stated in "Profile 1986" is that the University should be unitary and fully devoted to research. The Projects it should take up would be carried out comprehensively and through the inter-disciplinary approach. It should devote particular attention to the problems of Tamils living abroad, in Sri Lanka, Malaysia, South Africa, Mauritius, Fiji and elsewhere. It should locate and preserve vital source materials like palm leaf manuscripts, inscriptions and other archaeological and historical evidences". As a result the University has started 23 Departments including both Arts and Sciences under 5 Faculties. Two new Departments were created recently in addition to the above 23 departments.

It earned UGC recognition under 2f and under 12B in 1985. Though the University was started with giving emphasis to only research, later, it started Post-Graduation, Diploma and Certificate Courses from the year 2002.

The University has at present 39 permanent teachers including 6 women teachers against the sanctioned strength of 89. However, the University is making

R. Sridhar
20/3/07

efforts to fill up the vacant posts. The total strength of the students is 499 in post-graduation and research courses.

The University conducts classes of some Certificate and Diploma Courses in the premises of Maharajas Palace Complex at Thanjavur Town.

The students studying in the University are mainly from Tamil Nadu. The Unit cost of education is Rs.1.17 lakhs (including salary) and Rs.0.27 lakhs (excluding salary).

In its efforts to improve the quality, the University volunteered to be assessed and accredited by the National Assessment & Accreditation Council (NAAC) and submitted the self-study report (SSR). In view of the above, the NAAC constituted a Peer Team to visit the University and validate the SSR with Prof. R. Sri Hari, Former Vice Chancellor, Dravidian University, Andhra Pradesh as the Chairperson; Dr. John Kattakayam, Director cum Professor, UGC-ASC, University of Kerala, Kariavattom, Trivandrum as the Member Coordinator and Prof. N.A. Bharathi, Professor & Head, Dept. of Indian Languages, Benaras Hindu University, Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh; Prof. C. Raveendran, Former HOD of Modern Indian Languages and Literacy Studies, University of Delhi and Professor Usha Chakraborty, Dept. of Botany, University of North Bengal, Darjeeling, West Bengal, as members. Dr.Lata Pillai, Adviser, NAAC, co-ordinated the Peer team visit.

The Peer Team visited the University for 3 days from March 28-30, 2007, carefully perused and analysed the SSR submitted by the University thoroughly. During the visit, the Peer team went through all the Departments and verified all the relevant documents. The Peer team interacted with the Vice-Chancellor, Registrar, Finance Officer, Controller of Examination, Deans, Heads and Faculty members, Non-teaching staff, students and alumni. Based on the above exercise and keeping in mind the criteria given by NAAC for the process of accreditation, the Peer Team is pleased to give its objective assessment of the University in the following paragraphs.

R. Sairaj
28/3/07

Section II: Criterion-wise analysis

Criterion I : Curricular Aspects

The Tamil University has been established with a vision of retrieval, revival and propagation of the ancient social, cultural and scientific values and lifestyles of Tamils with the help of modern science and technology and thus ensure the future development of the same for the benefit of Tamils and other linguistic denominations all over the world. The University has 25 Academic Departments under 5 faculties and 1 Centre at Mandapam, Rameswaram, as follows:

1. Faculty of Arts

- a. Department of Sculpture
- b. Department of Music
- c. Department of Drama

2. Faculty of Manuscriptology

- a. Department of Palmleaf Manuscripts
- b. Department of Rare Paper Manuscripts
- c. Department of Epigraphy & Archaeology
- d. Department of Underwater Archaeology (Centre for Underwater Archaeology)

3. Faculty of Developing Tamil

- a. Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries
- b. Department of Translation
- c. Department of Lexicography
- d. Department of Social Sciences
- e. Department of Scientific Tamil & Tamil Development
- f. Department of Education and Management

R. Sathyan
20/12/14

4. Faculty of Languages

- a. Department of Literature
- b. Department of Linguistics
- c. Department of Philosophy (School of Philosophy)
- d. Department of Tribal Research
- e. Department of Folklore
- f. School of Indian Languages

5. Faculty of Science

- a. Department of Siddha Medicine
- b. Department of Ancient Science
- c. Department of Industries & Earth Science
- d. Department of Architecture
- e. Department of Computer Science
- f. Department of Environmental and Herbal Science

In addition to the above Departments, the University has a Department of Publications, Greater Tamil Lexicon Project, Dictionaries of Pure Tamil, Technical Terms & Transcreation Project, an Encyclopaedia Project and also a Museum.

The University offers 49 academic programmes (PG-11, M.Phil-18, Ph.D-20) in the above mentioned Departments. In addition to these, the university also conducts Certificate and Diploma Courses in 6 and 10 subjects, respectively.

No self- financed courses are offered by the University.

The curriculum has been designed adhering to CBCS. The PG courses have 72 credits with five courses in each of the four semesters. For one semester 18 credits are given. Each course has four credits. Of the five papers three are core papers of the discipline, one paper is offered as supportive and another is elective. The University offers only the PG courses in regular system. Hence it has only one Board of Studies for each department. The Head of the Department is the Chairman;

D. Senthil Kumar
20/2/07

four members are from outside the University and the entire faculty members of the department serve as internal members.

The institution follows the UGC guidelines in developing and restructuring curricula and a few new courses have been introduced during the last five years. Introduction to computer courses in some of the language PG degree programmes have been made. In language curriculum, National Language Processing is done with the help of computer aided learning. Women's issues are taken care in the curriculum of PG degree offered by the Department of Tamil. International students have the opportunity to learn the language of Tamil. In the departments of Philosophy and Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries students from Sri Lanka, Singapore and Malaysia have worked, and 1 student from USA is working for her Ph.D degree in the Department of Epigraphy & Archaeology. Slow learners have the opportunity to undergo remedial coaching. The University has a remedial coaching centre.

Feed-back from different stake-holders are obtained at appropriate levels.

Criterion II: Teaching-Learning and Evaluation

Admission is offered to eligible candidates who fulfill all the requirement of the UGC, the state Government and the University. The courses are advertised or otherwise communicated through brochures and the university website. Admission to most courses is made through a combination of entrance tests, interviews and academics record. Athletes and sports persons are encouraged in all possible ways. The University follows the reservation norms for admission of SC, ST, OBC & BC students.

Out of 11 PG courses offered, Demand is high only for 3 – ie., Literature, Music and to some extent, Lexicography, while it is quite low for Linguistics, Folklore, Siddha Medicine, and even computers.

The total number of working days is 265 and the total teaching days are 180. Current filled up position of faculty is only 41% (39 out of 89). But the University has taken the efforts to fill up the vacant posts and advertisements were given for the

A. S. S. S. S.
30/2/07

recruitment of 31 posts in various disciplines. Even interviews were over for 15 posts. The average student teacher ratio is 10:1. 86.76% of teachers have Ph.D and 5.88% have M.Phil as the highest qualification. Though the overall representation of women in staff is around 25%, in case of teaching faculty it is only around 15%.

Facilities like providing scribe to blind students are available and coaching of students of disadvantaged community for NET and SLET examinations, other competitive examinations are offered. Awareness training programmes for women on human rights and feminism are conducted. The Forum of research scholars meets at least once in a month for presenting the research papers by the talented students.

Language and social science courses use predominantly the lecture method to make the learning student centered, students are asked to read newspapers, magazines and journals and encouraged to express their knowledge in class rooms. Slide projector, OHP and LCD facilities are made available in the seminar hall of the university as a part of encouragement to modern teaching aids. Science Departments like Industries and Earth Science, Siddha Medicine etc. have well equipped laboratories. Department of Epigraphy & Underwater Archaeology is also well equipped.

Out of the 23 erstwhile Departments, 21 have departmental libraries. Free use of Infilbnet, Infonet and Internet is allowed to students and faculty, through setting up of central facilities.

The percentage of students and faculty who use library is 86. All the departmental libraries contain, comprehensive collection of books and journals. Academic audit is done by the Senate in annual Senate meetings. To evaluate the students continuously a semester system is followed. Central and double evaluations are followed for M.Phil courses and double valuation is also followed for PG also.

Feed-back evaluation of teachers by students is only practiced in two departments. Teachers submit self-appraisal reports.

The University awarded Ph.D degrees to 204 students during the last five years.

R. Sreedhar
30/3/07

Recently University has started Distance Education Programme, offering 29 courses at UG, PG and M.Phil level.

Criterion III: Research, Consultancy & Extension

The Tamil University has a Research Committee headed by the Vice-Chancellor to monitor research. Most of the faculty members have Ph.D degrees and are carrying on research. There are 2 International collaborations and 5 National collaborations. University is not directly providing any Fellowships for Research Scholars except through endowments, but many scholarships for PG students are available. Since most of the students are undergoing Ph.D., research which is one of the eligibility condition for the appointment of the post of Lecturer. The number of students qualifying in NET or similar examinations is low, with only 4 students qualifying. University is providing available infrastructure facilities for promoting research. Some of the teachers obtained awards for their works at National level. Publication of books by faculty members is in good numbers, but publications in refereed National and International journals is rather low.

There are three major and four minor research projects financed by UGC. Department of Epigraphy & Archaeology has been chosen as a partner in the preparation of *Historical Atlas of South India* by the French Institute of Pondicherry, funded by Ford Foundation. This is a collaborative project involving 5 South Indian Universities. Besides, the University has signed an MoU with National Institute of Ocean Technology in the Field of Marine Archaeology off Indian Coast. Excavations by Epigraphy & Archaeology have yielded more antiquities than what has ever been obtained in Tamil Nadu. The most recent research outcome is the exciting discovery of hero stones, perhaps the oldest ever known. Folklore Department has an MoU for Research with St.Xaviers College, Palayamkottai, Tamil Nadu.

The Professor of Department of Drama has been invited to direct a play produced by National School of Drama, Delhi and the entire Department has been invited by the Federation of Tamil Sangams of North America to stage a play in

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USA for a month. A Professor of Department of Philosophy was awarded Commonwealth Fellowship.

Books by faculty members of the Department of Linguistics are one of the first to produce linguistic texts in Tamil as well as comprehensive thesaurus for Tamil.

Department of Earth Sciences has been chosen as a Centre for Excellence by the Department of Ocean Development, Govt. of India, as the Nodal National Centre for placer mineral studies.

University budgetary provision is made for seminars /conferences and publication of books. The university promotes participation of the students in research through the academic programmes by way of participation in class seminars and university seminars

The Department of Siddha Medicine offers consultancy services through its outpatient unit. It has an MoU with a pharmaceutical company for marketing a herbal tooth powder made by the department. The Department of Drama offers consultancy services to cine artistes, playwrights and people working in fine arts. The university library is open to the public. In the university context, services which are extended to the neighbourhood community or to the community at large, are not sporadic relief services which are generally offered by other agencies. An appreciable effort in extension service been the one carried out by Computer Science Department for self-help women groups by training them in inputting and maintaining texts in Tamil. In this programme, the woman students have trained their elders and this seems to be very popular.

Criterion IV: Infrastructure and Learning Resources

The campus area covers 900 acres and the built in area in sq. meters is 28,019. There are 5 buildings with a carpet area of 925 sq.m for 23 classrooms. Four laboratories with carpet area of 310 sq.m are also present. The total area of the library is 25,919 Sq.ft. Besides these are two separate hostels for men and women, a spacious auditorium, a Guest House and a Canteen. Administrative Offices are

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accommodated in permanent structures. They have also accommodated Post Office and State Bank of India Branch. There is a well-knit provision for the drinking water supply. University has 100 residential quarters for teaching and non-teaching staff (30 built by University and 70 by Tamil Nadu Housing Board).

The Library functions from 9.00 am to 6.00 pm on all working days and from 10.00 am to 5.00 pm on Saturdays and Sundays. Open Access system is followed in the library. The facilities available in the library are 12 computers, Xerox, Inflibnet and UGC Infonet. The Library Committee has been constituted to oversee and monitor the functions of the library. Library has 139428 books, 10250 reference books, 347 Indian journals, 7 foreign journals, 7025 back volumes of journals etc. The library is fully automated and the application used is AUTOLIB. Library is also open to public by payment of nominal membership fee for individuals and institutions.

The services and facilities available in the library are circulation, reference, photocopying, computer and printing, internet, digitalization, inter library loan, information display and notification, information about literacy etc.

Some of the Departments are well equipped with sophisticated modern equipment. Each Department has been provided with a computer and a staff for assisting in computer work. Centralized internet facilities are available for students.

University has a Museum containing rare collections of Tamil culture and is open to public. The University has a good press, which caters to the needs of the University publications. Good number of publications is brought out every year. University mobilizes funds from the sale of publications.

University has a good Phonetics Lab with sufficient equipment. It also has an Audio-Visual Centre which has produced lot of short films and CDs on folk arts of Tamil Nadu.

Criterion V: Student Support and Progression

In the present academic year 495 students were enrolled for various courses. Students of the University are mainly from rural areas of Tamil Nadu, coming from

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backward and lower middle class families. Good number of students belong to SC/ST and other backward communities. Success rate is 100% in the different courses. With regard to Post-graduate students no drop-outs are reported but among M.Phil students 5% of drop out is revealed. A good percentage of students of Post Graduate and M.Phil continue with Ph.D.

A lot of support services are available to SC/ ST students such as scholarships educational loans coaching facilities etc.

University has Placement and Guidance Cell, Students' Grievance Cell, Women Harassment Redressal Cell, SC/ST Welfare Cell and Coaching for SLET/NET; however, these have minimal functions. Students participate in various recreational activities like enactment of dramas, cultural events at inter-collegiate and inter-university levels.

Alumni Association started in 2005 meets periodically. Pongal festival is celebrated every year on a grand scale with public participation.

Criterion VI: Organization and Management

University has a very dedicated and committed Vice-Chancellor who has been giving effective leadership in strengthening the various activities of the University.

Syndicate, Senate, Academic Council, Boards of Studies etc. meet periodically and powers are decentralized. Internal co-ordinating mechanisms are prevalent.

The University has 39 teaching staffs and 211 non teaching staffs. The ratio of teaching and non teaching staff is 39: 211. Since the University has been allowed to offer courses the faculty strength is highly inadequate though non-teaching staff strength is sufficient. To make up the shortfall, Visiting Faculty and Guest Faculty are engaged. In addition to that after getting permission of the Syndicate and orders from the Government qualified Research Assistants were allowed to teach. The recruitment of staff is done adhering to policies of state government and UGC.

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Though there is academic calendar, due to the credit based system, different departments have autonomy and exams are conducted separately.

Performance appraisal of teaching and non-teaching staff by students are very few in number, but self-appraisal of faculties are in practice.

University is conducting refresher courses for teachers. For non-teaching staff, courses in communication skills and computer applications are conducted.

University is getting sufficient funds from public by way of donations/endowments. Funds are also raised through Distance Education Programme. No self-financed courses are conducted.

University collects nominal tuition fees for full course as under- Rs.3650 & Rs.4710/- (PG-Humanities & Science, respectively); Rs.2425/- & Rs.2925/- (M.Phil- Humanities & Science, respectively) and Rs.2800/- & Rs.3300/- (Ph.D Humanities & Science, respectively).

Unit cost of education is Rs.0.27 lakhs excluding salary and 1.17 lakhs including salary.

Criterion VII: Healthy Practices

The goal of the University, as stated in the beginning of the Document is to uphold the great human values and life styles of Tamils, both scholars and men and women in common walks of life, by unearthing, preserving and disseminating to all parts the world, the hidden treasures of the great heritage of South India as it is preserved in Tamil language and culture. The goal also includes the development of Tamil language from the point of view of the future as well.

In order to achieve the goal, University organizes different conferences and Seminars at regional and National Level. A few Departments also organized International Seminars.

However, in keeping with the times, there has also been an attempt to introduce courses, which are more relevant to the current perspective.

Innovation in teaching, learning and research are evident in few Departments. Free computer access is available to all categories of students.

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Concern of local public for development of University is evident.

University has Yoga Centre for public in palace campus where Yoga Training is imparted to public free of cost.

A Walkers' club has been functioning for the benefit of residents living in and around the University Campus.

Publications of research work by the Faculty members is undertaken by the University Press and the books published are well received by the researchers, reading public as well as Library Authorities.

The University was having an Adult and Continuing Education Department but UGC withdrew its financial support.

Section III: Overall Analysis

The peer team, after careful consideration of the self-study report of the university and after its three days visit to the various departments and physical facilities, as well as interactions with the various sections of the University, feels that the University is striving for fulfilling its aims and objectives. The Peer Team makes the following commendations and suggestions:

Commendations

1. The University has well qualified teachers devoted to teaching and research in many Departments.
2. Most of the programmers are designed to fulfill the vision of the University.
3. Introduction of few Science subjects in Tamil University, which contribute to the understanding of Tamil culture through scientific perspective, is appreciable.
4. Many of the Faculty members are engaged in active research and published many books and articles.
5. The University brought out nearly 100 books for the last 5 years.

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6. University is attempting to fulfill the goal or vision of the university by involving public participation.
7. The relationship between Teaching, Non-teaching and University Authorities is very cordial.
8. In order to cope up with modern technological developments, networking facilities and computer training are given to the students.
9. Departments have academic autonomy to frame their own syllabi and to conduct examinations.
10. The dropout rate of the students is very low.
11. The examination results show a high rate of success especially in all courses.
12. The University is also happily placed to avail the fieldwork by sending its students and faculty members especially in the Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology for excavation.
13. Existence of several facilities, such as a Spacious Library, Canteen, Dispensary, Bank, Post Office, Guest House, Residential Quarters, Town Bus facilities inside the campus are quite impressive.
14. Availability of Herbal Garden, O.P. Department of Siddha Medicine, Museum are also noteworthy.
15. There is an efficient financial management in the University.

Suggestions

1. Steps may be taken to fill up all vacant faculty positions so that each Department has sufficient faculty members to carry on teaching and research programmes.
2. More faculty exchange programmes and inter-disciplinary interactions are needed.
3. Gender disparity among teaching and non - teaching staff should be minimized.
4. Faculty members should take up more research projects and publish the findings in Refereed Journals.

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5. There may be a restriction in the maximum number of Ph.D student supervision by a Faculty within the norms.
6. Steps may be taken to attract more students in different programmes.
7. Teacher evaluation by students may be introduced in all Departments.
8. Efforts may be made to attract foreign students.
9. Emphasis may be given on providing more sports facilities for the students.
10. Grievance redressal cell and placement services are to be made more proactive.
11. University needs to strengthen its consultancy work in as many departments as possible.
12. Extra curricular activities as well as academic programmes need to be organized through clubs and associations, such as the debating club, literary society, arts club etc.
13. Internet facilities to students may be made available in departments itself.
14. Popular Diploma/Certificate courses maybe started in the town to attract more students.
15. The Department of Drama may be named as Department of Performing Arts which should provide space for doing extensive research on traditional and modern theatre as well as production.
16. Some of the important publications brought out in Tamil by the University may be translated to English for the benefit of larger group of non-native researchers.

R. Sathya
30/3/07

The Peer team is thankful to the Vice-Chancellor, Registrar, Co-ordinator, Teachers, Students, Non-Teaching staff and Alumni for the co-operation extended in completing the assessment exercise as per the requirements of the NAAC.

Prof. R. Srihari
(Chairperson)

R. Srihari
Signature 30/3/07

Prof. John Kattakayam
(Member Coordinator)

John Kattakayam
Signature 30/3/07

Prof. N.A. Bharathi
(Member)

N.A. Bharathi
Signature 30/3/07

Prof.C. Raveendran
(Member)

C. Raveendran
Signature 30.3.2007.

Prof. Usha Chakraborty
(Member)

Usha Chakraborty
Signature 30/3/07

I agree to the contents of the report.

Dr. C. Subramaniam
30/3/2007
Dr.C.Subramaniam
(Vice-chancellor)

Dated : March 30, 2007



ANNEXURE III

Emeritus / Adjunct Faculty / Visiting Fellows/ Professors

2007-08			
Sl No	Name & Design of the Visiting Fellow	Name of the Dept	Duration of the visit with dates
1	Dr. Mohanasundaram, Vaniambadi	Tamil studies in foreign countries	4.12.2007 - 7.12.007
2	Dr.S.Muralidaran, Coimbatore	Environmental science	3.12.2007- 7.12.2007
3	Dr.C.Subramanian, Kerala	Lexicography	18.2.2008 - 22.2.2008
4	Dr.V.Thiruvalluvan, Chidambaram	Linguistics	18.2.2008 - 20.2.2008
5	Dr.R.Sundaram, Madurai	Scientific Tamil	12.3.2008 - 16.3.2008
6	Dr.C.Sivashanmugam, Coimbatore	Indian Languages	3.3.2008 - 6.3.2008
7	Dr.S.Rajagopal, Chennai	Underwater Archaeology	11.3.2008 - 15.3.2008
8	Dr.A.Dhananjeyan, Palayamkottai	Folklore	28.3.2008 - 30.3.2008
9	Dr.A.Vijayarangan, Madurai	Sociology	5.3.2008 - 8.3.2008
10	Dr.R.Laksharaman, Mayilam	Literature	10.3.2008 - 14.3.2008

2008-09			
Sl No.	Name & Design of the Visiting Fellow	Name of the Dept	Duration of the visit with dates
1	Dr.Arimalam S.Padmanabhan, Pondicherry	Music	6.7.2008 - 9.7.2008

2010-11			
Sl No.	Name & Design of the Visiting Fellow	Name of the Dept	Duration of the visit with dates
1	Dr.R.Sundaram, Madurai	Scientific Tamil	14.3.2011 - 25.3.2011
2	Dr.V.Dhayalan, Pondicherry	Linguistics	4.1.2011 - 11.1.2011
3	Dr.Robert Sathya Joseph Thirunelveli	Foreign Studies	21.3.2011 - 30.3.2011
4	Dr.N.Elango, Pondicherry	Folklore	22.3.2011 - 28.3.2011
5	Dr.K.Thirumaran Thanjavur	Literature	23.3.2011 - 27.3.2011
6	Dr.K.Rajan Pondicherry	Underwater Archaeology	4.3.2011 - 13.3.2011

7	Dr.C.Sivashanmugam, Coimbatore	Indian Languages	7.2.2011 - 12.2.2011
8	Dr.M.Valarmathi Chennai	Translation	25.3.2011 - 3.4.2011
9	Dr.Chellam Balasundaram, Trichy	Environmental science	25.3.2011 - 3.4.2011
10	Dr.R.Kaliyaperumal, Thanjavur	Lexicography	14.3.2011 - 25.3.2011
11	Dr.R.Santhakumari Tuticorin	Sculpture	25.3.2011 - 31.3.2011
12	Thiru.S.Ramanujam, Kerala	Drama	25.3.2011 - 3.4.2011

2013-2015 (UGC Emeritus/Visiting Professor)

Sl. No.	Name & Designation of the Visiting Fellow	Name of the Dept	Duration of the visit with dates
1	Dr. G. Kulathuran	Literature	6.7.2008 - 9.7.2008

2013-2015 (UGC Emeritus Professor)

Sl. No.	Name of the Visiting Fellow	Name of the Dept	Duration
1	Dr. N. Ramanathan	Music	One Year
2	Dr. R. Madhavan	Palm-leaf Manuscripts	One Year
3	Dr. S. Rajagopal	Epigraphy and Archaeology	One Year
4	Dr. V. Vedhachalam	Epigraphy and Archaeology	One Year
5	Dr. S. Santhalingam	Marine History and Marine Archaeology	One Year
6	Prof. Arul Krishnamoorthy	Translation	One Year
7	Thiru. P. Aruli	Lexicography	One Year
8	Dr. Chithirabuthiran	Lexicography	One Year
9	Dr. P. Mathaiyan	Lexicography	One Year
10	Dr. Mohan	Education and Management	One Year
11	Dr. K. V. Balasubramaniyan	Literature	One Year
12	Dr. V. Gurunathan	Literature	One Year
13	Dr. T. Eshwarapillai	Literature	One Year
14	Dr. S. Krishnamoorthy	Literature	One Year
15	Dr. Pala. Muthuveerapan	Literature	One Year
16	Dr. A. Allis	Literature	One Year
17	Dr. K. Rasa	Literature	One Year
18	Dr. K. Arangan	Linguistics	One Year
19	Prof. A. Sivasubramaniyan	Folklore	One Year
20	Dr. Namalvar Rajan	Ancient Science	One Year
21	Dr. Sorna Mariyammal	Siddha Medicine	One Year
22	Dr. Chellam Balasundaram	Environmental and Herbal Science	One Year
23	Prof. V. Sababathi	Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	One Year

ANNEXURE IV**Workshop/ Training Programmes Conducted**

No.	Name of the Workshop	Department	Funding Agency	Period
1.	Thiraippada Thiran	Dept. of Drama		15-17.07.2007
2.	Workshop on Tholkappiyam	Dept. of scientific Tamil and Tamil Development	CIIL	02.07.2007-16.07.2007
3	Workshop on Preventive Conservation of Manuscripts	Palm-leaf Manuscripts	NMM, New Delhi 25 Participants	27-28.07.07
4.	Workshop on Music Teacher's	Dept. of Music	CIIL, Mysore	8-10.08.2007
5	Workshop on "Marabu Thodarchi Seyalakkam"	Folklore	CICT	2.12.2007-19.12.2007
6	Training programme on Translation	Translation	CIIL	06.12.2007 to 08.12.2007
7	Work shop on Nattupuravialum Samoogamum	Folklore	Tamil University and Folklore Society of South Indian Languages	19.3.2008 to 28.03.2008
8	Work shop on Tevaram Music	Dept. of Music	Thiruganasambandar Music Research Centre, Madurai	03.11.2008-07.11.2008
9	Thiruzangaikal Drama Preparation	Dept. of Drama	Tamil University	24.07.2008-03.08.2008
10	Short Term Workshop on Manuscriptology (Malaysia Tamil Teachers)	Palm leaf Manuscripts 12 Participants	Tamil University	11.12.2008 to 21.12.2008
11	Alumaithiran Mattrum mozhithiran payirchi -Training Programme	Translation	Tamil University	25.01.2009
12.	Workshop on Ariviyal Mozhipeyarpu	Dept. of Translation	CIIL, Mysore	25.02.2009-28.02.2009
13	Alumaithiran Mattrum mozhithiran paiyirchi. Training Programme	Translation	Tamil University	24.03.2009
14.	Workshop on Conservation of Palm-leaf Manuscripts	Dept. of Palm-leaf Manuscripts	TU Endowments	07.09.2010-13.09.2010

15.	Sanga Ilakkiya Ayivil Navina Kotpadugal	Dept. of Literature	CICT, Chennai	01.02.2010-10.02.2010
16	National Workshop on Geomatic Based Natural Disaster Mitigations and Managements	Industries and Earth Sciences	MoES, DST, CSIR, ISRO, ONGC	22.02.10 to 26.02.10
17	Workshop on Manuscriptology	Palm leaf Manuscripts 14 participants	Tamil University Endowments	07-13.9.2010
18	Theciya pathirikkai Naal - Ithalalar mozhi pairchi Vakuppu - Training Programme	Translation	Tamil University	16.11.2010 to 19.11.2010
19	Translation of Text books and theory of translation - (English - South India Languages)	Translation	UGC	22.12.2010 to 11.01.2011
20	Pazhamozhi Naanuru Nulimai Angilathi Mozhi terthal (workshop)	Translation	CIIL	9-11.03.2011
21	Workshop on Language and Linguistics (Mozhi, Mozhiyiyal)	Dept. of Foreign Studies	Malaysia University, Malaysia	26.05.2011-02.06.2011
22	Training & Development for Distance Education Teachers	School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature	IGNOU 61 participants	23.06.2011-25.06.2011
23	Pazhantamil Ilakkiyangalil Isaiyum Nadanamum	Dept. of Music	CICT, Chennai	13.02.2012-22.02.2012
24	Archaeology and GIS	Dept. of Epigraphy and Archaeology	Tamil University	26-27.02.2012
25	Indiya Mozhigalin Viritharavu Uruvakkam	Dept. of Linguistic	Tamil University	19.03.2012
26	Training on traditional performing arts (Kalai payirchi)	Folklore	UGC	20-24.3.2012
27	Ceppu Padima Varpada Murai	Dept. of Sculpture	Tamil University	26.09.2012

28	Workshop on Manuscriptology	Dept. of Palm-leaf Manuscripts	UGC	25-26.09.2012
29	Workshop on Karral Karpiththal	Dept. of Education and Management	Tamil University	06.08.2012
30	Tamil Epigraphy	Dept. of Epigraphy and Archaeology	CNRS, Paris	11-14.08.12
31	Work Shop on Wax modeling and Image making	Sculpture	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	26.09. 2012
32	Tamizhaga Kalvettugalum Tholliyalum	Dept. of Epigraphy and Archaeology	UGC	26.09.2012
33	Translation on Journalism	Dept. of Translation	UGC	27.09.2012
34	Kalviyiyal Marrum Ilakkiya Aaivu Nerimuraigalil Pudhiya Nokkugal	Dept. of Education and Management	UGC	26.09.2012
35	Workshop on Linguistic	Dept. of Linguistic	UGC	27-28.09.12
36	Nattuppura Vazhakkargalum Vazhviyal Marabugalum	Dept. of Folklore	Tamil University	26-27.09.12
37	Pothumakkalukkana Ariviyal Nuulgal Translation Workshop	Dept. of scientific Tamil and Tamil Development	Tamil University	25,26.09.2012
38	Meiyiyakkamum Kuralakkamum Kai poomai Iyakamum	Dept. of Drama	Tamil University	27.09.2012
39	Workshop on Manuscriptology	Dept. of Palm-leaf Manuscripts	TU Endowments	07-08.11.12
40	Thinainilai Nookkil Tamil Cevviyal Ilakkiyangal - Training Programmes	Tamil Studies in foreign Countries	Tamil University & CICT	28.01.2013 06.02.2013
41	Oviya Nataka Kankachchi Marrum Panippattarai	Dept. of Drama	Tamil University	19.07.2013

42	Ninth International Tamil Epigraphy Workshop	Dept. of Epigraphy and Archaeology, Jointly with Mondes Iranien et indien, Paris	Tamil University	26.09.2013
43	Workshop on Research Methodology with the use of SPSS	Education and Management	UGC	08.11.2013
44	Workshop on Test Construction and Item Analysis	Education and Management	NTS, CIIL	10.12.2013-13.12.2013
45	Workshop on Cevviyal Tamil Cuvadigal	Palm-leaf Manuscripts	CICT, Chennai	19-28.02.14
46	Tamil Seviyal Elakkiyangalil Palthurai Sinthanaikal	Literature	CICT, Chennai	February 2014
47	Workshop on Interdisciplinary research methods in Humanities and social Sciences	Dept. of Maritime History & Marine Archaeology	UGC	03.03.2014 to 07.03.2014
48	Training Program on Instrumentation techniques for food processing, safety and drug analysis for research Scholars	Siddha Medicine ENCORE	UGC	21-30.03.14
49	Training In Applied Linguistics (Malay University In Students) - Training Programmes	Tamil Studies in foreign Countries	Tamil University	45 Days 2014

Refresher Courses Conducted

Sl. No.	Name of the Course	Name of the Department	Sponsored by	Year
1	Refresher course on Translation in Scientific Text	Translation	UGC	05.09.2008 to 25.09.2008
2	Refresher course on Translation Principles to translate Textbooks from English into Regional Languages	Translation	UGC	22.12.2010 to 11.01.2011
3	Refresher course on Lexicography	Lexicography	UGC	02.02.2008 26.02.2008
4	Refresher Course	Environmental and Herbal Science	UGC	22.10.2010 12.11.2010
5	Refresher Course on Architecture	Dept of Architecture	UGC	17.01.2011 to 06.02.2011
6	Refresher Course on Modi Scripts and Documents	Rarepaper Manuscripts	Rastriya Marathi Vikas Sanstha, Mumbai	20.05.2013 10.06.2013

ANNEXURE V**National and International Seminars / Conferences organized**

Sl.No.	Co-coordinator	Title of the Seminars/Conferences	No. of Participants	Period	Funding Agency
DEPARTMENT OF SCULPTURE					
1.	Dr.T.Chandrakumar	Facets of Tamil Temple Art	25	Mar 2007	Tamil University Rs.10,000
2.	Dr.T.Chandrakumar	Peyraringar Anna centenary celebration – Seminar on Form and concept of Anna Images	28	Sep 2009	Tamil University Rs.10,000
3.	Dr.T.Chandrakumar	Art contribution of Chola queens	27	Apr 2010	Tamil University Rs.10,000
4.	Dr.T.Chandrakumar	Portrait sculptures of Chola period	31	Apr 2010	Tamil University Rs.10,000
5.	Dr.V.Latha	Ezhu Thaaimaargal (Art and cult of saptamatrikas in Tamil Nadu)	35	Sep 2011	Tamil University Rs.10,000
6.	Dr.K. Kandan	Virbhdra images in the Tamil art and literature	38	Sep 2012	Tamil University Rs.10,000
DEPARTMENT OF MUSIC					
7.	Dr. E. Angayarkanni	Seminar on Silappathikara Isai Koorugal (Musical aspects of Silappathikaram)	30	25,26. Sep. 2008	Tamil University Rs.10,000
8.	Dr. E. Angayarkanni	Seminar on Thamizhisai Iyakkamum Perarignar Annavam	20	03 Sep 2009	Tamil University Rs.10,000
9.	Dr. E. Angayarkanni	Seminar on Tiruvisaippa & Tiruppallaandu	20	30 Nov. 2009	Tamil University Rs.10,000
10.	Dr. E. Angayarkanni	Seminar on Naalayira Thivya Prabanthathil Isai Koorugal	17	05 Mar. 2010	Tamil University Rs.10,000
11.	Dr. E. Angayarkanni	Seminar on Thanjai Peiyakovil Kattum Kalai Vadivangal	30	05 Oct 2010	Tamil University Rs.10,000

12.	Dr. E. Angayarkanni	Seminar on Thiruppugazh Isai	15	27 Sep. 2012	UGC
13.	Dr. E. Angayarkanni	National Seminar on Karrukkaruvigal (Wind Instruments)	15	14 Dec. 2013	UGC
14.	Dr. E. Angayarkanni	International Seminar on Music & Dance Compositions of 20 th Century	38	12,13 Feb. 2014	UGC
DEPARTMENT OF DRAMA					
15.	Dr. K. Ravindran	Seminar on Tamil Mannukkana Nadagangal	20	30 Apr 2013	Tamil University Rs.10,000
DEPARTMENT OF PALM-LEAF MANUSCRIPTS					
16.	Dr. V.R.Madhavan Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Seminar on Tamilnuul Pathippasiriyargal	27	01 Apr 2008	T.U. Endowments
17.	Dr. V.R.Madhavan Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Lecture on Dr.U.Ve.Sa. Birth day celebration, Tamil Thatta Aruliya Ariya Seithigal- T.N.Ramachandran	60	19 Feb 2009	SNMU Endowment
18.	Dr. V.R.Madhavan Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Lecture on Peraringnar Annavin Pechum Pathivugalum- V.S.Ramalingan	60	11 Aug 2009	Kasi Kumaraguru barar Endowment
19.	Dr. V.R.Madhavan Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Seminar on Folklore Literature in Manuscripts	13	27 Jan. 2010	Tamil University Rs.10,000
20.	Dr. V.R.Madhavan Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Endowment Lecture 1. Tamil, Islam Kuritta Pathivugal Umaru-p-pulavarai Munvaittu - H. Hamem Mustabha; 2. Aaivulagam Porrum Ariya Thagavalgal - Pulavar V.Mahadevan	80	18 Feb. 2011	Tamil University
21.	Dr. V.R.Madhavan Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Seminar on Tamil Cuvadigal Andrum Indrum	5	03 Mar 2011	Tamil University Rs.10,000
22.	Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Endowment Lecture: Cuvadi-p-pathippu Varalaru After A.D.1950 - Dr.V. Nedunchiliyan	30	07 Nov. 2012	T.U. Endowment
23.	Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Seminar on Naladiyar	16	18 Dec. 2012	Tamil University Rs.10,000

24.	Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Seminar on Ettuttokai Aka Elakkiyangalil Kanappatum Pada verupatum avartirkkan Pada Metturuvakkamum	130	19-21 Feb. 2013	CICT, Chennai Rs.1,50,000
25.	Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Conference on Tirukkural	144	26-28 April 2013	Collected
26.	Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Endowment Lecture: Tiru Adigalaciriyarin Pathippupparvai - Dr.A. Sivaperuman	60	24 Jan. 2014	T.U. Endowment
27.	Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Endowment Lecture : Tevara Olineri Pathippaivu Nerimuraigal - Dr.M.Manikkavelu	60	24 Jan. 2014	T.U. Endowment
28.	Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Seminar on U.Ve.Sa.	60	31 Mar. 2014	Tamil University Rs.10,000
DEPARTMENT OF RARE-PAPER MANUSCRIPTS					
29	Dr.C.Lakshmanan	Role of Written Manuscripts in Tamilnadu History	20	4-5 Dec. 2008	Tamil University
30	Dr.C.Lakshmanan	Anna Centenary Conference	22	22 Jan. 2009	Tamil University
31	Dr.C.Lakshmanan	Seminar on Jesuits Records	27	31 Mar. 2010	Tamil University
32	Dr.C.Lakshmanan	Seminar on Indian Official Records	30	25 Feb. 2010	Tamil University
33	Dr.N.Athiyaman	Rare-paper Manuscripts in Historical Perspectives	18	27-28 Mar. 2012	UGC
34	Dr.N.Athiyaman	Seminar on Historical Sources	29	Feb 2012	Tamil University
35	Dr.T.Kalasridhar	History of Tamils in Rare- paper Documents in 18 th and 19 th century	23	18 Mar. 2013	Tamil University
DEPARTMENT OF EPIGRAPHY AND ARCHAEOLOGY					
36	Dr. P. Jayakumar	"Sindhuvely Naagarikam: Aaivukalin Meelpaarvai" (Anna Centenary Celebration State Level	10 + 50	5 th Feb. 2009	Tamil University Rs. 20,000/-

		Seminar on Indus Valley Civilization: Review of Researches)			
37	Dr. P. Jayakumar	“Anmaikkaala Tholliyal Kandupidippukal” (State Level Seminar on Recent Archaeological Findings)	10 + 60	5 th Feb. 2009	Tamil University Rs. 10,000/-
38	Dr. P. Jayakumar	“Tamilaga Tholliyal Kazhaga Maanaattuk karuththarangu” (19 th Annual Conference of Tamil Nadu Archaeological Society)	80 + 200	18 th & 19 th July 2009	Funds generated through delegate fee Rs. 50,000/-
39	Dr. P. Jayakumar	“Anmaikkaala Tholliyal Agazhaivukal” (State Level Seminar on Recent Archaeological Excavations)	8 + 75	30 th Oct. 2009	Tamil University Rs. 10,000/-
40	Dr. P. Jayakumar	National Seminar on Origin and Development of writing Systems in India: Recent Archaeological Discoveries and New Perspectives	35 +150	22 nd - 24 th Feb. 2010	CICT Rs. 3,00,000/-
41	V. Selvakumar	Numismatics of Tamil Nadu	20 + 80	Two days	Tamil University
42	V. Selvakumar	Social Formation of Iron Age-Early Historic Transformation in Tamil Nadu	38 + 75	one day	Tamil University
43	V. Selvakumar	Ninth International Tamil Epigraphy Workshop, Jointly with Mondes Iranien et indien, Paris	10	Four Days	Self-finance
44	V. Selvakumar, Dr P.Jayakumar, Dr.A.Tulasendran and Dr.M. Bavani and Jointly with Dr Brema, ADM College Nagapattinam	National Seminar on History 12-07-13, 13-07-2013	25 +100	Two Days	UGC Sponsored
45	Dr.A.Tulasendran Dr.M. Bavani	Tamil Epigraphy and Archaeology	20+120 = 140	26 Sep. 2012.	UGC
46	Dr.M. Bavani and	Women in Medieval Tamil Nadu with Special	25+125	7 March	UGC

	Dr.A.Tulasendran	Reference to Epigraphy (600 - 1600 CE), National Seminar, Dept., of Epigraphy and Archaeology, Thanjavur, 7.3.2014	= 150	2014	
DEPARTMENT OF MARITIME HISTORY & MARINE ARCHAEOLOGY					
47	Dr.N.Athiyaman	Seminar on Maritime History of Tamil Nadu	23	17 Mar. 2009	Tamil University
48	Dr.N.Athiyaman	Seminar on Progress and Prospects of Marine Archaeology of Tamil Nadu	27	19,20 March 2010	Tamil University
49	Dr.N.Athiyaman	Seminar on Progress and Prospects of Maritime History of Tamil Nadu	31	19,20 March 2010	UGC
50	Dr.S.Rajavelu	Seapower and foreign relation under the Cholas	34	19,20 March 2010	Tamil University, Thanjavur,.
DEPARTMENT OF TAMIL STUDIES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES					
51	Dr.S.Udayasuriyan	Pulam Peyarntha Tamilarum Tamilum - International Seminar	70	09.07.13	Tamil University
52	Dr.S.Udayasuriyan	Ayal Nadugalil Tamil Nadagangal - International Seminar	20	26.10.13	Tamil University
53	Dr.S.Udayasuriyan	Karigar Cholan Viruthu Nigalvu, Musthapa Arakkattalai - Seminar	40	14.12.13	Tamil University
54	Dr.D.Vetrichelvan	Ayalaha Chiruthuva Maraip Paniyalarin Tamizhp Panihal	100	24.03.09	Tamil University
55	Dr.D.Vetrichelvan	Arignar Annavin Ulgap Paarvai	150	24.08.09	Tamil University
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSLATION					
56	Dr.S.Radhakrishnan	Seminar on Perum Aaivalargalin pani	24	06-08 Dec. 2007	Tamil University & C.I.I.L.
57	Dr.S.Radhakrishnan	Seminar on Paventhar Bharathidasan Arakkattalai Karutharangam	27	29-30 April 2008	Tamil University
58	Dr.S.Radhakrishnan	Seminar on paventhar Bharathidasan Arakkattalai - Bharathithasanum Tamil unarum	19	29 April 2010	Tamil University

59	Dr.S.Radhakrishnan	Seminar on Cheithi Udakangalum mozhipearppum	27	12 Oct. 2010	Tamil University
60	Dr.S.Radhakrishnan	Seminar on Tamil Kappiya, Nithi Ilakkiya Mozhipearppukal-Sikkalkalum thiruukalum	29	24-26 Nov. 2010	CICT
61	Dr.S.Radhakrishnan	Seminar on Ariviyal Mozhipearppu Panipattarai	25	2010	NTM & Tamil University
62	Dr.S.Radhakrishnan	Seminar on Bharthithasan Kalvich Chinthanai	20	29 April 2011	
63	Dr.S.Radhakrishnan	Seminar on Paventhar Bharathidasan Arakkattalai - Bharathithasan Mozhichinthanai	12+50	30 April 2012	Tamil University
64	Dr.R.S.Murugan	Seminar on Cheyithi udakankalum mozhipearppum	20+40	28 Nov. 2012	Tamil University
65	Dr.R.S.Murugan	Seminar on sakiththiya akkathami viruthu pettra pataippukal	20+40	17 April 2013	Tamil University
66	Dr.R.S.Murugan	Seminar on Uuvamaikku Oor Bharathidasan	25+40	30 April 2013	Tamil University
67	Dr.R.S.Murugan	Seminar on Cascade of reflections	20+40	09 Sep. 2013	Tamil University
68	Dr.R.S.Murugan	Seminar on Mozhipearppu kotpadugal	30+40	20 Nov. 2013	Tamil University
69	Dr.R.S.Murugan	Seminar on paventharin Eluthum annamum	25+40	29 April 2014	Tamil University
DEPARTMENT OF LEXICOGRAPHY					
70	Dr.H.Chithiraputhiran	Tamiliyal Aaivukal	20+20	2007	Tamil University
71	Dr.H.Chithiraputhiran	Nokku Noolkal indraiya nilaiyum thevaiyum	25+40	2008	Tamil University
72	Dr.H.Chithiraputhiran	Arignar Annavin pataippukalil mozhi nataiyum sollatchiyum	20+35	2010	Tamil University
73	Dr.H.Chithiraputhiran	Nikandukalin ulladakkamum varalarum	25+20	2010	Tamil University
74	Dr.R.Thirunavukkarasu	Tamil irumozhi akarathikalin valarcci	20+25	2011	Tamil University

75	Dr.R.Thirunavukkarasu	Tamil orumozhi akarathikalin amaippum valarcciyum	25+30	2012	Tamil University
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCES					
76	Dr.C. Subramaniyan	Seminar conducted on Reproductive Health and Sex Education	20+25	20 Mar. 2007	Tamil University
77	Dr. C. Subramaniyan	Seminar conducted on Health and Population Problem	30+20	28 July 2008	Tamil University
78	Dr.C. Subramaniyan	Seminar conducted on Feminism	20+20	04 Nov. 2008	Tamil University
79	Dr.C. Subramaniyan	Seminar conducted on Reservation and Social Reform	10+25	29 July 2009	Tamil University
80	Dr.C. Subramaniyan	Seminar conducted on Disabled	20+50	14 Mar. 2011	Tamil University
81	Dr.C. Subramaniyan	Seminar conducted on Youth Welfare	20+35	27.3.12	Tamil University
82	Dr.C. Subramaniyan	Seminar on Research Methods	15+30	28 Sep 2012	Tamil University
83	Dr.C. Subramaniyan	Seminar conducted on Employment Status and 150 th Birth day celebration of Swamy Vivekanada	10+25	12 Feb. 2013	Tamil University
84	Dr.C.Subramaniyan	Seminar on Responsibilities of youth facilitated by Thiru Karu.Nagarajan	10+20	28 Mar. 2014	Tamil University
DEPARTMENT OF SCIENTIFIC TAMIL AND TAMIL DEVELOPMENT					
85	Dr.K.Annadurai	Scientific Tamil Terminology, 2007	8+25	2012	CIIL and Tamil University
86	Dr.N.Joseph	Pazhan Thamizharin Ariviyal Sinthanaigal	8+25	2012	Tamil University
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND MANAGEMENT					
87	Dr.Mohanasundaram	National Seminar on Human Rights	10+30	13, 14.12.10	UGC
88	Dr. R. Anandarasu	Seminar on Philosophical and Traditional Indian Education	10+25	17 Feb. 2014	UGC

DEPARTMENT OF LITERATURE					
89	Dr. R. Kamarasu	Seminar on Philosophical Thoughts of the Great Twin Epics	20+70	2012	CICT-Chennai Rs.1.5 lakhs
90	Dr. R. Kamarasu	Seminar on Tamil Novel Illaiyaya pokkukal	10+60	2013	Sahithya Agadamy
DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN LANGUAGES & COMPARATIVE LITERATURE					
91	Dr.V.S.Arulraj & Dr.R.Muralidharan	Life and Works of A.C.Chettiyaar	20+40	03 Apr. 2007	Tamil University
92	Dr.V.S.Arulraj & Dr.R.Muralidharan	Religious Harmony among Indian Languages	15+30	14 Nov. 2008	Tamil University
93	Dr.V.S.Arulraj & Dr.R.Muralidharan	Language Style in Dr.C.N.Annadurai	10+34	06 Feb. 2009	Tamil University
94	Dr.V.S.Arulraj & Dr.R.Muralidharan	Trends in Tamil Grammar	10+35	26 Feb. 2010	Tamil University
95	Dr.V.S.Arulraj & Dr.R.Muralidharan	Indian Literatures and Grammars An Introduction	12+25	15 Mar. 2010	Tamil University
96	Dr.V.S.Arulraj & Dr.R.Muralidharan	Prof.S.Agesthiyalingom Memorial Seminar	10+34	25-27.3.10	Tamil University
97	Dr.V.S.Arulraj & Dr.R.Muralidharan	Prof.S.Agesthiyalingom Memorial Seminar	10+27	04 Aug. 2011	Tamil University
98	Dr.V.S.Arulraj & Dr.R.Muralidharan	Current Trends in Tamil Language Teaching	10+25	16 Dec. 2011	Tamil University
99	Dr.R.Muralidharan	Prof.V.S.Arulraj Felicitation Seminar	10+30	02 Aug. 2012	Tamil University
100	Dr.R.Muralidharan	Indian Languages - Literatures -Grammars	10+25	28 Sep. 2012	Tamil University
101	Dr.R.Muralidharan	Current Trends in The Development of Dravidian Languages	10+35	10.01.13	Tamil University
DEPARTMENT OF FOLKLORE					
102	Dr. K.Shanthi	Seminar on "Marabu vazhi ariviyal thozhilnutpam-ikkala panpadu"	10+30	26.1.08	Tamil University
103	Dr. K.Shanthi	Naatupura Naveena Kotpadugal	15+25	15.3.10	Tamil University
104	Dr. K.Shanthi	Tamilar marabuvazhi kanitha koorugal	10+45	18.3.11	Tamil University
105	Dr. C.Sundaresan	Kalam 5th Aivalar mandram	10+48	27-28.4.22	Tamil University

106	Dr. C.Sundaresan	Naatupura Vazhakkargal	12+48	4.10.14	Tamil University
107	Dr. C.Sundaresan	Naatupuravial noakil padhinenkeel kanaku Nuulgal	10+45	22-24.3.12	CICT, Chennai
108	Dr. C.Sundaresan	Payanpattu adipadaiyil Naatupura Vazhakkargal	12+45	23.3.12	Tamil University
109	Dr. Shanmughom Pillai	Thanjai Nattu Theyvungal	14+30	29.10.09	Tamil University
DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY					
110	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Sanga Elakkiyathil Meiyeyal Chinthanaikal	10+40	23.03.10	Tamil University
111	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Tamilaga Meiyeyal Chinthanaikal	12+25	07.12.10	Tamil University
112	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Thirumaliyam	10+40	28, 29.03.11	Tamil University
113	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Christhuva Chinthanaikalum Manithavala Membadum	10+45	07.12.11	Tamil University
114	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Vaishnavam	12+35	23.01.12	Tamil University
115	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Samayankal Kaatum Valviyal	14+40	28.09.12	Tamil University
116	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Thathuvamum Valviyalum	15+30	27.11.12	Tamil University
117	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Vaishnavamum Tamilum	14+35	18, 19.03.13	Tamil University
118	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Thathuva Samaya pinnaniyil Manitha membadu	15+40	26, 27.02.14	Tamil University
119	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Vethathriyamum Samuthaya Marumalarchium	12+25	19.03.14	Tamil University
120	Dr. J.Rangasamy	Vaishnavamum Vulaga Orumaipadum	14+25	26, 27.03.14	Tamil University
DEPARTMENT OF THE SIDDHA MEDICINE					
121	Dr.Hazeena Begum	Seminar on Traditional diets	20+20	2013	UGC
DEPARTMENT OF ANCIENT SCIENCE					
122	Dr. S. Parimala and Dr. N. Nagarajan	Seminar on Nature and Science	20+20	27 Mar. 2008	Tamil University
123	Dr. S. Parimala and Dr. N. Nagarajan	Seminar on World Globalisation	20+30	03 Mar. 2009	Tamil University
124	Dr. S. Parimala	Seminar on Conservation and Preservation of Natural Resources	25+35	14 July 2009	Tamil University

125	Dr. S. Parimala and Dr. N. Nagarajan	Seminar on Bio resources of Changing world	25+20	27 Sep. 2012	Tamil University
126	Dr. S. Parimala	Seminar on Marine biodiversity and bio resources for conservation and management	20+30	28 Oct. 2013	Tamil University
DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND EARTH SCIENCES					
127	Dr. R. Baskaran	Water and Mineral Resources Information and Environmental Impacts Analysis using High Resolution Satellite Imageries in the 21 st Century.		27.03.08 - 28.03.08	ISRO, CSIR, ONGC, BRNS, MoES, TNSC&ST, NABARD, INCH, MoD(DRDO
128	Dr. R. Neelakantan	Disaster Management Thoughts in Ancient Tamil Literature		10-11 February 2011	CICT, Chennai
129	Dr. K. Sankar	COASTAL TECH 2014		March 13 & 14, 2014	UGC
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL AND HERBAL SCIENCE					
130	Dr.M. Jegadeeasn	Seminar on Recent Trends in Environmental Research	30+40	09 Feb. 2009	Tamil University
131	Dr.M. Jegadeeasn	Seminar on Wild Life Conservation	12+48	06 Oct. 2009	Tamil University
132	Dr.M. Jegadeeasn	Seminar on New approach in Environmental Research	14+48	28 Jan. 2010	Tamil University
133	Dr.M. Jegadeeasn	Seminar on Climate change	14+45	22.4.10	Tamil University
134	Dr.M. Jegadeeasn	Seminar on Biodiversity conservation in Semmozhi literatures	12+35	30 -31 Mar. 2011	CICT
135	Dr.M. Jegadeeasn	Seminar on world Forest day	14+25	21 Mar. 2012	Tamil University
136	Dr.M. Jegadeeasn	Seminar on World Water day	12+35	22 Mar. 2012	Tamil University
137	Dr.M. Jegadeeasn	Seminar on world Forest day	10+40	21 Mar. 2013	Tamil University
138	Dr.M. Jegadeeasn	National conference on Indian Herbal Drugs	10+45	14-15.3.14	Tamil University

ANNEXURE VI
Eminent Visitors and Scholars
who attended the Conferences, Seminars and Lecture Programmes

DEPARTMENT OF SCULPTURE

1. Dr. R. Nagasamy, Director (Retd), Tamilnadu Archaeology Department, Chennai.
2. Dr. Ramasamy, Former Registrar, Bharathidasan university, Tiruchirappalli
3. Dr. Padmavathy, Epigraphist, Tamilnadu Archaeology Department, Chennai.
4. Dr. R. Santhakumari, Professor, Department of History, APC Womens arts college, Tuticorin
5. Dr. G. Joseph Anthony Samy, St. Joseph College, Tiruchirappalli

DEPARTMENT OF MUSIC

6. Dr. S.A.K. Durga (January – March 2008)
7. Dr. N. Ramanathan (October 2013 – March 2014)

DEPARTMENT OF DRAMA

8. Prof.S. Ramanujam, Professor (Rtd.), Tamil University, Thanjavur.
9. Dr. Raju, Professor, Puducherry University, Thanjavur.
10. Thiru. V.I.S. Jayabalan, Cinema Actor, 2011

DEPARTMENT OF PALM-LEAF MANUSCRIPTS

11. Dr.E. Sundaramoorthy, Dept. of Tamil, Madras University, Chennai
12. Dr. Anne Thomas, IITS, Chennai
13. Dr.S. Sivagami, IITS, Chennai
14. Dr. A. Dhakshinamoorthy, Principal (Rtd.), Sentamil College, Madurai
15. Dr.T.G. Paramasivam, HOD (Rtd), Tamil University
16. Dr. V.R. Madhavan, Professor (Rtd.), Tamil University

DEPARTMENT OF EPIGRAPHY AND ARCHAEOLOGY

17. Ms. Gwendolyn Kelly (Ph.D. Candidate in Anthropology (ABD) University of Wisconsin, Madison Archaeology section. Adviser: Dr. J.M. Kenoyer)
18. Visiting Doctoral Fellow for PHD. Under Fulbright Hays Doctoral Dissertation Research Abroad Fellowship 2009-2010, U.S. Department of Education
19. Dr.V.Vedachalam, Rtd. Officer of Department of Archaeology, Government of Tamil Nadu
20. Dr.S.Rajagopal, Rtd. Officer of Department of Archaeology, Government of Tamil Nadu

DEPARTMENT OF MARITIME HISTORY & MARINE ARCHAEOLOGY

21. Professor Dr. K.Rajan, Dept. of History Central University, Puducherry
22. Professor Dr. G.Kulathuran, Former Head (i/c)

23. Dr. S.Santhalingam, Deputy Director (Rtd), Tamilnadu State Archaeology Dept.

DEPARTMENT OF TAMIL STUDIES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

24. Dr. Seenisamy, Professor (retd.), Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries, Tamil University, Thanjavur.

25. Dr. Sabapathy, Professor, Malaya University, Malaysia.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSLATION

26. Dr.T.N. Ramachandran, Adjunct Faculty, Emeritus Professor, Translator, Thanjavur.

27. Dr.A. Dhakshinamurthy, Former Principal of Senthamizh College, Madurai.

28. Dr.S. Radhakrishnan, Former Professor & HOD, Department of Translation, Tamil University, Thanjavur.

29. Dr.M. Valarmathi, Associate Professor, International Institute of Tamil Studies, Chennai

DEPARTMENT OF LEXICOGRAPHY

30. Dr. V. Jayadevan, Prof. (Rtd.), University of Madras

31. Dr. P. Mathaiyan Prof. (Rtd.), Periyar University, Salem

32. Dr. Nataraja Pillai, Prof. (Rtd.), CIIL, Mysore

33. Dr. Mrs. Alice, Prof (Rtd.), Bharathidasan University, Trichy

34. Dr. B. Mathivanan, Prof. Bharathidasan University, Trichy

35. Dr. Ilankumaranar, Prof. (Rtd.), Trichy

36. Dr. Kaliyaperumal, Prof. (Rtd.), Thanjavur

37. Dr. Gunasekaran, Prof & HoD, AVC College, Mayiladuthurai

38. Dr. Sathiamurthy, Prof. Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai

39. Dr. R. Kothandaraman, CICT, Chennai

40. Dr. S.V. Shanmugam, Prof. (Rtd.), Annamalai University

41. Prof. S. Sachithanandam, Centre for Higher Studies, Paris

42. Dr. H. Chithiraputhiran, Prof. (Rtd.), Tamil University, Thanjavur

43. Prof. Pa. Aruli (Rtd.), Tamil University, Thanjavur

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

44. Dr.Venkatachalam, Prof. and Head, Dept of Sociology, Periyar University, Salem.

45. Dr.Vijaya Rangan, Asst.Professor, Dept. of Sociology, M.K.University, Madurai.

46. Dr. Palani Durai, Prof. and Head, centre for Youth Development and Student Affairs, Gandhigram University, Dindugal

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENTIFIC TAMIL AND TAMIL DEVELOPMENT

47. Dr.K.Annadurai, Professor (retd.), Department of Scientific Tamil And Tamil Development, Tamil University, Thanjavur.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND MANAGEMENT

48. Dr. S. Mohan, Former Dean, College Development Council, Alagappa University, Karaikudi.

DEPARTMENT OF LITERATURE

49. Dr. K.V. Balasubramaniyan, Visiting Professor, Thanjavur.
50. Dr. T. Eswarappillai, Visiting Professor, Thanjavur.
51. Dr. V. Gurunathan, Visiting Professor, Thanjavur.
52. Dr. S. Krishnamoorthy, Visiting Professor, Thanjavur.
53. Dr. PL. Muthuveerappan Visiting Professor, Chidambaram.
54. Dr. A. Alees, Visiting Professor, Trichy.
55. Dr. K. Raja, Visiting Professor, Trichy.
56. Dr. Laksharaman, Chennai
57. Dr.A. Manavalan, University of Madras
58. Dr. S.V. Subramaniyan, Tamilur, Tirunelveli
59. Dr. K. Thirumaran, Chennai
60. Dr.K. Kulathooran, Emeritus Professors, Thanjavur

DEPARTMENT OF LINGUISTICS

61. Dr.K.Rangan, Thanjavur.
62. Dr.Gnanasuntharam, retired deputy director, CIIL, Mysore

DEPARTMENT OF TRIBAL RESEARCH

63. Dr.N.Ramachandran, Associate Professor and Head of the Department of Folklore, St.Xavier's College, Palayamkottai, Thirunelveli-627 012.
64. Dr.D.Dharmaraj, Associate Professor and Head of the Department of Folklore, Madurai Kamaraj University, Madurai - 625 021.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN LANGUAGES & COMPARATIVE LITERATURE

65. Dr.S.V.Shanmugam, Annamalai University
66. Dr.K.Nachimuthu, Jawaharlal Nehru University
67. Dr.C.Sivashanmugam, Bharathiyar University
68. Dr.V.Jeya, Bharathiyar University
69. Dr.T.S.Giriprakash, Madurai Kamaraj University
70. Dr.Thamizhavan, Bangalore
71. Dr.R.Aravendan, Bharathidasan University
72. Dr.C.Ramasamy, University of Madras
73. Dr.Swetha Kanna, Banaras Hindu University
74. Dr.K.Rangan, Tamil University
75. Dr.Kuzhanthaivelu, Coimbatore
76. Dr.C.Sivashanmugam, Bharathiyar University, Coimbatore
77. Dr.Christiane Pilot, LACITO-CNRS, Paris

78. Dr.R.Dhanalakshmi, Nagapattinam
79. Dr.T.Sethupandian, Madurai Kamaraj University
80. Dr.C.Shanmugam, Bharathiyar University
81. Dr.RM.Gurunathan, Chennai
82. Dr.N.Deivasundaram, University of Madras
83. Dr.R.Kothandaraman, CICT
84. Dr.Christiane Pilot, LACITO-CNRS, Paris
85. Dr.RM.Sundaram, Tamil University
86. Dr.R.Mohan, Madurai Kamaraj University
87. Dr.R.Aravendan, Jawaharlal Nehru University

DEPARTMENT OF THE SIDDHA MEDICINE

88. Dr. Soranamariammal, Professor in Siddha Medicine (Rtd), Govt. Siddha Medical College, Palayamkkottai, Thirunelveli
89. Dr. Singaravelan, Professor in Micro biology, IICPT, Thanjavur
90. Dr. A. Saraswathy, Director, CCRAS, (CSDRI), Chennai
91. Dr. Kumaravelu, Sr. Scientist, IICPT, Thanjavur

DEPARTMENT OF ANCIENT SCIENCE

92. Dr. P. Nammalvar, M.Sc., Ph.D., F.Z.S.I., EAEB., EMBAI (Former Principal Scientist, ICAR, Govt. of India) Department of Media Science, Anna University, Chennai- 25

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL AND HERBAL SCIENCE

93. Dr. Poyyamozi, Professor, School of Ecology and Environmental Science, Pondicherry University, Pondicherry
94. Dr.A. Saraswathi, Director, CSMDRIA, Arumabakkam, Chennai-106
95. Dr.S.Muralidaran, SACON, Coimbatore
96. Dr. Chelam Balasundaram, Emeritus Professor, Bharatidasan University, Trichy

OTHERS

97. Arimalam S. Padmanabhan, Pondicherry
98. Dr. N. Mammadhu, Madurai
99. Dr.Paramu. Pushparattinam, Jaffna University, Sri Lanka
100. Dr. Murugaiyan, CNRS-UMR 7528 Paris
101. Dr.Archana Venkatesan, UG Davis University, America
102. Dr. Murugaiyan, EPHE-CNRS, Paris
103. Dr.K.R. Sankaran, Mayiladudurai
104. Dr.R. Lakshmanan, Mailam
105. Jonna Sivirko Kadika, ICCR, Poland.
106. Prof.I. Thiruvalluvan, Annamalai University

107. Dr.K. Srikumar, Nagarkoil
108. Prof. Cristiyen Pilat, France
109. Kavivendhar Vezhavendhan, Chennai
110. Dr.L. Ramamoorthy, CIIL, Mysore
111. Smt. Subashini Tremmel, Tamil Heritage Foundation, Germany
112. Dr. Tamizhavan, Bangalore
113. Prof. Sirppi Balasubramaniam, Pollachi
114. Dr.N. Muthumogan, Madurai.
115. Prof.K. Ramaswamy, Chennai.
116. Prof.E.Sundaramoorthy, (Ex-VC, Tamil University), Chennai.
117. Prof.S.V. Subramaniam, Tamilur, Thirunelveli
118. Prof. Kathir Mahadevan, (Ex-VC, Tamil University), Coimbatore
119. Tamilkkadal Nellai Kannan, Thirunelveli
120. Prof.T. Paramasivam, Thirunelveli
121. Prof T.S. Natarajan, Madurai.
122. Thiru Pirabhanzhan, Pondicherry.
123. Prof K. Panchangam, Pondicherry.
124. Thiru Bharathi Krishnakumar, Chennai.
125. Thiru Arivumathi, Chennai
126. Dr.Rama Srinivasan, Chennai
127. Justice Chandhuru, Chennai
128. Thiru K.S. Subramaniam, Translator, Chennai.
129. Thiru Puviyarasu, Coimbatore
130. Thiru Ponneelan, Kanniyakumari
131. Thiru Nanchinadhan, Coimbatore
132. Thiru Thennan Meimman, Thanjavur
133. Prof.R. Santhakumari, Tuticorin
134. Prof. Thirumaran, Trichy
135. Dr. A. Aalis, Bharathidasan University, Trichy.
136. Prof. P.Madhivanan, Bharathidasan University, Trichy.
137. Prof. Chellapperumal, Pondicherry.
138. Dr.A. Dhananjeyan, Palayamkottai, Thirunelveli.
139. Dr.R. Nagaswamy, Chennai.
140. Kuventalin Gelli, Wisconsin University, America
141. Dr. Murugaiyan, Universite de haute Etude, France

142. Umadevi Naidu Alagiri, Institute of Mahatma Gandhi, Mauritius
143. Dr.Y. Sridhar Reddy, CIIL, Mysore.
144. Thiru D. Ravikumar, Chennai
145. Prof A.A.Manavalan, Chennai.
146. Dr.P. Veerappan, Institute of National Educational Research, Mysore.
147. Dr.A.P.M. Ashraf, Southeast University, Srilanka
148. Dr. Natarajapillai, CIIL, Mysore.
149. Dr.T.N. Ramachandran, Thanjavur.
150. ThiruV.S.Ramalingam, Thanjavur.
151. Perumpulaval R. Ilankumaran, Allur, Trichy.
152. Dr.Suvedha Kanna, Hindu University, Varanasi
153. Dr.R. Aravendhan, Delhi University, New Delhi.
154. Dr.Piramila Gurusurthy, Madras University, Chennai.
155. Dr.S.A.K. Dhurga, Madras University, Chennai.
156. K.R. Sithalakshmi, Queen Mary's College, Chennai.
157. Dr. Raguraman, Jain College, Chennai.
158. Dr.Lakshmi podhuval, Satguru Sangeethavidyalaya, Madurai.
159. Dr.N.M.V. Navarettinam, Jaffna University, Srilanka.
160. Dr.Dhasarsanan, Jaffna University, Srilanka.
161. Dr.Meera Villavarayar, Srilanka.
162. Dr. Annithomas, CICT, Chennai.
163. Dr.S. Sivagami, IITS, Chennai.
164. Dr.T. Maghalaksmi, IITS, Chennai.
165. Dr.A. Sivaperuman, Annamalai University, Chidambaram.
166. Dr. Kumaran, Malaysiya University, Malaysiya
167. Dr.Sivapalan, Malasiya University, Malaysia .
168. Mr. Rajendran, Writer, Malaysiya.
169. Dr. P.Padmbhanabha Pillai, Kerala University, Thiruvananthapuram
170. Dr.Nilakandha Pillai, Hindu College, Thirunelveli
171. Dr.Gumaragubhara Swamigal, Gowmara Mutt, Coimbatore.
172. Dr.Kundrakkudi Adigal, Kundrakkudi.
173. Dr.Y.Subbaryalu, Pondicherry.
174. Dr.N. Rajendran, Bharathidhasan University, Trichy.
175. Dr.Ramaswamy, MK University, Madurai.
176. Dr.Pirai Arivalagan, Thiru.V.Ka. Arts College, Thiruvarur.

177. Dr. Moghan, Annamalai University, Chidambaram.
178. Dr.V. Manonmani, Perur, Coimbatore.
179. Dr. Govindarasan, Annamalai University, Chidambaram.
180. Dr.S. Rajagopal, Chennai
181. Dr.S. Santhalingam, Madurai.
182. Dr.A. Ekambharanathan, Chennai.
183. Dr.N.Deivasundaram, Madras University, Chennai.
184. Dr.I. Singaram, MK University, Madurai.
185. Dr. Kokilavani, Alagappa University, Karaikkudi.
186. Dr.A. Arivunambi, Pondicherry University, Pondicherry.
187. Dr. Elamathi Janakiraman, Pondicherry University, Pondicherry.
188. Dr. Radha Chellappan, Bharathidhasan University, Trichy.
189. Dr.A. Karunanithi, Trichy.
190. Thiru Ganapathy Sthapathy, Chennai.
191. Dr. Pon. Kothandaraman, Chennai.
192. Dr.K. Rajan, Pondicherry University, Pondicherry.
193. Dr.A. Ekambaranathan, Madras University, Chennai.
194. Dr. Kokila Thangaswamy, Dindukal.
195. Dr. Krishnarasu, Alagappa University, Karaikkudi.
196. Dr. Balasubramanian, Bharathiyar University, Coimbatore.
197. Dr. Krishnakumar, Annamalai University, Chidambaram.
198. Dr. Pazha. Muthuveerappan, Annamalai University, Chidambaram.
199. Dr.V. Arasu, Madras University, Chennai.
200. Dr. Chakka Parthasarathy, Former Director, Govt. of Tamilnadu, Ooty.
201. Prof. V. Subramaniam, Andhra University, Vizag.
202. Dr.C. Sailappa Pathami, Director, Sittanga Medicinal College, Thumkooor.
203. Dr.Nammalvar Rasan, Chennai.
204. Dr. Yogamoorthy, Pondicherry University, Pondicherry.
205. Dr. R. Santhakumari, A.B.C. Mahalaksmi College, Tuticorin.
206. Dr.M. Gunasekaran, Mamallapuram.
207. Dr.P.B. Gopalakrishnan, MK University, Madurai.
208. Dr.Rama. Kousalya (Rtd), Principal, Govt. Music College, Thiruvaiyaru.
209. Dr. Kalaimamani P.M. Sundaram, Muthiyalpettai, Pondicherry.
210. Dr.M.V. Pasupathy, Chennai.
211. Dr. Venkat Ragothaman, Pondicherry University, Pondicherry.

212. Dr.K. Ezhil Adirai, A.M. Women's College, Nagapattinam.
213. Dr.K. Ambedkar, Dravida University, Kuppam, A.P.
214. Dr.C.M. Ravichandran, Bharathiyar University, Coimbatore.
215. Dr.S. Bhakthavatchala Bharathy, PILC, Pondicherry.
216. Dr.A. Dhananjeyan, St.Xaviar College, Thirunelveli.
217. Prof. Romanis, University of Tor Vergata, Italy.
218. Prof. P. Pushparatnam, University of Jaffna, Srilanka.
219. Prof.V. Maheswaran, University of Paradeniya, Srilanka.
220. Prof. Rajan Gurukkal, VC., MG University, Kottayam, Kerala.
221. Prof. Kesavan Veluthat, Mangalore University, Mangalore.
222. Prof. Peradharikko, Epigraphy Expert, Tor Vergata University, Rome.
223. Kavivendhar K. Velavendhan, Chennai.
224. Dr.L. Ramamoorthy, CIIL, Mysore.
225. Dr.O.Muthaiya, Gandhigram Rural University, Gandhigramam.
226. Dr.L.Thiyagarajan, Principal, Govt. Arts College, Ariyalur.
227. Umadevi Naidu Alagiri, Institute of Mahatma Gandhi, Mauritius
228. Dr.Suvetha Kanna, Dept. of English, Hindu University, Varanasi.
229. Prof. Christian Pilat, Volfwogan Foundation, Germany
230. Prof.S.M. Ramasami, Former VC, Gandhigram Rural University
231. Dr. S.R. Ramanan, Director,IMD, Chennai
232. Prof.S. Anbalagan, Head. Dept.of Geology, Periyar University, Salem
233. Prof. Dr. S. P. Mohan, Head. Dept. of Geology, University of Madras
234. Prof. Dr. C.J. Kumanan, Emeritus Professor, Bharathidasan University, Trichy.

ANNEXURE VII**Ongoing Projects and Funds Received****(Funded by National/International Agency)****Department of Sculpture**

Sl. No	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
1	Dr.E.Angayarkanni, Dr. R.Madhavi & Dr. S.Karpagam	Tamil University Self funding	Silapathigarathil Kalaichorkal	On going	0.050
2	Dr.R.Madhavi	Tamil University Self funding	Nattuva thalas and Jathi solkattugal	On going	0.050
3	Dr. S.Karpagam	CIIL	Sanga Ilakkiyangalil Adal Thirangal	On going	2.500
Total in lakhs					2.600

Department of Drama

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
4	Dr. P.Govindasamy	UGC	Documentation of Tamil Theatre Artists in Tamil Nadu	On going	7.460

Department of Palm-leaf Manuscripts

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
5	Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Palm-leaf Manuscripts - Collection, Catalogue and Digitization & Catalogue of Tamil University Tamil Manuscripts	On going	5.15
6	Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Digitization of Palm-leaf Manuscripts	On going	2.00
Total in lakhs					7.15

Department of Rare-paper Manuscripts

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
7	Dr. C.Lakshmanan	Central Institute of Classical Tamil	Classical Literature as found in the Paper Manuscripts	On going	2.500
8	Dr. D.Kalasridhar	Tamil Nadu Govt.	Conservation and documentation of Tamil Manuscripts	On going	2.000

9.	Dr.D.Kalasidhar / Dr.N.Athiyaman	Rastriya Marathi Vikas Sansatha, Mumbai	Digitization of Modi Manuscripts 2013-2018	On going	133.00
Total in lakhs					137.500

Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
10	Dr. P. Jayakumar	Archaeological Survey of India, New Delhi	Documentation of Antiquities	On going	6.17
11	Dr. P. Jayakumar	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	Thenkallaga Naattin Thonmaiym Cirappum(The Antiquity and the Importance of Thenkallaga Nadu	Ongoing	1.54
12	Dr.V.Selvakumar	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	Trade Routes of Tamil Nadu	On going	1.150
13	Dr. A.Tulasendran	ICHR	Irrigation and Land use Pattern in the Kaveri Delta C 9 th -16 th Century	On going	0.750
Total in lakhs					9.61

Department of Maritime History & Marine Archaeology

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
14	Dr. N.Athiyaman	CICT, Chennai	Sangam Age Coastal Settlements & Ports: An Exploratory survey from Kanyakumari to Rameshwaram	On going	2.5
15	Dr. S.Rajavelu	CICT, Chennai	Sangam Age Coastal Settlements & Ports: An Exploratory survey from Rameshwaram to Pumpuhar	On going	2.5
16	Dr. N.Athiyaman	Govt. Of Tamil Nadu	Revisiting Foreign Notices of South India up to Pallava Period	On going	1.75
17	Dr. S.Rajavelu	Govt. Of Tamil Nadu	Revisiting Foreign Notices of South India From Chola period to Vijayanagara Period	On going	2.40
Total in lakhs					9.15

Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
18	Dr.S.Udayasurian	UGC-Major Project	Feminism in Malaysian modern Tamil Poetry	On going	8.346

Department of Translation

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
19	Dr. R.S. Murugan	Tamil University Self Funding	Tirukkural mozhipeyarppu nurkalum mozhipeyarpalargalum (Translations and Translators of <i>Tirukkural</i>)	On going	0.050
20	S.M.Perumal	Tamil University Self Funding	Kaaveri nathineer oppanthamum Nadaimurai cikkalgalum, Samuga Porulaathaara Vilaivugalum	On going	0.050
Total in lakhs					0.100

Department of Social Sciences

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
21	Dr.C.Subramanian	Tamil University	Women participation in Gramsaba	On going	0.100
22	Dr.M.Mathiazhagan	Tamil University	Mahatma Gandhi Employment Guarantee Scheme	On going	0.100
Total in lakhs					0.200

Department of Scientific Tamil and Tamil Development

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
23	Dr. T.Dheiveegan, Dr.R.Kamalathiagarajan, Dr.R.Indhu	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Subjectwise Encyclopaedia	On going	4.540

Department of Literature

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
24	Dr. A. Ravichanthiran		Thanthai Periyarin Tamil Elakkiya Sinthanaikal	On going	1.45

Department of Linguistics

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
25	Dr.K.Visvanathan	MIT, IIT Hyderabad	IL-IL MI	2010-2015	2.000
26	Dr.K.Visvanathan	MIT, JNU	ILCI	2012-2015	46.000
27	Dr.K.Visvanathan	Language Division Kolkata	MTS India	2012-2017	50.000
28	Dr.K.Visvanathan	Tamil University	Historical Linguistics	2014	1.500
Total in lakhs					99.5

School of Philosophy

29	Dr.M.Devakumar	Tamil Nadu Govt. HR&CE	Philosophical Contribution - in Tamil Society(in Tamil)	On going	1.200
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Department of Siddha Medicine

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
30	Dr.V.HazeenaBegum	Government of Tamil Nadu	Functional food for ageing woman - A scientific study	On going	3.85
31	Dr.P.Bharathajothi	Government of Tamil Nadu	Anti microbial studies on medicinal plants for white discharge	On going	3.70
32	Dr. V.Elango	Government of Tamil Nadu	Renal protective activity of few Siddha drugs	On going	3.55
Total in lakhs					11.1

Department of Industries & Earth Sciences

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
33	Dr.R.Baskaran	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	A study on the Infrastructure and Establishment at Risk in the Coastal Regions of Northern Tamil Nadu	On going	2.500
34	Dr.R.Neelakantan	UGC	Landslide hazard zonation mapping in Coonur, Kothagiri taluk, using geo-spacing technology	On going	9.000
Total in lakhs					11.5

Department of Computer Science

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
35	Baskaran.S		Digitized Ph.D Dissertations submitted to Tamil University. They are published in www.inflibnet.ac.in	On going	5.6000
36	Baskaran.S		Rare Books Digitization Project.	On going	5.00
37	Baskaran.S	Department of Information Technology, Government of India	Dravidian WordNet	On going	30.74
Total in lakhs					41.34

Department of Environmental and Herbal Science

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
38	Dr. CSivasubramanian	CICT	Birds as gleaned from the Classical Literature	On going	2.000

ANNEXURE VIII**Completed Projects and Funds Received****(Funded by National/International Agency)****1. Department of Sculpture**

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
1	Dr. K.Kandan	Tamil University	Tamilaga Cirppakalai varalarum paarvaigalum (History of Sculptures of Tamilnadu and Perspectives)	2009	0.10
2	Dr K. Kandan	Tamil University	Sculptures of Gopuras-Chola and Pandya period.	2010	1.10
3	Dr. K.Kandan	Tamil University	Sapthasthaanangal-Art of Aditiya chola I	2011	0.10
4	Dr V. Latha	Tamil University	Pudukkottai vatta penn deiva padimangal-oor aayvu (Female deities of Pudukkottai Taluk-A study)	2009	0.10
5	Dr V. Latha	Tamil University	Thanjai periyakoil sirppangalil penniyam (Feminism in the Sculptures of Thanjavur Big temple)	2010	0.06
6	Dr V. Latha	Tamil University	Bhairava Cult and iconography(Bhairavar sirppangalum vazhipaadum)	2011	2.13
Total in lakhs					3.59 lakhs

2. Department of Music

Sl. No	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
7	Dr.E.Angayarkanni	South Zone Cultural Centre, Thanjavur	Documentation of Tamil Music Compositions in Audio CDs	2007	1.000
8	Dr.E.Angayarkanni, R.Madhavi & S.Karpagam	Tamil University Self funding	Isai Tamil Perarignargal-II	2008	0.050
9	Dr.E.Angayarkanni, R.Madhavi & S.Karpagam	Tamil University Self funding	Isai Tamil Perarignargal-III	2011	0.050

10	Dr.E.Angayarkanni	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Arunagirinathar Iyatriya Aaru Padai Veedu Thiruppugazh Padalgalin Chanthamum Thalamum Oru Aaivu	2014	2.150
11	Dr.R.Madhavi	Tamil Nadu Govt.	Nattiya adaivugalin solkattugal	2014	1.950
12	Dr. S.Karpagam	Tamil University Self funding	AlayaValipattil Kavuthuvam	2008	0.050
13	Dr.E.Angayarkanni, R.Madhavi & S.Karpagam	Tamil University Self funding	Musical Encyclopaedia	2009	0.050
14	Dr. S.Karpagam	UGC	Natya Arankisai Vadivam- Pada Varnam	2012	1.000
15	Dr. S.Karpagam	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Natya Nataka Valarchiyil Tanjaiyin Pangalippu	2014	1.650
Total in lakhs					7.95 lakhs

3. Department of Drama

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
16	Dr.M.Ramaswamy	UGC	Tamizhil Nataka kalaisol akaraathi	2008-09	4.959
17	Dr. K.Ravindran	Tamil University	Kalaingar Nataka Sol Oviyam	2010	0.050
18	Dr. K.Ravindran	Tamil Nadu Govt.	Tamil Nataka Marabhu - Kuttu Matrum Nattuppura Kalai Vadivangal Pathivum Matrum Avanapaduthuthal	2014	7.600
19	Dr. P.Govindasamy	Tamil University Self funding	Davathiru Sangaradas Swamigalin Valli Thirumanam Nataka Nigalthuppanuval	2009	0.050
20	Dr. P.Govindasamy	Tamil University Self funding	Davathiru Sangaradas Swamigalin Bhaktha Pragalatha Pathivum Pathippum	2010	0.050
21	Dr. P.Govindasamy	Tamil University Self funding	Muvarasar Natakam (or) Muvarasar Nataka Vasippu	2010	0.050
Total in lakhs					11.659

4. Department of Palm-leaf Manuscripts

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
22	Dr.MK.Kovaimani	Tamil University Self funding	Descriptive Catalogue of Tamil Palm- leaf Manuscripts, vol.9	2007	0.050
23	Dr.MK.Kovaimani	Tamil University	Catalogue of Tamil University Palm-leaf Manuscripts Vol .10	2008	0.050
24	Dr.VRMadhavan	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Agatiyar Gunavagadam	2009	1.000
25	Dr.VRMadhavan	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Agatiyar Vaitiyam 108	2009	1.000
26	Dr.VRMadhavan	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Agatiyar Vaitiyam 300	2009	1.000
27	Dr.VRMadhavan	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Agatiyar Sarakkucutti 150	2009	1.000
28	Dr.VRMadhavan	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Agatiyar Vaitiyam 205	2009	1.000
29	Dr.MK.Kovaimani	Self funding	Descriptive Catalogue of Tamil Palm-leaf Manuscripts, vol.10	2010	0.050
30	Dr.T.Kalasridhar	Tamil University	Manai Nuul (Mss. Edition)	2010	0.050
31	Dr.MK. Kovaimani	Self funding	Descriptive Catalogue of Tamil Palm- leaf Manuscripts, Vol.11	2011	0.050
32	Dr.MK. Kovaimani	Tamil University	Descriptive Catalogue of Tamil Palm- leaf Manuscripts, Vol.12	2011	0.050
33	Dr.VRMadhavan	Self funding	Tirikadugam - Muulamum Pazhaiya Uraiyum (Mss. Edition)	2011	0.050
34	Dr.VRMadhavan	Tamil University	Aasara-k-kovai - Muulamum Pazhaiya Uraiyum (Mss. Edition)	2011	0.050
35	Dr.VRMadhavan	Self funding	Inna Narppadu - Muulamum Pazhaiya Uraiyum (Mss. Edition)	2011	0.050
36	Dr.VRMadhavan	Tamil University	Iniyavai Narppadu - Muulamum Pazhaiya Uraiyum (Mss. Edition)	2011	0.050
37	Dr.VRMadhavan	Self funding	Kar Narppadu - Muulamum Pazhaiya Uraiyum (Mss. Edition)	2011	0.050
38	Dr.VRMadhavan	Tamil University	Kalavazhi Narppadu - Muulamum Pazhaiya Uraiyum (Mss. Edition)	2011	0.050

39	Dr.V.R.Madhavan	Self funding	Agattiyar Vaitiya Rattina Churukkam 360 (Mss. Edition)	2011	0.050
40	Dr.M.K.Kovaimani	Tamil University	Kadaippadalgal Muundru	2011	0.050
41	Dr.T.Kalasridhar	Self funding	Thanjavur Dist. Palm-leaf Documents	2011	0.050
42	Dr.M.K. Kovaimani	Tamil University	Appachimar Kaviyam - Chuvadi pathippu	2012	0.050
43	Dr.V.R.Madhavan	Self funding	Vaidiya Agarathi (Mss Edition)	2012	0.050
44	Dr.T.Kalasridhar	Tamil University	Kattavarayan Kadaippadal Varalaru	2012	0.050
Total in lakhs					5.90

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
45	Dr.V.R.Madhavan Dr.M.K.Kovaimani Dr.T.Kalasridhar	Govt of Tamil Nadu	Palm- leaf Manuscripts and Rare book collection catalogue digitization	2010	20.000

5. Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
46	Dr. P. Jayakumar	Archaeological Survey of India, New Delhi & Tamil University	Nagapattinam Excavation	2009	1.000
47	Dr.V.Selvakumar	Archaeological Survey of India	Explorations in The Lower Kaveri Valley	2008	0.100
48	Dr. V.Selvakumar	CICT, Chennai	Sangam Age Settlements of Kaviri Natu	2009	0.485
49	Dr. V.Selvakumar	UGC, New Delhi	Landscape Archaeology of the Palaeolithic and Mesolithic Cultures of Southern Tamil Nadu	2010	0.502
50	Dr. V.Selvakumar	ASI, New Delhi	Pillayarpati Excavations	2010	0.250
51	Dr. V.Selvakumar	ASI, New Delhi	Pillayarpati Excavations	2011	0.250
52	Dr. V.Selvakumar	Indian National Science Academy	Metrological Traditions of South India	2011	7.500
53	Dr. V.Selvakumar	Indian Council for Historical Research	Prehistory of Kaveri, Vellar and Agniyar Basin	2012	1.900
54	Dr. A.Tulasendran	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	Uzhukudikal in Chozha Mandalam	2014	2.050

55	Dr. M.Bavani	Tamil University, Self Funded	Kaalanthorum Kaasukal (300 B.CE - 2000 CE),	2012	0.050
56	Dr. M.Bavani	UGC	<i>Coinage of Tamil Nadu</i> (300 BCE - 1600CE),	2013	1.000
57	Dr. M.Bavani	Tamil Nadu Govt.	Brahmadeya Settlements in Chozha Mandalam, Thanjavur	2014	1.850
Total in lakhs					16.937

b) International funding - 1

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
58	Dr. K.Rajan & Dr. N.Athiyaman	Ford Foundation of India	Historical Atlas of South India (The Project has documented the archaeological sites on GIS platform. The Digital atlas is available online.) http://apps.ifpindia.org/hatlas/data/index.html	2008	18.00

6. Department of Maritime History & Marine Archaeology

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
59	Dr. S.Rajavelu	ICHR	Inscriptions of the Vijayanagara Rulers Project with Prof.Y.Subbarayalu (Vol I published in 2014) Volume 2 in progress)	2009	8.000*

* - Grant External

7. Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
60	Dr. A.Karthikeyan	CIIL, Mysore	Comparison of Tamil Tirukkural and Prakrit Vajjalaggam)	2008	1.480
61	Dr.S. Udayasurian	Tamil University	Modern Tamil Poetry in Malaysia	2008	0.100
62	Dr.S. Udayasurian	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	Tamil Culture in Mauritius	2014	1.550
63	Dr. U.Prabhakaran	SSA - Govt. of Tamil Nadu	Text Book Analysis in Tamil at Primary Level	2009	0.650
64	Dr. U.Prabhakaran	NTS - CIIL - Mysore	Text Book Analysis in World vision	2010	0.750
65	Dr. U.Prabhakaran	NTS- CIIL - Mysore	Text Book Analysis in Teacher Education (Secondary Level)	2010	1.000

66	Dr.U.Prabhakaran	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	Malaysia Tamizharum Tamizhum	2014	1.500
67	Dr.D.Vetrichelvan	UGC	A Study of International Tamilology	2013	4.072
Total in lakhs					11.102

8. Department of Translation

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
68	Dr.R.S. Murugan	Tamil University Self Funding	Mozhipeyarppu Nigarankal	2010	0.050
69	Dr.R.S. Murugan	Govt. Of Tamil Nadu	Uodagangalum Kadan peyarppum (Media and loan translation)	2014	1.000
70	S.M.Prumal	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	Poruliyal paadanulgalil Tamil Mozhipeyarpathil erpadum chikkalgalum theervugalum	2014	0.750
Total in lakhs					1.800

9. Department of Lexicography

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
71	Dr.R.Thirunavukkarasu	Tamil University, Self Funding	Tamil orumozhi akarathi amaippu maatramum valarciyum	2010	0.050
72	Dr.M.Parvathi Ammal	Tamil University, Self Funding	Nokku Noolkal	2010	0.050
73	Dr.R.Thirunavukkarasu	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	Tharkala Tamil nalithazh akarathi	2014	2.500
74	Dr.M.Parvathi Ammal	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	Christian Kalaicol akarathi	2014	2.50
75	Dr.C.Neelayadhakshi	Govt	Editing Grater Tamil Lexicon, Vol. 8 & 9	2014	2.50
76	Dr.C.Semasundari	Govt	Porkollar valakattru Agarathi	2014	1.00
Total in lakhs					8.600

10. Department of Social Sciences

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
77	Dr.C.Subramanian	IIPA, New Delhi	A Study on Consumer Awareness Among Arts and Science College Students in Tamilnadu.	2008	3.83

78	Dr.C.Subramanian	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Functions and Economic Development of Self Help Groups in Tamilnadu.	2014	2.55
79	Dr.M.Mathiazhagan	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Socio economic condition of Women Entrepreneur in Thanjavur	2014	0.800
Total in lakhs					7.180

11. Department of Scientific Tamil and Tamil Development

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
80	Dr.R.Kamalathiagarajan	Tamil University- Self Funding	Thavaravial Kalaichorkal	2011	0.050
81	Dr.R.Kamala thiyagarajan	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Sangakala Kalaichorkal	2014	0.700
82	Dr.R.Kamala thiyagarajan	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Thaimozhiyil Thavarangal	2014	0.300
83	Dr. R.Indhu	UGC	Sangailakiyathil Poryiyal marrum Thozhilnutpam	2009	1.000
84	Dr.R.Indhu	Tamil University	Kappal Poryiyal Kalaichorkal	2010	0.050
85	Dr.R.Indhu	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Iyvagai Nilangalil Poryiyal Seithigal	2014	1.000
86	Dr. T.Deiveegan	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Tamil Ilakkia Ariviyal Kalaisol Kalanjia Agarathi	2014	1.000
Total in lakhs					4.100

12. Department of Education and Management

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
87	Dr.K.Chinnappan	Tamil University	Kalviyza Kalaisol Agarathi	2011	0.500
88	Dr.K.Chinnappan	DEC, New Delhi	Developing and Validating An E-content on Child Rights Education for Distance learners of Tamil University	2013	0.200
89	Dr.G.Pazhanivelu	DEC, New Delhi	Modular Package in Tamil Grammar	2012	0.190
90	Dr. G.Pazhanivelu	Tamil Nadu Govt., Chennai	Smart Classroom Technology	2014	1.400
91	Dr. R. Muthaiyan	DEC, New Delhi	Effectiveness of E-Content in Physics at Higher Secondary Level	2012	0.200

92	Dr. R. Muthaiyan	Tamil Nadu Govt., Chennai	A Study of the Hard Parts in Mathematics and the construction of e-Learning Package for it at High School Level	2014	2.000
93	Dr.K.Mohana sundaram, Dr.G.Pazhanivelu & Dr.P.Srinivasan	DEC, New Delhi	A study of the Emotional Education on certain selected variables among the Teacher Trainees at secondary level	2013	5.000
94	Dr. P.Srinivasan	DEC, New Delhi	Strategies for Disseminating course content through e-Resources for Distance mode learners	2011	0.200
95	Mr.K.Sundaram	DEC, New Delhi	Dictionary of Social Science Education	2012	0.200
96	R. Periasamy	DEC, New Delhi	Dictionary of Science Education	2012	0.200
Total in lakhs					10.09

13. Department of Literature

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
97	Dr.T.Eswara Pillai	Tamil University - self funding	Vallalarin Samudhaya Membattu Chinthanaigal	2008	0.050
98	Dr.K.Thilagavathi	Tamil Nadu Government	Pathinen Keelkanakku Porul Kalanchiyam	2014	1.450
99	Dr.R.Kamarasu	Tamil University - self funding	Alternate Magazines in Tamil	2011	0.050
100	Dr.R.Kamarasu	Tamil Nadu Government	Literary criticism through Tamil Magazines	2014	2.00
Total in lakhs					3.500

14. Department of Linguistics

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
101	Dr.S.Rajendran	UGC	Building Generating Lexicon From Machine Readable Dictionaries In Tamil	2009	6.290
102	Dr.S.Rajendran	Sponsored By Centre For Classical Tamil, CIIL, Mysore	Historical Linguistic Analysis of Tamil Verbal Bases	2007	2.810

103	Dr.S.Rajendran	UGC, New Delhi	Generating Lexicon From Machine Readable Dictionaries In Tamil. Major Research Project	2010	3.828
104	Dr.S.Rajendran	Ministry of Human Resources And Development, New Delhi	Creation of Machine Translation Tools And Resources For English To Dravidian Languages Pilot Study	2010	15.000
105	Dr.K.Visvanathan	Language Division Kolkata	MTS India	2010-12	1.700
106	Dr.S.Rajendran & Dr.K.Visvanathan	MIT JNU	ILCI	2009-11	21.000
107	Dr.S.Rajendran & Dr.K.Visvanathan	IIIT Hyd	Word-Net Creation of MT Tools And Resources For English To Dravidian Language Pilot Study Developing Dravidian Word Net Project Pilot Study	2008-10	17.000
108	Dr.S.Rajendran & Dr.K.Visvanathan	MIT	IL-ILMT	2008-12	52.600
Total in lakhs					120.228

15. Department of School of Philosophy

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
109	Dr. J.Rengaswami	UGC Major Project	A Translation of and a Commentary upon the Acaryahrdaya of Alakiya Manavala Perumal Nayanar with the Commentary of Manavalamamuni in to English.	2008	5.700
110	Dr. J.Rengaswami	Tamil Nadu Govt.	Natural Production as Expounded in Nalayira Divya Prabhandam	2014	1.400
111	Dr. G.P.Nallasivam	Tamil Nadu Govt.	Contribution of Philosophy for Social Harmony (in Tamil),	2014	1.200
Total in lakhs					8.300

Projects on Endowment

112	Dr.G.Lenin Project Assistant	Tamil Nadu Govt. HR&CE	The Path of Yoga and Janna through Saivism (in Tamil)	2010	1.200
113	Dr.G.Lenin Project Assistant	Tamil Nadu Govt. HR&CE -	The Practice of Yoga as in Thirumanthiram and Patanjali Yoga Sutra - a Comparative Study	2012	1.200
114	Dr.G.Lenin Project Assistant	Tamil Nadu Govt. HR&CE	Methods of Worship in Saiva Religion (in Tamil)	2014	1.200
115	Dr.R.Vijaya kumar	Tamil Nadu Govt.HR & CE	A Comparative Study of the Philosophy of Yoga in Vaisnavam and the Practice of Yoga in Vedathriyam. in Tamil.	2010	1.200
116	Dr.R.Vijaya kumar	Tamil Nadu Govt.HR & CE	The importance of Yoga Education for the Development of Human Resources.	2010	1.200
117	Dr.R.Vijaya kumar	Tamil Nadu Govt. HR&CE	Methods of Worship in Vaishnava Religion (in Tamil)	2012	1.200
118	Dr.M.Devakumar	Tamil Nadu Govt. HR&CE	Social Aspects in Vedas Period (in Tamil)	2010	1.200
Total in lakhs					8.400

16. Department of Folklore

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
119	Dr.A.Ramanathan	Tamil University and CICT	Pongal Thiruvizha Tamil Chevilkaiyangalum naatupura vazhakarugalum	2009	2.500
120	Dr.A.Ramanathan	Tamil University	Pongal Vizha Short time project	2011	0.050
121	Dr.K.Shanthi	UGC	Traditional Folk Performances	2008	1.000
122	Dr.K.Shanthi	Tamil University	Chidambaran keezha theru maariamman varalarum vazhipadum	2009	0.050
123	Dr.K.Shanthi	Tamil University	Modern theory in Folklore	2010	0.050
124	Dr. C.Sundaresan	Tamil University	Aiyandar Vazhipadu	2011	0.050
125	Dr. C.Sundaresan	Government of Tamilnadu	Vazhipattu marabil Samaya orumaipadu	2014	1.050

126	Dr.A.Shanmughom Pillai	Tamil University	Tamilar Vazhibattukalil Theemithi	2009	0.035
127	Dr.A.Shanmughom Pillai	Government of Tamilnadu	Nattuppura Vazhipattu Marabugalum Mattangalum	2014	1.050
Total in lakhs					5.835

17. Department of School of Indian Languages & Comparative Literature

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
128	Mrs. B.Pramila	Tamil University Endowment	Silappatikaarak katai (Written by R.P.Sethupillai) Telugu Translation	2009	0.096
129	Dr. Ch. Savithri	Tamil University	Aandhra Sabtacintaamani Tamil Translation	2010	0.050
130	Dr. R.Muralidharan	Volkswagen Foundation, Germany	Endangered Languages- Kurumba and Cholanayakkan	2014	3.500
131	Dr. R.Muralidharan	Tamil University - Self funding	Indian Languages and Literatures	2013	0.050
132	Dr. R.Muralidharan	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Introduction to Indian Languages	2014	1.500
133	Dr. Ch. Savithri	Tamil University - Self funding	History of Telugu Grammar	2014	0.050
134	Dr. Ch. Savithri	Tamil University - Self funding	Technical Terms of Telugu and Tamil Grammar	2014	0.050
135	Dr. Ch. Savithri	UGC	Trends of Tamil and Telugu Grammars	2014	12.717
Total in lakhs					18.013

International Collaboration

136	Dr. R.Muralidharan	Volkswagen Foundation, Germany	Endangered Languages- Kurumba and Cholanayakkan	2009-2014	3.500
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18. Department of Siddha Medicine

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
137	Dr.S.Prema	Tamil University	Medicinal Uses of Minerals	2008	0.050
138	Dr.V.HazeenaBegum	Tamil University	Comparative Studies on Ginseng and Withania Somnifera	2008	0.100
139	Dr.V.Elango	Tamil University	Medicinal Uses of Gold	2008	0.100

140	Dr.V.HazeenaBegum	Tamil University	Anti-aging potential for Ginger formula	2009	0.010
141	Dr.P.BharathaJothi	Tamil University	Clinical Studies on <i>Enicotenma axillarel</i>	2009	0.100
142	Dr.P.BharathaJothi	Saraswathi Mahal Library Thanjavur	Sattaimuni muppu 50 - Editing from Palm Leaf Manuscripts	2009	0.050
143	Dr.V.Elango	Tamil University	Kaayakalpa Drugs	2009	0.100
144	Dr.V.Elango	Tamil University	Medicinal uses of Abraharpam	2009	0.100
145	Dr.V.HazeenaBegum	Tamil University	Functional epigacy of Ginger formulae on liver and kidney	2010	0.200
146	Dr.P.BharathaJothi	Tamil University	Antimicrobial studies on medicinal plants for White discharge	2010	0.200
147	Dr.V.Elango	Tamil University	Anti-inflammatory studies on gold paspam	2010	0.200
148	Dr.V.Elango	Tamil University	Herbal therapy for Nicotine induced liver toxicity	2011	0.100
149	Dr.V.HazeenaBegum	Tamil University	Anti-aging studies of Ginger and Terminalia Chebula	2011	0.100
150	Dr.P.BharathaJothi	Tamil University	Medicinal Plants for Leucoderma	2011	0.100
Total in lakhs					1.510

19. Department of Ancient Science

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Year of completion	Grants in lakhs
151	Dr. S.Parimala	Tamil Nadu Government	Uyirina palvakaimai Ilakkaiya coolalum Ikkala coollum ariviyal oppeettavu : Bio-diversity as gleaned from literature and contemporary situations	2014	3.650
152	Dr. N.Nagarajan	Tamil Nadu Government	Marainthuvarum marabusar payirkal oor aaivu: Endangered traditional crops: A study	2014	2.550
Total in lakhs					6.200

20. Department of Industries & Earth Sciences

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
153	Dr.R.Baskaran	DST	Evolution of Tamirabarani Delta, Tamilnadu	2011	1.500
154	Dr.R.Baskaran	MoES	Atlas of Coastal Geomorphology of Tamilnadu	2008-11	5.000
155	Dr.R.Baskaran	INCOIS	Geochemistry of sediments between Karaikal and Nagapatinam, East Coast of Tamilnadu	2008-11	13.000
156	Dr.K.Sankar	UGC	Rain GIS Integrated Approach for Rainwater Harvesting Structures and Geo chemical model Identification using Remote sensing and GIS Techniques in the Vaippar River Basin, Tamil Nadu	2013	8.610
157	Dr.R.Neelakantan	DST	Geo matics based land slide Hazard Zonation Mapping and Management in Sevraray Hill Ranges, Salem Tamil Nadu	2007-08	6.000
158	Dr. K.Sankar	Govt of Tamil Nadu	RAIN GIS (Integrated Approach for Rain Water Harvesting Structures Geochemical Model Identification Using Remote Sensing and GIS Techniques in the Kadavur River Basin Tamil Nadu)	2014	1.800
159	Dr.R.Neelakantan	Govt of Tamil Nadu	Soil Conservation Measures Using Geospatial Information in Orathanadu Taluk, Thanjavur District	2014	2.200
Total in lakhs					38.11

21. Department of Computer Science

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
160	Baskaran.S	UGC	Upgradation of Computer Centre	2008	18 .000
161	Baskaran.S Member of the Scheme	Government of Tamil Nadu, Part II Scheme	Digitization of Palm-leafs	2010	20.000
162	Baskaran.S	Digital Library of India http://dil.iit.ac.in under Government of India (Direct Payment by the Govt.)	Digitization of rare books.	2010	10.000
163	Baskaran.S	Government of Tamil Nadu, Part II Scheme	Digitization of Tamil University Publications	2010	2.000
164	Baskaran.S & S. Visvanathan	Ministry of HRD, Govt of India	Indian Language Corpora Initiative [ILCI,Phase-II]	2013	16.39
165	Baskaran.S& Dr.Gunasekaran.A.	Government of Tamil Nadu	Establishment of ETD-Lab	2014	16.000
166	Baskaran.S	[in coordination with Tamil Virtual Academy, Chennai]	Development of Tamil Information Centre [Web Based]	2014	12.000
167	K.Ravikumar A.Senthil kumar	UGC		2010	0.800
168	K.Ravikumar A.Senthil kumar	Govt. of Tamilnadu	Computer Network Data using Tamil	2014	1.700
Total in lakhs					78.890

22. Department of Environmental and Herbal Science

Sl. No.	Name	Funding Agencies	Project Title	Status	Grants in lakhs
169	Dr. M. Jegadeesan	TNAU, Coimbatore	Jatropha Cultivation	2011	13.000
170	Dr. CSivasubramanian	Ministry of Environmental and forests	Impact of Agricultural pesticides on the population status and Breeding success of select species of fish - eating Birds	2009	28.45

171	K.K.Kavitha	U.G.C, New Delhi.	Studies on removal of mercury and cadmium through Phytoremediation	2010	1.000
172	Dr.CSivasubramanian	Dept. of Environment, Tamil Nadu Government.	Water quality Assessment of selected rivers in Tamil Nadu.	2011	10.00
173	Dr.M.Jegadeesan	Tamil Nadu Government	Writing on Book Tissue culture of medicinal Plants	2014	1.250
174	Dr.CSivasubramanian	Tamil Nadu Government	Wetlands and wetland birds in Tamil Nadu.	2014	2.30
175	Dr. K.K.Kavitha	Tamil Nadu Government.	Writing on Book Glossary -Environmental Science	2014	1.00
Total in lakhs					57.000

ANNEXURE IX**Details of Publications by the Faculty of Tamil University**

Sl.No.	Departments	Journal/ Papers	Monographs	Chapters In books	Edited Books	Books with ISBN	Web Articles	Citation Index
1	Sculpture	0	0	5	2	4	35	-
2	Music	8	0	73	1	8	13	-
3	Drama	14	0	10	1	17	0	-
4	Palm-leaf Manuscripts	2	0	41	8	19	8	-
5	Rare-paper Manuscripts	0	0	2	0	0	0	-
6	Epigraphy and Archaeology	42	0	52	10	3	220	-
7	Maritime History & Marine Archaeology	26	0	18	17	2	0	-
8	Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	2	0	41	8	18	0	-
9	Translation	0	1	66	5	0	0	-
10	Lexicography	0	0	28	9	15	0	-
11	Social Science	4	0	23	1	3	0	-
12	Scientific Tamil & Tamil Development	1	0	17	12	12	0	-
13	Education and Management	73	0	125	4	30	0	-
14	Literature	44	0	76	11	16	0	-
15	Linguistics	2	0	15	1	0	0	-
16	Philosophy	0	0	28	5	6	0	-
17	Tribal Research	4	0	0	0	2	0	-
18	Folklore	5	0	4	9	17	0	-
19	School of Indian Languages and Comparative Literature	10	2	46	13	5	0	-
20	Siddha Medicine	43	0	2	2	3	0	*
21	Ancient Science	2	0	2	3	1	0	
22	Industries and Earth Science	77	0	6	3	0	0	*
23	Architecture	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
24	Computer Science	28	0	0	0	2	0	-
25	Environmental and Herbal Science	38	0	11	0	3	0	*
	Total	425	3	691	125	186	276	-

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Department Name	Citation Index	Citation Range/Ave	Impact fact range/ave	i10 Index	h-index
Siddha Medicine	623	1-14	-	14	11
Industries & Earth Science	-	11/2.2	2.6/0.051	-	-
Environmental and Herbal Science	583	1-13	-	-	13

ANNEXURE X

Awards Received By The Faculty (2007-14)

Sl NO.	Name of the Faculty	Department	Name of the Award	Award Instituted By	Year
1.	Dr K. Kandan	Department of Sculpture	Award and A Citation from the Pontiff	Tiruvavadu turai Adheenam	2012
2.	Dr.E.Angayarkanni	Department of Music	Book Award - (Pannum Layamum)	SRM University	2013
3.	Dr.E.Angayarkanni	Department of Music	Title Award - (Perumpaana Nangai)	Naadukaan Kuzhu, Lalgudi	17.12.2012
4.	Dr. R.Madhavi	Department of Music	Ms.SubhuLakshmi Awards	Karaikudi	2008
5.	Dr. R.Madhavi	Department of Music	Iyal Isai Arasi	Maharajothi Music School, Trichy	2008
6.	Dr.R. Madhavi	Department of Music	Sevai Semmal	Cultural Academy, Chennai	2010
7.	Dr.R.Madhavi	Department of Music	Best Teacher Award	Lioness Club, Thanjavur	2007
8.	Dr.S.Karpagam	Department of Music	Natya Nangai	Kongani Tamil Poets Society, Goa.	2009
9.	Dr.S.Karpagam	Department of Music	Ovvai Award	Ovvai Kttam, thiruvaiyaru,	2013
10.	Dr.S.Karpagam	Department of Music	Tamil Isai Aayvalar	Thiru mangalam	2013
11.	Dr.M.Ramaswamy	Department of Drama	Nija Naataka Iyakka Award	St. Joseph College, Trichy	2007
12.	Dr.M.Ramaswamy	Department of Drama	Cinthanaiyaalar Award	Cinthanaiyaalar Mandram, Cuddalore	2007
13.	Dr. M.Ramaswamy	Department of Drama	Kalai Mamani	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	2009
14.	Dr. K. Ravindran	Department of Drama	Tamilvel Award	Mannachanallur Trichy Drama Group	2013
15.	Dr. M. Bavani	Department of Epigraphy & Archaeology	Presidential Award for Young Scholars	Government of TamilNadu	6.5.2010
16.	Dr.N.Athiyaman	Maritime History & Marine Archaeology	Best Researcher Award	Rajamanickanar Historical Research Centre, Trichy	2011

17.	Dr.S.Rajavelu	Maritime History & Marine Archaeology	Naa.Vaanamaamal ai memorial award for best researched book	Tamil Nadu Art and Literary Society	2010
18.	Dr. U.Prabakaran	Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	Best Author Award, for the book Educational Thoughts of Periyar E.V.R.	Govt. of Tamil Nadu	2007
19.	Dr. U.Prabakaran	Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	Best Thinker Award	By Tamil Nadu Teachers Education Research Forum	2009
20.	Dr. U.Prabakaran	Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	Best Teacher	Tamil Nadu Teachers Education Research Forum	2010
21.	Dr.R.S.Murugan	Department of Translation	Kalvi Vazhikaatti Award	Kalvi vazhikaatti Mayyam, Villupuram	2012
22.	Dr.R.S.Murugan	Department of Translation	Theiva thamizh sudar award	All India Tamilayyar Kalvikalagam, Thiruvaiyaru	2013
23.	Dr.M.ParvathiAmmal	Department of Lexicography	Semmozhi Semmal	Kaviyarasu Kannadasan Peravai	2012
24.	Dr. K. Chinnappan	Department of Education and Management	Higher Education Award	St.Joseph's College, Trichy, Tamil Nadu	2012
25.	Dr.G. Pazhanivelu	Department of Education and Management	Best Book Award for Senthamil Karpikum Muraikal	India Palkalai kkazhaga Tamilasiriyar Mantram	2010
26.	Mr. K. Sundaram	Department of Education and Management	Kalviyal Kavingar	Thannam bikkai Thanippayirchi Kalluri, Thiruvaiyaru, Tamil Nadu	2010
27.	Dr.K. Thilagavathi	Department of Literature	Tamil maamani	Tamil Thaaai Arakattalai, Thanjavur	2010
28.	Dr.K. Thilagavathi	Department of Literature	Iyatramil Vaani	Ulaga Tamil Panpattu Sangam	2011

29.	Dr.K. Thilagavathi	Department of Literature	Tamil Santroor	Theivanai Kalai Mantram, Chennai	2014
30.	Dr.K. Thilagavathi	Department of Literature	Iyan Thiruvalluvar Viruthu	Chennai	2014
31.	Dr.K. Thilagavathi	Department of Literature	Best women Development State award	Courtrallam	2014
32.	Dr.K. Thilagavathi	Department of Literature	Dr.Radhakrishnan Best Teacher National Award	Mumbai	2014
33.	Dr.K. Thilagavathi	Department of Literature	Sanga Tamil Arasi	Tiruchirapalli	2014
34.	Dr.R. Kamarasu	Department of Literature	1st prize for the research book on Prof.Na.Vaanamaa malai Aaraychi thadam	Indian Universities Tamil Teachers Mandram	2008
35.	Dr.R. Kamarasu	Department of Literature	Best Writer award	Neyveli book fair, Neyveli	2010
36.	Dr.R. Kamarasu	Department of Literature	Best Book Writer	NCBH, Diamond Jubilee year	2011
37.	Dr J.Rengaswami	Department of Philosophy	D.litt.degree is awarded	University of Madras	2012
38.	Dr G.P.Nallasivam	Department of Philosophy	Kural Neri Chelvar	World Thrukkural Association	2013
39.	Dr.Ch.Savithri	School of Indian Languages & Comparative Literature	Akshara Abhishekam For Tolkaappiyam Telugu Translation	Telangana Telugu Bhaasha Samrakshana Sangam, Karim Nagar, Andhra Pradesh	2012
40.	Dr.Ch.Savithri	School of Indian Languages & Comparative Literature	Sahiti Vallabha, Certificate of Honor	Rajah's College, Thiruvaiyaru, Thanjavur	2012
41.	Dr.S.Baskaran	Department of Computer Science	Expert in Tamil Computing Award	Scientific Fourm. St. Joseph's College, Trichy	2009
42.	Dr.S.Baskaran	Department of Computer Science	Best Author Award	Government of Tamil Nadu	2010
43.	Dr.V.Hazeena Begum	Department of Siddha Medicine	Best Paper award for the paper entitled Pre biotic efficiency of herbal	Serfoji Govt Arts College, Thanjavur	2012

			extracts on the growth of pro biotic organism L, National seminar on Nutrition, UGC		
44.	Dr.V.Elango	Department of the Siddha Medicine	Best paper award <i>Efficacy of Siddha herbal drugs in Cigarette smoking induced hepatotoxicity in rats. 3rdInternational conference and exhibition on Pharmaceutics and Novel Drug delivery system</i>	Omics Group, Chicago, USA	08-04-2013
45.	Dr.G.Deivanayagam	Department of Architecture	Best Citizen of India	New Delhi	19.02.2008
46.	Dr.G.Deivanayagam	Department of Architecture	Architectural Award	INTACH, HUDA, Hyderabad	18.04.2008

Awards/ Fellowships received by the Students

Doctoral/Post doctoral Fellows

Sl. No.	Name of the Student	Name of the Fellowship/ Award	No of Students
Department of Epigraphy & Archaeology			
1	Ms.Vetriselvi	UGC JRF	1
2	Mrs.Jaseera	UGC JRF	1
3	Ms. Devishree	ICHR Doctoral Fellowship	1
4	Ms.Nirmala	RGNF (Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship)	1
5	Mr.Senthil	RGNF	1
6	Mr. Ramji	RGNF	1
7	Mr. Vinothkumar	RGNF	1
8	Mr.Rathimenaka	RGNF	1
9	Mr. Anandakumar	RGNF	1
10	Ms. Sugumari	RGNF	1
Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries			
11		JRF	1
12		RGNF	3
Department of Scientific Tamil			
13		Semmozhi (CICT) Fellowship 1. M.Sathiskumar 2. L. Saravanan 3.P. Jenifa Rani	3

14		UGC JRF 1. Bhimarao Ramji 2. Uma 3. Pugalendi	3
15		RGNF 1. M. Kavitha 2. Kavitha 3. Tamilselvi	3
Department of Literature			
16	K. Priyanka	Vanchiyar Kandam - Drama (Kannagi) - 2013 Elangathir- Davil, (South Zone cultural Center)-2013 Ovarall Award (Elangathir).	1
17	S. Sathiyajothi	1. District Level Sports and Cultural Meet, Long Jump and Shot-Put - First. 2. Running Second in Tamil Nadu Teachers Education University, Chennai -2013-2014.	2
18	M. Kalpana	1. Nilagiri District Level Tamil Development, Tamil Speech Competition, First 2014 2. District Level Environmental Speech Competition in Nilgri District, Second Prize 3. Nilgiri District District Level Sports, Running, First. Nilgri District 4. Shot-put - Second, Running - First 2013-2014. Nilgri District	1
19	P. Vinoth	1. Athletics District Level. Kapadi District Level. 2. Silambam State Level Gold Medalist. 3. Amateur Kabadi kazhaga State Mediator. 4. Indian Silambatta Federation State and District coach.	
School of Indian Languages & Comparative Literature			
20		Ph.D. Scholars Mr.Sathpathi and Ms.Tamilselvi (Award for Paper Presentation)	2
Department of Environmental and Herbal Science			
21		RGNF (2011 -2013)	2

ANNEXURE XI**List of Endowments in Tamil University**

Department of Music	
1	Tamilnadu Chief Minister Music Competition Endowment
2	Bharathi Sangeetha Vidhyalaya Kallukulli, Trichy Endowment
3	Abraham Pandithar Memorial Endowment
4	Abraham Pandithar Memorial Music Competition Endowment
5	Protection of Tamil Music Endowment
6	South Africa Rengasami Pillai Prize Endowment
7	South Africa Rengasami Pillai Endowment on Lecture
Department of Drama	
8	Perumallar Thiru Ma.Arunachalam Pazhaniyee Endowment
9	Melattur Gnanambal Swaminathan Tamil Drama Endowment
Department of Palm-Leaf Manuscripts	
10	Thanjavur SNM Ubayadullah Endowment
11	Kasi Kumara Gurubarar Memorial Endowment
Department of Rare-paper Manuscripts	
12	Tmt Vasumathi Bharathi and Dr Navalar Somasundara Bharathi Endowment
Department of Epigraphy and Archaeology	
13	Thiru A.V.Meyappar Thiru Ma.Po.Sivagnanam and Thiru N.T.Sundara Vadivelu Endowment
14	Professor A.Subbarayalu Professor S.Raju Endowment
Department of Maritime History and Marine Archaeology	
15	Professor A.Subbarayalu Professor S.Raju Endowment
Department of Tamil Studies in Foreign Countries	
16	Dr. Ambedkar Endowment
Department of Lexicography	
17	Dr. S. Meyyappan Endowment
18	Prof. Sundara Shanmuganar Endowment
Department of Translation	
19	Pavendar Bharathidasan Centenary Chair
Department of Scientific Tamil	
20	Dr. C. Yesudasan Endowment
21	Annapoorani Ramanathan Memorial Scientific Tamil Endowment
22	Bharat Ratna C. Subramaniam Endowment
Department of Literature	
23	Annai Anjugam Thanthai Muthuvelar Memorial Endowment
24	Mahakavi Bharathiar Endowment
25	Ci.Pa. Adithanar Endowment
26	Hajiya Hazeena Nainar Endowment
27	Avvai Tamil Endowment
28	Dr. Major Kadhiar Mahadevan Comparative Literature Endowment
29	Dr. M. Natarajan Endowment
30	Diwan Bahadur M. Narayanasamy Pillai Endowment
31	Writer Jayakanthan Endowment
32	T.P. Meenakshi Sundaranar Endowment

33	Thanthai Periyar Endowment
34	Umarupulavar Endowment
35	Dr. Yushi Endowment
36	Mrs. Saroja Pandian Memorial Endowment
Department of Linguistics	
37	Dr. Justice Maharajan Memorial Endowment
38	Dr. V.I. Subramoniam Memorial Endowment
39	Dr. Krishnasami Rajammal Memorial Endowment
Department of Folklore	
40	Dr. S. Sakthivel Endowment
41	Prof. Dr. Ganapathi Iyer and Rajam Ganapathi Iyer Memorial Endowment - Books and Fellowship
Department of Philosophy	
42	Vedathri Maharishi Memorial Endowment- Philosophical Thoughts
43	Sekkizhar Adipodi Dr. T. N. Ramachandran Saiva Endowment
44	Saiva Samaya Endowment
45	Thirumuruga Kirubananda Vaariyar Endowment
46	Tiruvarutpa Prakasa Vallalar Chidambaram Ramalingam Endowment
47	Dr. K.P. Ratnam Endowment
48	Saravana Arumuga Mudaliar Endowment
49	Sethuraman Krishnasami Endowment
50	Kottur Rangasamy Endowment
51	Christian Chair
Department of Tribal Research	
52	C.R.V. Subban Memorial Endowment
Department of School of Indian Languages	
53	Tmt. Shenbagam Subbiah Memorial Endowment
54	Dr. A. Chidambaranatha Chettiar Memorial Endowment
55	Prof. Dr. S. Agesthalinganar Memorial Endowment
56	Dr. S.V. Shanmugam Endowment
Department of Siddha Medicine	
57	Mooligai Mani Kannappar Endowment
Department of Ancient Sciences	
58	Pathippaga Semmal Amaran K. Ganapathi Memorial Endowment
Department of Architecture	
59	Neelam Yagna Narayana Endowment
60	Mr. M. Bhakthavatsalam Endowment
61	Thanjai Big Temple Endowment
Department of Education and Management	
62	Alumni Employment and Seminar Endowment
Department of Library Science	
63	Perarignar Bhavananthar Memorial Endowment
In General	
64	Tholkaappiar Endowment
65	Panniru Thirumurai Rukmani Endowment
66	Saiva, Vainava, Veda Hindu Religious Endowment
67	Islamic Cultural Chair
68	Telugu Chair
69	Sarangapani (Mustafa Endowment)

70	Tholkappiar Chair (CICT)
71	R. Subbarayalu Management Endowment
72	Pulavar Pa. Gurusamy Education Endowment
73	U. Subramaniam Endowment
Fellowship	
74	Bharathiar Endowment
75	A.T. Panneerselvam Endowment
76	Prof. Dr. K. Thangamani Endowment
77	Alumni Association Endowment
78	Dr. V.C. Kulandaisami Educational Research Endowment
Publication Endowment	
79	Padmasri Dr. Sivanthi Adithan Memorial Endowment for Book Publication

ANNEXURE XII

Financial Statements of Tamil University

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2007-08

Heading	Initial Balance Rs.	Income Rs.	Total Rs.	Expenditure Rs.	Final Balance Rs.
Account No.1 (General fund, campus education, UGC, specific grants, Deposits & Advances, endowment, UGC projects)	20505820	200075514	220581334	172365622	48215712
Account No.2 (Provident Fund, Pension fund, SPF, GPF, Eighth WTC fund, TN Textbook society, DDE, B.Ed. college)	13578179	46116044	59694223	32784838	26909385
Total	34083999	246191558	280275557	205150460	75125097
Special Projects	1207310	2483098	3690408	3376909	313499
Total	35291309	248674656	283965965	208527369	75438596

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2008-09

Heading	Initial Balance Rs.	Income Rs.	Total Rs.	Expenditure Rs.	Final Balance Rs.
Account No.1 (General fund, campus education, UGC, specific grants, Deposits & Advances, endowment, UGC projects)	48215712	224388290	272604002	240303611	32300391
Account No.2 (Provident Fund, Pension fund, SPF, GPF, Eighth WTC fund, TN Textbook society, DDE, B.Ed. college)	26909385	83457077	110366462	82010303	28356159
Total	75125097	307845367	382970464	322313914	60658550
Special Projects	313499	1848444	2161943	2070905	91038
Total	75438596	309693811	385132407	32438419	60747588

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2009-10

Heading	Initial Balance Rs.	Income Rs.	Total Rs.	Expenditure Rs.	Final Balance Rs.
Account No.1 (General fund, campus education, UGC, specific grants, Deposits & Advances, endowment, UGC projects)	32300391	191530083	223830474	188335431	35495043
Account No.2 (Provident Fund, Pension fund, SPF, GPF, Eighth WTC fund, TN Textbook society, DDE, B.Ed. college)	28356159	88427282	116783441	84512925	32270516
Total	60656550	279957365	340613915	272848356	67765559

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2010-11

Heading	Initial Balance Rs.	Income Rs.	Total Rs.	Expenditure Rs.	Final Balance Rs.
Account No.1 (General fund, campus education, UGC, specific grants, Deposits & Advances, endowment, UGC projects)	35495043	408979487	444474530	351728468	92746062
Account No.2 (Provident Fund, Pension fund, SPF, GPF, Eighth WTC fund, TN Textbook society, DDE, B.Ed. college)	32270516	98969004	131239520	96842954	34396566
Total	67765559	507948491	575714050	448571422	127142628

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2011-12

Heading	Initial Balance Rs.	Income Rs.	Total Rs.	Expenditure Rs.	Final Balance Rs.
Account No.1 (General fund, campus education, UGC, specific grants, Deposits & Advances, endowment, UGC projects)	92746062	218002322	310748384	272849481	37898903
Account No.2 (Provident Fund, Pension fund, SPF, GPF, Eighth WTC fund, TN Textbook society, DDE, B.Ed. college)	31873197	101017727	132890924	106563798	26327126
Total	124619259	319020049	443639308	379413279	64226029

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2012-13

Heading	Initial Balance Rs.	Income Rs.	Total Rs.	Expenditure Rs.	Final Balance Rs.
Account No.1 (General fund, campus education, UGC, specific grants, Deposits & Advances, endowment, UGC projects)	37898903	343338548	381237451	301608564	79628887
Account No.2 (Provident Fund, Pension fund, SPF, GPF, Eighth WTC fund, TN Textbook society, DDE, B.Ed. college)	26327126	120758649	147085775	113542262	33543513
Total	64226029	464097197	528323226	415150826	113172400

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2013-14

Heading	Initial Balance Rs.	Income Rs.	Total Rs.	Expenditure Rs.	Final Balance Rs.
Account No.1 (General fund, campus education, UGC, specific grants, Deposits & Advances, endowment, UGC projects)	79628887	432863349	512492236	468609701	43882535
Account No.2 (Provident Fund, Pension fund, SPF, GPF, Eighth WTC fund, TN Textbook society, DDE, B.Ed. college)	33856727	178392318	211935831	163213090	48722741
Total	113485614	611255667	724428067	631822791	92605276

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TAMIL UNIVERSITY

Vagaiyur, Trichy Main Rd,

THANJAVUR - 613 010

Phone : 04362 227040

Fax : 04362 226159

www.tamiluniversity.ac.in